"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Local rains to-day; partly cloudy, colder to-morrow; moderate to brisk southwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,389. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1913.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

TAFT HITS WILSON PHILIPPINE POLICY

Says Harrison's Hasty Removals Are Fraught with Grave Danger.

SOBER THOUGHT NEEDED

Hopes the Administration Will Not Plunge Headlong Into Serious Error.

RULE OF FILIPINOS A FARCE

The ex-President Also Hopes That We Will Not Be Drawn Into War with Mexico.

Ex-President Taft attacked last night the policy of the Wilson Administration in the Philippines before a large audience of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences in the Brooklyn Academy of Music. He took the attitude of a man who was seeing his own work endangered. As the first Governor of the Philippines, as Secretary of War, and as President, for thirteen years with hardly a break he had built up a civil service in the islands, and now he saw Governor General Harrison refusing to seek advice from those who knew the country, taking information from secret agents and dismissing the men who had achieved praiseworthy results.

The two chief points in Mr. Taft's indictment of the present régime were the grant of a majority in the Philippine Council to the Filipinos and the dismissal of some of the most highly experienced American officials. With Governor General Harrison he joined in his censures Congressman Jones, author of the Jones bill, which would practically destroy American control.

"Brother Jones," he said, "is not really a bad man. He was one of that famous party which I took out to the Philippines. But I want to hold him up to the contempt that he deserves for permitting himself to be hoodwinked as he has been. He seems now to find it necessary to attack every one who has been out there working and sweating for the good of the Filipinos and the good name of the United States."

The large crowd, which filled the opera house of the Academy of Music to the doors, applauded the ex-President as he recounted the brilliant work done during the first thirteen years of American occupation, and threw scorn on Mr. Harrison for dismissing such men as the Director of Health and the chiefs of the American bureaus.

"I believe he is making serious mistakes," the ex-President said, "and the penalty for mistakes in the Philippines is always severe jolts."

The audience cheered him, too, as he expressed only the best wishes for the success of the Wilson Administration, but they were roused to enthusiasm as Mr. Taft went on:

"I would much rather see the present Administration continued than see that party and candidate come in who hold views with respect to the judiciary and the Constitution that I hold dangerous."

One passing allusion Mr. Taft made to Mexican affairs. He expressed the hope that the United States would never be drawn into war with that country, for if it had cost $200,000,000 to subdue the Philippines, how much more would it cost to put Mexico in order. Moreover, intervention, he said, would plunge us into a war with glory for no one.

Taft's Intimate Knowledge.

Mr. Taft began his lecture by pointing out that for nearly four years the Philippines were under his direct rule, and that from that time until he left the White House the islands were also under his control as Secretary of War or as President, with the exception of a short interval of nine months. He said he had had thirteen years in which to acquaint himself with the problems and needs of the Philippines.

Then he gave a description of the geographical and political conditions of the islands before the Americans went there, and dwelt particularly on the illiteracy and ignorance of the people. Among the so-called civilized or Christian Filipinos he said there were fifteen or sixteen distinct dialects, and in a journey of 120 miles a traveler would encounter four of them. There was, the ex-President pointed out, a marked oligarchic tendency among the small educated minority toward the bulk of the population. He added:

"The educated and well-to-do Filipinos take easily to intrigue and love politics. The influence of Spanish authority, to which they have been trained for 300 years, makes them unsympathetic with true democracy. Their praise of liberty is largely a matter of lip service."

Mr. Taft sketched the system of peonage or slavery for debt and declared emphatically that the United States was guardian of the great mass of the ignorant Filipinos, and this led him to a review of what had been accomplished by this country since it took the rule over from Spain. He dwelt on the constitution of the islands, the achievements in the making of means of communication, the improvement of agriculture, the establishment of better sanitary conditions, and especially of the good done by the schools. He said:

"I do not hesitate to say that the character of the American civil servants and their effectiveness for the work they have to do in the islands, when Governor General Forbes left the islands, was at the highest point. It had been the result of twelve years of training and growth. Every member of the service had an intense interest in the success of the Government and in the showing that could be made of efficiency and economy in the reports of the various departments and of the commission to this country."

Mr. Taft then turned to consider the policy of the present Administration toward the Philippines.

"As I was there," he said, "not quite four years, and only had personally to do with the initiation of the Government, I think I can speak without a lack of modesty and say that the colonial work of the American Government in the Philippines is quite as remarkable as that of Lord Cromer in Egypt.

Hatred of Moros for Filipinos.

"Now what are we to do? Are we to let these islands go and turn them over to an oligarchy of eloquent and attractive orators who really believe in aristocracy, and who have no real conception of civil and individual liberty, and certainly no capacity by training and education for successful popular government? The minute that the strong background of a powerful Government is

Continued on Page 2.

WINIFRED BYRNE FOUND.

Stolen Three-Year-Old Child Discovered Wandering in West 40th St.

Three-year-old Winifred Byrne, who was stolen from her father and mother on East Thirty-eighth Street, near Second Avenue, on last Saturday afternoon, was found last night in West Fortieth Street, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues, by Mrs. Jennie Gill of 330 West Fortieth Street, who saw the child toddling about in the street. After a heavy truck had narrowly missed running over the little girl, Mrs. Gill ran out of her home and took the child upstairs into her apartments.

Winifred smiled as she admitted that she was "losted." After feeding her Mrs. Gill took the child to the West Thirty-seventh Street Police Station. There Lieut. Gilhooley recognized her. He notified the police of the East Thirty-fifth Street Precinct, and half an hour later Joseph Byrne, the baby's father, came rushing into the police station.

"Oh, thank God! Thank God!" he exclaimed, when he recognized his daughter. Then he broke down, as he hugged Winifred.

The police and Mr. Byrne questioned Winifred as to where she had been for the last five days, but all they could get from her was that "a big man tooked me away." Winifred said that her abductor had taken her for a car ride into the country, and that she had been living with "the big man" and "a nice lady" in the country. Yesterday evening she said the "big man" had taken her for another car ride and had "runned away" from her in West Fortieth Street.

Winifred was evidently well cared for during her wanderings. She wore the same clothes as when she was abducted. She was afraid to answer any questions at first, and her lisping replies were coaxed from her only after a great deal of petting.

"The child has evidently been completely cowed," said Lieut. Gilhooley. "She acts as though she had been warned not to tell anything. She has been well taken care of, and her clothing had been freshly laundered."

GOETHALS NOT FOR DAYTON

Engineer Says He Won't Consider Any Offer Until Canal is Finished.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, Nov. 19.—Col. George W. Goethals, chief engineer of the Panama Canal, has received the offer of the Dayton city management. He replied, when asked about it to-day, that his one desire was to finish the canal, and that he would wait here before considering anything else. He is desirous of perfecting a permanent organization, and says that after that is done it will be time to consider other fields.

It was intimated in his conversation that the line likely to be followed by him hereafter would be engineering work, since he was first and foremost an engineering officer. His attitude convinces all here that he will reject anything until he can say of his Panama Canal work, "The job is done."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Col. George W. Goethals, chief engineer of the Panama Canal, cannot accept the invitation of the authorities of Dayton, Ohio, to become city manager and undertake the making of a model municipality of Dayton. Secretary Garrison of the War Department to-day notified Senator Pomerene of Ohio that an engineer of the Army Corps could not be detailed for work of this character without special legislation by Congress, nor could leave be granted to him for that purpose.

The decision is in line with an opinion recently of Attorney General McReynolds, who held that army engineers could not be detailed to the Interstate Commerce Commission to assist in its inquiry into the physical valuation of American railways. Senator Pomerene informed the Dayton authorities of Secretary Garrison's decision.

CANAL MAY DISAPPOINT.

British Shipbroker Does Not Look for Great Trade Increase at First.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Howard Houlder of Messrs. Howard Houlder and Partners, shipbrokers, in an inaugural address at the Institute of Shipbrokers to-day, said the opening of the Panama Canal might lead to a result exactly the opposite to what apparently some of the large lines expected, in so far as they were adding to their tonnage on the score of increased traffic when the canal opened.

It seemed to him that the question was one of population on the other side of the canal and that they were not going to have any great increase in the volume of trade until the Pacific Coast, both north and south, had a very much larger population than it had at present.

Therefore, it might very well be that the shipowners who were making their arrangements ahead in connection with the opening of the Panama Canal might be disappointed when that event took place.

WILSON MOST BOSS-RIDDEN.

So Says Secretary Daniels, but the "Boss" Is President's Conscience.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 19.—"President Wilson is the most boss-ridden President we have ever had," declared Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, at the annual John Jay banquet of the Kansas City Commercial Club to-night; "and the boss whose every dictate he obeys is his conscience. In determining great polices his boss rules him. He is weak and powerless in the presence of the boss—a tool in its hands.

"One day a friend asked the President why he did not do a certain thing. The President replied: 'I cannot do it—my boss will not let me.' The friend thought he was perhaps referring to Mrs. Wilson, when the President added: 'My conscience is my boss.'"

Secretary Daniels predicted that a new era of prosperity and good living was about to dawn for the farmer.

"The new tariff," said he, "which will remove from the farm the excessive charges for every article needed in cultivation and in the home, will cheapen living for the farmer. The new currency bill that will soon be law will be followed by wise legislation providing for rural credits and for effective laws which will be put into execution against all forms of monopoly."

MILLIONS MADE IN FRISCO DEALS

Profits of Failed Road's Officials in Syndicates Disclosed at Commerce Board Inquiry.

$900,000 FROM FREE LAND

One Group of Ninety Investors Made $3,000,000 on Sale of Small Line to the Frisco.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 19.—Albert T. Perkins, railway expert of the St. Louis Union Trust Company, to-day on the stand in the Interstate Commerce Commission's investigation of the St. Louis & San Francisco receivership, flatly contradicted the testimony of Benjamin F. Yoakum, Chairman of the Frisco Board of Directors, that promises were not made to promoters of subsidiary companies that the Frisco would take over the properties.

So far in the hearing the testimony shows that Frisco officials' syndicates cleared $7,038,000 in profits in these projects.

Mr. Perkins said it was generally understood when the New Iberia was projected that the Frisco eventually would take it over. Later he said it was explicitly so understood.

Evidence as to the connection of Frisco officials with promotion schemes and construction companies showed profits of nearly 100 per cent. in some instances, the money coming from the Frisco to acquire properties which did not prove to be moneymakers.

A syndicate of ninety-nine investors which sold the St. Louis, Brownsville & Mexico to the Frisco made a profit of $3,000,000 on an investment of $3,801,000.

Frisco Officials Who Profited.

Nine of these were Frisco officials. C. H. Beggs made a profit of $29,000 on an investment of $37,000; W. K. Bixby, Director of the Frisco, profited $81,700 on an investment of $108,000; James Campbell, Director, profited $252,000 on an investment of $334,000; F. H. Hamilton, Treasurer of the Frisco, profited $12,609 on an investment of $16,686; Edwin Hawley profited $63,375 on an investment of $83,000; James F. Hinkley, chief engineer of the Frisco, profited $17,576 on an investment of $27,800; L. F. Parker, former counsel, profited $28,290 on an investment of $37,400; W. B. Spaulding profited $13,667 on an investment of $18,333; B. F. Yoakum profited $228,413 on an investment of $300,000.

The names of five promoters who were members of the syndicate that made $900,000 out of the sale of land donated by citizens and towns of Texas to aid in the building of the St. Louis, Brownsville & Mexico Railway were given to Commissioner Clarke to-day by A. T. Perkins, syndicate manager. The five men named were Benjamin F. Yoakum, Samuel W. Fordyce, St. Louis capitalist; Robert S. Brookings, President of the Board of Trustees of Washington University; Thomas H. West, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the St. Louis Union Trust Company, and now a Frisco receiver, and Edward S. Whitaker, a broker.

Perkins testified that the syndicate sold the land and used part of the proceeds in making improvements in the territory traversed by the Brownsville Road. The purpose of these improvements was to develop traffic. Later these improvements were deeded to the West Texas Abstract and Guaranty Company, which the syndicate acquired.

Tipped Off to Receivership.

It was brought out that O. H. Nance, Treasurer of the St. Louis, Brownsville & Mexico, telegraphed to Frank S. Hamilton, Treasurer of the Frisco road, that the Brownsville road could borrow from a bank in Kingsville, Texas if he could be assured that the Treasurer of the Frisco would "tip off" Nance seventy-two hours before any receivership proceedings were instituted against the Brownsville. In the telegram Nance asked permission to make an overdraft of $15,000 against a Kingsville bank.

Hamilton on the stand declared that he did not remember whether he gave Nance the advance tip on the receivership proceedings, but Special Examiner D. E. Brown showed from telegrams that Nance borrowed $25,000 from a bank in Kingsville on June 12, 1913, and repaid it on July 4. The receivership petition against the Brownsville was filed three days later.

Treasurer Hamilton testified that the Frisco in 1911 borrowed on short time notes $6,000,000, $9,000,000 in 1912, and $10,000,000 in 1913. In April, 1913, the road sold to Speyer & Co. of New York $3,000,000 general lien bonds. These bonds were sold by Speyer & Co. to French investors. He said that when the receivership was instituted against the Frisco the road had between $2,500,000 and $3,000,000 of unpaid vouchers for general expenses, such as coal, &c.

Collateral for the $400,000 Loan.

Treasurer Hamilton also testified regarding the $400,000 loan made by the North American Company to the Frisco—the loan on which the receivership proceedings were based. The loan originally was for $625,000, according to Hamilton, and the original security was $8,000,000 of the bonds of the Arizona & New Mexico Land Company. After the loan had been reduced to $400,000 James Campbell of St. Louis, President of the North American Company, asked for additional security. The road then put up $5,000,000 of the capital stock and $250,000 of the bonds of the New Orleans & Texas Railway.

Charles W. Hillard of New York, for ten years Vice President of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, and since 1885 Vice President of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, was asked whether financial statements of the Frisco were not submitted to Speyer & Co. before being sent out, in order that changes might be made to help the appearance of the report.

Mr. Hillard professed to know nothing of such a practice, but Commissioner Clark read into the evidence a letter written in September, 1910, by Hillard to B. L. Winchell, then President of the road. This letter told how bankers had helped in "rearranging statistics."

Mr. Hillard then said that whatever the letter showed was correct.

QUEEN OF SPAIN ILL.

Suffering from Attack of Influenza in a Paris Hotel.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Queen Victoria Eugenie of Spain was seized with illness to-day in a Paris hotel where she is staying with King Alfonso.

Prof. Robin, whom the King summoned, found that she was suffering from a severe influenza cold, accompanied by fever.

HOTEL CLARENDON, SEABREEZE, FLORIDA. Representative, 1,180 B'way. Tel., Madison Sq. 4748. —Adv.

Has the Greatest of Sea Mysteries Been Solved at Last?

The secret of the Marie Celeste has puzzled the world for nearly half a century. Now comes a curious document bearing upon it that will arouse widespread discussion.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

SAYS HE GOT GRAFT FOR AN EX-CAPTAIN

Former Detective Cohen Tells Whitman He Was a Go-Between for the Wiretappers.

The most important disclosure made since District Attorney Whitman renewed his fight on the police graft ring came through the confession yesterday of Al Cohen, a former detective and the reputed go-between in the deals between the police of this city and the wire tappers. In his confession Cohen named a former Police Captain and two officials high in the Police Department as sharers in the $2,500 a month and 15 per cent. of the profits paid by the wire tappers for protection.

From the beginning of the investigation Assistant District Attorney Frederick J. Groehl has been conferring with Cohen, who has supplied many details in the graft story. It was not until yesterday that the graft collector became communicative and uncovered fully the system whereby the police kept their hands off the swindlers in return for large payments.

With his brother, Charles Cohen, the former detective went to Mr. Groehl's office yesterday morning at 10 o'clock and after a conference of two hours talked for another hour with Mr. Whitman to whom he repeated his full story, telling of collections made for the police Captain who told him that the cash was to go "higher up." Cohen named specific amounts paid to him as collector for the ex-police Captain. In almost every detail Cohen's story agrees with the confession of "Mickey" Shea. Curley Carter, Frank Tarbeaux and George H. McRae. The only varations are in the amounts paid in some instances. So closly do the different confessions dovetail that the District Attorney regards the corroboration as complete in every important detail.

Cohen told the prosecutors that for six months before his resignation from the department he had acted as agent and go-between for the former Police Captain. He would get graft money from Mickey Shea and Tom Brown, representatives of the wiretappers, and pass it on to the Captain, who told Cohen that the money was to go to a higher official. Cohen never had any dealings with that official, so the case against him, it is said, will have to rest chiefly upon whatever is revealed by the Captain. After he left the force, Cohen said, his relations with the Police Captain and the wiretappers were discontinued. It was not until October, 1911, when the Gondorff gang lured Simeon M. Jones of Pittsburgh to this city and swindled him out of $20,000 that Cohen came into the case again. The wiretappers decided, he said, that it would be well to get in closer touch with the police.

Representatives of the wiretappers, Cohen said, came to him and asked him to "fix things." Cohen communicated with the former Police Captain, who, he said, told him to "go ahead" and that it would be "all right downtown." Cohen said he told the wiretappers that things were all fixed, and the wheels of the syndicate were set into motion to snare Jones.

The victim came to New York and went back home $20,000 poorer. Cohen said he received from the wiretappers $2,000, and that he divided this sum with the Captain. Shea, he said, gave the Captain another $800. A large part of this, he asserted, went to the officials at Headquarters.

After the arrest of McRae for complicity in the swindling of Jones, Cohen told the Captain that if any investigation was made into the relations between the police and the wiretappers he would not be "the goat," but would go to Mr. Whitman and tell all. It is the belief of the investigators that great pressure was brought on Cohen to prevent the confession, and this is the reason that he delayed telling his story until yesterday.

Cohen will go before the Grand Jury when it meets to take up the investigation and repeat the story he told to Mr. Whitman and Mr. Groehl. This will not be before Monday probably, but there is a possibility that the prosecution will have the matter well enough in hand to bring it before the Grand Jury this week. The Police Captain mentioned by Cohen has made no attempt to arrange a conference with the District Attorney, and Mr. Whitman said yesterday that he did not intend to ask him to tell his story before the Grand Jury meets. His testimony is regarded as of importance only to corroborate Cohen.

It is understood that twelve indictments will be asked for by the prosecution. Of these three will be for officials at Police Headquarters and nine for detectives.

TO ACT IN STOVER'S PLACE.

Mayor Appoints L. F. La Roche to Take Charge of Park Affairs.

Louis F. La Roche, Secretary of the Park Board, was appointed Acting Park Commissioner for Manhattan and Richmond for thirty days yesterday to fill the place left by Commissioner Charles B. Stover, who has been absent for thirty-four days, and whose whereabouts are unknown.

Mayor Kline, who is ill at his home in Jamaica, called Mr. La Roche to see him there yesterday, and after a conference with him wrote the following order:

Park Commissioner Stover having been absent from the city for more than ten consecutive days, namely, from Oct. 16, 1913, to this 19th day of November, 1913, and there being no provision of law whereby said Commissioner could appoint an Acting Commissioner during his absence, now, in pursuance of an ordinance passed by the Board of Aldermen on Oct. 18, 1913, and approved by me this 19th day of November, 1913, I hereby designate Louis F. La Roche, a senior officer in the Department of Parks, as Acting Park Commissioner for the Boroughs of Manhattan and Richmond for a period of thirty days, unless sooner revoked by me.

The said Acting Commissioner is furthermore authorized to appoint and remove officers and employes when such action be necessary. The Park Commissioner for the Borough of Manhattan and Richmond not being required by law to furnish a bond, no bond will be required from Mr. La Roche. This designation will take effect forthwith. Given under my hand and the seal of the City of New York, this 19th day of November, 1913.

A. L. KLINE, Mayor.

Mr. Stover was last heard from nine days ago, when a letter written by him from Philadelphia was received by Mr. La Roche. No word was received from him yesterday by his friends at the University Settlement.

CIGAR STORES MEN GET DRUG CONCERN

Control of Riker-Hegeman Co. Passes to George J. Whelan and His Associates.

Control of the Riker-Hegeman Company, the drug concern with nearly 100 stores in Eastern cities, has definitely passed to George J. Whelan and some of his associates in the United Cigar Stores Company. The amount of Riker-Hegeman stock bought up has not yet been announced, but it is believed to be close to half of all the common shares outstanding. Particulars of the transaction may be made public within a few days.

A Director of the United Cigar Stores Company said yesterday that it was planned to form a new company, which would act as a holding company for the United Cigar Stores and the Riker-Hegeman concerns. The new company will be capitalized, as far as common stock is concerned, at a figure which will approximately equal the combined capital of the two constituent companies. Shares in the holding company will probably have a par value of $5, and the stock of the Cigar Stores and Riker-Hegeman organizations will be exchanged for the new stock on a basis of one share for twenty. On the Curb the new shares were traded in yesterday at prices ranging from $6.75 to $8 on a "when issued" basis.

"The plan for issuing the new stock at a low parity," said the Director who told of the deal, "was evolved for the purpose of permitting employes of both the cigar and drug companies to buy it and share in the profits."

Until the new organization is completed, operation of the companies will be continued as at present. At the next meeting of stockholders of the Riker-Hegeman Company several Directors probably will be elected to represent the new interests, and thereafter steps will be taken to bring both companies into harmonious sales relations.

Contrary to what has been said in a semi-official way, the affairs of the cigar and drug companies will be closely united. Those who have been most active in buying up Riker-Hegeman stock said yesterday that they did not place much credence in reports from Washington that Attorney General McReynolds was not especially favorable to the deal. As the United Cigar Stores Company was not involved in the transaction in its corporate capacity, it was pointed out no objection could be taken to the control of the drug company by leading stockholders in the former concern.

When the new company goes into operation drugs and tobacco products will be handled under separate direction, but in the same stores. It is expected that the United Stores Land & Improvement Company, which has charge of leasing stores for the United Cigar Stores Company, will continue in the same capacity for the consolidated company. The equity which the new stock will have in the large earnings of this company will be adjusted later, possibly through the declaration of an extra dividend.

The United Cigar Stores Company has common stock outstanding of $27,162,000, while Riker-Hegeman common shares aggregate about $5,000,000. The greater part of the drug store shares was formerly held by half a dozen men. The gross earnings of the Riker-Hegeman Company have been running so far this year at a rate of about $15,000,000 per annum, an increase of approximately 35 per cent. over 1912.

6,000-MILE CHASE OF MSS.

Dealer Sends Emissary to America to Get Burns Treasures Back.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—It is stated in reference to the Burns Glenriddel manuscripts that Mr. Hornstein, the London dealer who bought them and sent them to America, on being approached by the Lord Provost of Glasgow, immediately cabled to his agent in New York instructions to withdraw the offer of the manuscripts.

Finding that the situation was rendered all the more difficult from the fact that the agent had sent an emissary with the manuscripts to find a client who was in the Far West, Mr. Hornstein sent out a special representative from England. In the meantime the New York agent dispatched a man in pursuit of the bearer of the precious relics.

When seen to-day Mr. Hornstein expressed hopefulness of the success of the chase. At the same time he pointed out that, as his client was on a wandering expedition, the tracks of the pursuers and the pursued would be bewildering, and even weeks might elapse before definite tidings could reach him.

KRUPP PROFIT $9,000,000.

This Year's Dividend 14 Per Cent., the Largest in the Firm's History.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 19.—The Krupps' dividend, issued a month earlier than usual, amounts to 14 per cent. on the paid-up capital of $45,000,000, the largest in the firm's history.

The net profit for the year is $9,000,000, exclusive of $1,500,000 carried forward from 1912, an increase of nearly $2,500,000.

Contributions of $500,000 each have been made to the Pensions Fund and the Workmen's Holiday Fund and $750,000 to the Christmas Fund. The number of employés has increased to 80,000.

TYSON & CO. ON TRIAL FOR TICKET DEAL

Instead of John Doe Inquiry, Subscriber Makes a Complaint of Grand Larceny.

OPERA CLERK UNDER FIRE

Denies He Knew Tickets Were to be Hypothecated—Bank Told They Were Not Paid For.

Criminal proceedings against the theatre ticket agency of Tyson & Co., 1,122 Broadway, which pledged its allotment of $153,000 worth of Metropolitan Opera tickets to the Metropolitan Trust Company of 49 Wall Street, as security for a loan of $100,000, were instituted yesterday afternoon by District Attorney Whitman before Magistrate Deuel, sitting by designation in the Criminal Court Building. The action against the ticket agency was based on the complaint of Adolph E. Dick of 244 West Seventieth Street, who charged that Tyson & Co. had unlawfully appropriated his season tickets for the Metropolitan Opera and the money with which he paid for the tickets. The charge against the ticket agency is grand larceny in the second degree.

The proceedings were begun somewhat unexpectedly following a change in the plans for a John Doe investigation, as announced on Tuesday by the District Attorney. Mr. Whitman had said that his office would institute proceedings "with a view of determining whether any offenses against the penal law had been committed." This announcement was made because it was the request of ex-State Senator Frank O. Pavey of 32 Nassau Street, acting as Chairman of a committee of subscribers which demanded the investigation, to make the inquiry an impersonal one.

However, it is understood that Magistrate Deuel preferred not to conduct the proceedings in the nature of a John Doe inquiry, whereupon the District Attorney's office, with the evidence gathered by his assistants, Arthur C. Train and Leslie S. Lockhart, instituted proceedings against Tyson & Co. When Senator Pavey learned this he was unwilling to make any affidavit, so he was called as a witness and not as a complainant.

The first person examined was Mr. Dick. He was followed by ex-Senator Pavey, who was in turn succeeded by Earl Lewis, treasurer of the box office of the Metropolitan Opera House, and Beverly Chew, Second Vice President and acting President of the Metropolitan Trust Company.

One of the interesting features of the examination of witnesses was an admission by Earl Lewis that he had entertained a "suspicion" that the allotment of opera tickets when delivered to Richard J. Hartman, President of Tyson & Co., were intended for security for a loan. Urged by Assistant District Attorney Train to tell something more of the delivery of opera tickets, Mr. Lewis said that he had asked Mr. Hartman if they were not going to be given to the Metropolitan Trust Company as "collateral," but he added that he had asked that question only in a "joking way."

Explained Transaction to Bank.

During the investigation Mr. Train introduced a letter, said to have been written by Mr. Hartman to Vice President Chew of the Metropolitan Trust Company. The letter, after explaining the ticket agency's method of conducting business, suggested that Tyson & Co. desired to open a special account with the trust company. The letter showed that the ticket agency expected to receive the regular allotment of opera tickets, and went on to explain that most of the tickets had been taken up by subscribers, to whom bills had been rendered. According to the letter, the ticket agency expected to collect a large part of the subscriptions by the 1st of October. In it was the suggestion that the checks of the agency's subscribers be deposited on the special account.

In his affidavit Mr. Dick said that on Aug. 30, 1913, he paid Tyson & Co. $151.50 for two season tickets for two seats, numbered A 51 and A 53, in the dress circle; that on Sept. 13 Tyson & Co. received the seats from the Metropolitan Opera Company and hypothecated them with the Metropolitan Trust Company as the security for a loan of $100,000. He stated, further, that his check of Aug. 30 was made out to Tyson & Co. and bore the indorsement of the Metropolitan Trust Company. He also stated that Richard J. Hartman, President of Tyson & Co., had admitted that he got the tickets and hypothecated them with the Metropolitan Trust Company.

Mr. Dick gave up the witness stand to ex-State Senator Frank D. Pavey. Mr. Pavey said he received a notice from Tyson & Co. during either last March or last April, announcing that subscriptions for Metropolitan Opera tickets were to be renewed, and giving the time within which subscriptions were to be received.

A circular letter was introduced by Mr. Train, marked exhibit 4. It was printed on Opera stationery with the heading, "Metropolitan Opera Company, Metropolitan Opera House, John Brown, Business Comptroller; Giulio Gatti-Casazza, General Manager, April 1, 1912." Under that head began this announcement:

"The Metropolitan Opera Company begs to announce that its subscription books for the season 1912-1913 are now open for subscribers to the present season, who will have the right up to and including April 4, 1912, to renew their subscriptions." The letter closed with "Address all communications to Tyson & Co."

Ex-Senator Pavey could not identify this letter as identical with the notice he had received from Tyson & Co.

The testimony of ex-Senator Pavey for the most part was a recital of his efforts to obtain the tickets for which he had subscribed through Tyson & Co. He also told the court what had been the results of an independent investigation he had made into all the transactions leading up the ticket tangle. Mr. Train was particularly interested in that part of Mr. Pavey's testimony in which he recalled conversations he had held with Richard J. Hartman, President of Tyson & Co. He testified that Hartman had told him of the letter, alleged to have been written by Hartman to Vice President Chew of the Metropolitan Trust Company; and said that he further was informed by Hartman that Tyson & Co. had withdrawn $60,000 from the special account with the trust company "for purposes other than meeting the loan."

The delivery of the tickets to Hartman by the Metropolitan Opera House was recalled by Mr. Pavey as that part of the transaction had been told to him by Mr. Hartman. He remembered that Hartman had said that it was only an incident that Earl Lewis, Treasurer of the box office of the Metropolitan Opera House had accompanied him in a taxicab to the Metropolitan Trust Company, where Mr. Lewis received from Mr. Hartman his certified check for $100,000.

Opera Representative's Part.

When Mr. Lewis was placed on the stand he testified that he was at present Treasurer of the Metropolitan Opera House Box Office, and that he had been connected with the Metropolitan Opera Company for the last five years. He testified that it had been customary for the Opera Company to make an allotment of $153,000 worth of tickets to Tyson & Co. each year, and that the subscribers always obtained the same seats.

He testified that on Friday, Sept. 12, Mr. Hartman came to the Metropolitan

Continued on Page 2.

HUERTA TOASTS AMERICANS

He Drinks to the People, but Not the Government.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 19.—"Gentlemen, and you of the Diplomatic Corps, I ask you to drink with me the health of the American people."

In this pointed manner Gen. Huerta this afternoon made a distinction between the American Government and Americans.

The incident occurred at a reception given to the diplomats by Gen. Huerta at Chepultepec Castle.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson O'Shaughnessy were there and Huerta greeted them effusively, embracing Mr. O'Shaughnessy. After a moment's conversation he raised his glass and called upon the other guests to join him in the toast.

NO GOLD LACE AT WEDDING?

Hint of Decree Against Uniforms at White House Affair.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Representatives of foreign powers and officers of the army and navy are wondering what they are to wear at the White House wedding next Tuesday. Until to-day it was taken for granted that the diplomats and army and navy officers would as a matter of course attend in full uniform. A chance remark at the State Department this morning revealed the fact that uniforms might not be acceptable to the President and Mrs. Wilson, as they assumed it was understood the wedding invitation was non-official and personal.

No Ambassador will speak for publication, but it is well understood that unless President Wilson issues a request through the State Department that all guests wear ordinary afternoon dress, the diplomatic contingent will be ablaze in gold lace with all the gorgeous coloring of court uniforms.

This was the style followed at Miss Alice Roosevelt's wedding, where the diplomats wore the same dress as at the formal reception of New Year's morning.

Among the additional wedding gifts received by Miss Jessie Wilson to-day was a silver bowl from the Spanish Minister and Mme. Riano. Miss Wilson was the guest of honor to-day at a buffet luncheon at the Congressional Club, with Miss Genevieve Cark, daughter of the Speaker, as hostess.

WOMAN MISSING A WEEK.

Miss Grace La Gendre, Hotel Bookkeeper, Sought In Vain.

Friends of Miss Grace La Gendre, bookkeeper at the Hotel Gregorian, at 42 West Thirty-fifth Street, have been seeking her for a week without success. On Thursday last, between 10 and 11 o'clock in the morning, she left the hotel, complaining of feeling ill and saying she was going to her home, 156 Clinton Street, Brooklyn. When she failed to return to work the next day the hotel management telephoned to the Clinton Street address, where Miss La Gendre had been boarding for some years. There it was said that she had appeared there at noon on Thursday, but had gone away immediately thereafter, since when nothing had been seen or heard of her.

When last seen she wore a heavy gray ulster coat, with black collar and black cuffs, and a brown hat, with pink flowers. She was about five feet in height, of slender build, and had dark hair, somewhat streaked with gray. She was about 32 years old. The only relative known at the hotel was said to be an uncle, Henry La Gendre of Cresskill, N. J.

PRAYED AS MAN WAS SAVED.

Sisters of the Good Shepherd Witness a Rescue from East River.

Two sisters of the House of the Good Shepherd who were strolling in their courtyard on the edge of the East River at Ninetieth Street shortly after dark last evening hurried in to tell the Mother Superior that there was a man crying faintly for help in the water. The Mother Superior telephoned to Police Headquarters, and when Patrolman Kronenfitter of the East Eighty-eighth Street Station came running down to the river, the sisters were able to point to the figure of a man bobbing up and down in the water some distance from the shore.

Then, while Kronenfitter, coatless, hatless, and in his stocking feet, swam out with the tide to the rescue and fought with the frantic man he was trying to help, several of the sisters stood in the courtyard praying that the rescue might be made. The rescue was made, for Kronenfitter, who two years before had pulled a man from the river at almost the same spot, brought this man ashore and landed him with the help of Sergt. Baxter of his precinct.

The rescued man was Robert Kent of 762 Columbus Avenue. Kent either would not or could not tell how he got into the river.

GIRLS IN LEAP TO ESCAPE.

Fall Into Deep Ravine — One Injured, the Other Disappears.

Under cover of the excitement in the Magdalen Home for Girls at Inwood, where preparations were being made for a musicale last evening, two of the girls slipped out into the grounds to the rear, pushed a table against the fifteen-foot wall, climbed to the top and jumped. On the other side, between the wall and the Hudson River, is a deep ravine. There are spots where the drop is only fifteen feet to solid earth, but there are others where the side of the ravine continues the line of the wall to make a sheer drop of forty feet.

In the dark and the rush of their break for liberty, the girls selected one of these latter places. A man who chanced to see them silhouetted for a brief moment as they stood on the wall saw them tumble down into the ravine, and lie there, two motionless heaps.

He rushed to the main entrance with the news and attendants scaled the wall to find one of the girls, May Brown, of 237 Bay Thirty-fifth Street, Brooklyn, lying half conscious at the bottom of the ravine. Her right leg was broken. From her they learned that Mary Allen was her companion in flight. When they asked where she was, the girl only gestured feebly toward the woods.

Around the woods the police of the St. Nicholas Avenue Station formed a cordon while they searched through it in the fear that the other girl had gone further, only to fail, hurt and helpless, in the darkness. At midnight last night they had not found her.

HUERTA SCOFFS AT AMERICA'S 'MORAL SUASION'

Tells Inquiring Visitors That That Is as Far as the United States Will Go.

CALL WILSON PLAN A 'BLUFF'

Mexican Officials Scout Idea of Intervention and Insist Huerta Will Win.

HIS MESSAGE A DEFIANCE

Document, Which Goes to Congress To-day, Is Vigorous Defense of Dictator's Course.

NEW ORDERS FROM BRYAN

O'Shaughnessy Told That Important Moves Are at Hand, Mexico City Hears.

FOREIGNERS ARE PREPARING

German and British Residents of Capital Are Making Plans for Possible Defense.

CARRANZA PARLEY ENDED

Rebel Leader Refused to Answer Questions Asked for Wilson—Both He and Hale Leave Nogales.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 19.—That the recent stand taken by the United States is a "bluff" on the part of the Washington Administration, is the opinion generally expressed in Mexican official circles to-day. One Cabinet Minister was quoted as saying that Gen. Huerta had expected the United States to take some drastic action if the new Congress was convened, but that recent advices from Washington indicated that nothing would be done.

Two Americans went to see Gen. Huerta this morning to inquire regarding the possibility of anti-American outbreaks here in case of intervention and to ask his opinion regarding the removal of women and children. Gen. Huerta told them that there was no possibility of intervention.

He said the United States would do nothing and advised his callers to pay no attention to this talk. He did say, however, that mobs might start in the capital should trouble arise, and in that event he might be unable to control the situation. He renewed his offer of transportation to any Americans wishing to leave who were not provided with such transportation by their Government.

Persons close to Gen. Huerta say he is more determined than ever to remain and is fully confident that the United States will not exert anything stronger than moral pressure, which does not affect him.

To the circular sent to the Governors of the States by Gen. Huerta yesterday asking each of them how many men he would be able to furnish for the army in case of foreign trouble replies have come. It is understood that the answers were satisfactory, but orders have been issued to obtain more men if possible.

High Court Judge Arrested.

As an evidence of Huerta's confidence that he controls the situation, he ordered the arrest of a Justice of the Supreme Court last night, showing that he was prepared to adopt the same measures regarding the judicial as the legislative power. The reason given for the arrest of the Justice merely was the fact that he was alleged to have given out false information which was injurious to the Government. While specific charges were not made, the public understood that this was due to the publication of a dispatch from a District Judge at Acaponeta announcing that the place had fallen into the hands of the rebels. This as yet is unconfirmed through the War Department, as is also the case regarding the fall of Juarez, which the Government refuses to confirm.

It is generally believed here that Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American Chargé, occupies his post here merely by courtes

This recalls an incident which occurred during the bombardment last February when the nurses and patients in the British hospital were told by the Federal troops that they had only thirty minutes to leave the place as the hospital was to be used as a barracks. It was generally believed that this sudden removal resulted in the death of two of the patients who only recently had undergone operations.

Hope for Fair Warning.

The majority of the Americans feel that because of the tone of the last warning to Americans to leave it is incumbent upon Washington to give due warning before taking any action which possibly might endanger their lives. Diplomats, however, profess to believe that the United States will not do this because it doubtless feels that the warning issued some time ago was sufficiently clear.

While refusing to make any comments on the situation, diplomats indicate that they do not believe any solution of the situation will be forthcoming in the immediate future.

Regarding the reports current here that Washington is secretly allowing the Northern rebels to obtain ammunition and arms, diplomats indicate this is not unexpected. The Government contends that it has proof that several large shipments were clandestinely smuggled across the border under the noses of the American troops in the last few weeks.

Rumors of Aid to Carranza.

The Government refuses to make any specific charges, and is suppressing the news here, although some officials say that this smuggling has been allowed in an attempt to obtain an agreement with the Constitutionalists upon the suggestions presented by William Bayard Hale. Considerable feeling has been caused in the army by the persistent circulation of these reports.

More rumors were circulated to-day regarding attempts to cut the Mexican Railway between here and Vera Cruz. The reports say to-day that State guards at the Metlac bridge were attacked by rebels on the morning of Nov. 18, and that the rebels were repulsed. This is a large bridge, and is built on a curve. Its destruction would effectually cut off the road for several weeks. Because of the persistence of these reports many persons are planning to go to Vera Cruz traveling only during the day and using slower trains during the day and using slower trains.

Revolution Moving Southward.

Tepic, the capital of the territory of that name, was captured by rebels under Martin Espinosa early yesterday morning. These same rebels captured Amapon several days ago. No depredations were reported at either place.

These successes are regarded as important because they indicate the spread of the revolution southward from Sinaloa, the revolution southward from Sinaloa.

Quotes Napoleon in Justification.

Defends His Action to Congress.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 19.—President Huerta, in his message to Congress to-morrow afternoon, will quote Napoleon in justification of the old Congress and dissolution of the old Congress and the dissolution of the old Congress and will ask the new Congress to grant him a political bill of health to grant him a political bill of health because, known to-night as well as the fact the same known with this fact that the Ambassador with the American charge d'affaires received, new instructions from Washington to wait instructions from Washington to wait instructions from Washington to wait

M'GUIRE OPENS NEW LEAD FOR WHITMAN

His Demeanor Angers Inquisitor, but He Makes Some Asphalt Revelations.

TRACING THAT $2,500 GIFT

Witness, Daring Perjury Indictment, "Corrects" Testimony—Ex-Gov. Dix Is Drawn Into the Case.

George H. McGuire of Syracuse went on the stand yesterday afternoon at the resumption of the John Doe inquiry into the charges of graft in State contracts. He withstood a most searching examination at the hands of District Attorney Charles S. Whitman. McGuire, the man who went to pieces on the witness stand a week ago when he was forced to retract previous testimony, baffled his inquisitor, Mr. Whitman was fired with anger at McGuire. He obtained many admissions from McGuire, but the witness persisted to the end that everything he knew about graft on the State highways and on the barge canal was hearsay.

McGuire was a genuine surprise. Persons who have listened to witnesses in many criminal cases said that they had never seen a man who under oath so persistently shielded his friends. They predicted that McGuire would not be able to endure another three-hour ordeal on the witness stand. He will get another chance to-morrow, when he again will be called upon to testify. If he does not then yield it is believed that Mr. Whitman will rush his case before the Grand Jury and seek his indictment on at least three counts.

McGuire read into the court record yesterday a twenty-page statement correcting the testimony he gave on his first appearance before Chief Magistrate McAdoo. Even in this statement he contradicted himself time and time again. McGuire maintained that he knew nothing of "sandbagging" of contractors of his own knowledge. The only man he did not spare was William Sulzer.

Witness Puzzles Magistrate.

The examination grew so warm on one occasion that Chief Magistrate McAdoo made this observation:

"The witness is certainly a hesitating witness. I don't know whether his hesitancy is due to slow mental processes or not."

One of the admissions made by McGuire was that he and his brother, James K. McGuire, former Mayor of Syracuse, and now the Albany representative of the Barber Asphalt Paving Company, got a commission on all sales of the company's products made to the State and to contractors on State work. This arrangement, he asserted, was made upon the inauguration of Sulzer as Governor. McGuire admitted that he had talked with Sulzer while he was Governor, with State Highway Commissioner Carlisle, and with other officers of the State Highway Department, and that he had urged them to favor the Barber Asphalt Paving Company's product. This company, he admitted, after he had made his gift of $2,500, which, he asserted, was for Sulzer, helped to reimburse him to the extent of $750. McGuire involved himself in embarrassing contradictions in answering questions about his brother and the Barber company, and he failed to account for all the money received from the Barber company.

As the result of his contradiction James S. Johnson, New York State sales agent for the Barber Asphalt Pardy Company will be summoned before Mr. Whitman to-day. Mr. Johnson, according to McGuire, helped to reimburse him after he had given the $2,500 to John A. Hennessy.

In the course of his testimony the witness said that James K. McGuire, his brother, had sailed for America three days ago. Mr. Whitman had hoped to have a word with James K. McGuire about his relations with the so-called asphalt trust.

Another admission which Mr. Whitman got from McGuire was that it was talk about Albany that Norman E. Mack, Everett Fowler, G. Gordon Reed, once head of the Highway Department, and Gov. John A. Dix conferred in the Dix chambers in the Executive Mansion in 1911, and that Fowler was designated at this conference as one of the up-State collectors of campaign funds. As the result of this testimony Mr. Whitman expects to call ex-Gov. Dix as a witness in the John Doe proceedings.

Once, when Mr. Whitman shook his finger in McGuire's face and told the Chief Magistrate that McGuire purposely was concealing important facts, the witness nearly collapsed. He appeared to be on the verge of breaking down, but it was only for a moment, and then he regained his composure.

"If I knew about these things, I'd tell you," said McGuire. "I'd tell you, Mr. Whitman, if I knew. You're going to find out anyway. There would be no object in my not telling."

"Oh, yes," retorted Mr. Whitman, "never mind what I am going to find out. Was there any object in your not telling me the truth last week? Why didn't you tell the truth then?"

"I had no advice of counsel then," begged McGuire.

"Did you need advice to tell the truth?" shouted the District Attorney.

"I was demoralized then, Mr. Whitman, I was sick," replied McGuire, not even raising his voice. "But now I'm telling the truth."

"As a matter of fact, you were protecting some one, weren't you?" continued Mr. Whitman.

"No, Sir, Mr. Whitman," said McGuire, "I have no one to protect."

Mr. Whitman could not get beyond McGuire's inevitable "I can't recall who told me." McGuire changed his testimony four times in five minutes, but he never for a moment lost his temper. He was the calmest person in the courtroom.

It was noted when McGuire walked into the courtroom at 2:30 P. M. with his lawyer, Henry A. Wise, that a change had come over him. According to Mr. Wise last week, McGuire was a "mental and physical wreck." He beamed upon every one yesterday.

It was 3 o'clock when Chief Magistrate McAdoo and Mr. Whitman arrived. McGuire took the witness chair without being called. Mr. Whitman started right in on a new tack. It had been expected that he immediately would question the witness about the famous "M" telegram and the list of contractors which McGuire, at the last hearing, had denied giving to John A. Hennessy. When Mr. Whitman asked the witness whether he had been in Cooperstown on July 5, 1913, McGuire drew from his inside coat pocket a typewritten statement.

"Your Honor," he said, addressing the court, "I want to correct my former—"

Mr. Whitman objected, and made it plain that he didn't want to take up time by listening to corrections just then. McGuire, after receiving instructions from the court to answer the question, returned the document to his pocket.

Regarding the Cooperstown visit, it was inferred from the District Attorney's questions that McGuire had a conference there in July with John A. Hennessy and ex-Judge J. Linn Arnold, editor of the Knickerbocker-Press. But McGuire denied that any conference had been held.

The examination turned to ex-Gov. Sulzer and the asphalt interests. McGuire persisted, vigorously at first, that he didn't think he had ever talked with Sulzer about the Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Company, a competitor of the Barber Asphalt Paving Company, but, after much hesitation, acknowledged that such a conversation had been held. The admission was made when Mr. Whitman asked him whether he was willing to swear that he had never had such a conversation. The witness obviously was in fear of the word "swear."

Little by little McGuire's relations with the Barber Asphalt Paving Company came out. He was a holder of 100 shares of the Barber Asphalt Paving Company's stock, he said. He owned these shares, he admitted, when he talked to Sulzer about "specifications."

"Your brother owns a large amount of stock in the Barber Asphalt Company, doesn't he?" Mr. Whitman asked.

"I don't know," replied the witness. "I never asked him."

"Didn't you tell some one exactly how much your brother owns?"

"I don't recollect," came the reply, a reply which was probably written down three hundred times in the course of the examination.

Ultimately McGuire told this story about his relations with the Barber Asphalt Paving Company:

"There was a controversy in Albany as to the enforcement of certain specifications which described certain materials to be used on roads. I had heard that these specifications were not enforced. I may have heard this from engineers, or contractors, or from the sales agent of the Barber Asphalt Paving Company. His name is James S. Johnson. I don't remember telling Gov. Sulzer what I heard, but I'll concede that I did tell him. There were two sets of specifications for asphalt. One described 'natural solid asphalt,' and the other described 'residual asphalt.'

"Yes, I admit that I knew that the Warner-Quinlan Company made one kind and the Barber Asphalt Company the other. There were companies, however, which handled the same kind of product as the Barber Company. No, I don't believe I told the Governor that the Barber Asphalt Company was the only company which could make the product defined in the approved specifications. I don't believe I did, for it wasn't true. I believe there is a Cuban company which makes the same product.

"Did this Cuban company bid on any New York State work?" interrupted Mr. Whitman.

McGuire Cannot "Recall."

"I don't recall. You see so many things have happened—"

"Yes, and some more are likely to happen," shouted Mr. Whitman.

Mr. Wise jumped to his feet and Mr. Whitman turned on Mr. Wise. He told him flatly that he had no legal standing in the proceedings. Mr. Wise's request that the court should defend the witness was lost in the noise. Magistrate McAdoo sustained Mr. Whitman and told Mr. Wise that he must not interrupt.

Then McGuire denied that he had ever told Gov. Sulzer that if the Barber Asphalt Paving Company's products were demanded for all the State work Sulzer would be all the money for Sulzer that he wanted. Following this the admissions that he and his brother shared in the profits of all sales by the Barber company was made.

According to McGuire the Barber Asphalt Paving Company, while Sulzer was Governor, sold 275,000 gallons of oil and asphalt to the repair division of the Department of Highways at a cost of 11 to 12 cents a gallon. The company also sold approximately 200,000 gallons of oil and asphalt during this time, he said, to contractors on State work. He and his brother, he said, got a commission of one-half to one cent a gallon on all this material.

"And you want to the Governor to explain the situation about specifications because you and your brother were getting a commission on everything you sold, isn't that true?" asked Mr. Whitman.

"No, that isn't true," said the witness after some delay.

Pressed further, McGuire pleaded that he was not an expert and could, therefore, not go into details about matters of specification. He admitted, finally, what he had just denied—that he wanted his commission, and "perhaps" told the Governor that the Barber products conformed to the specifications.

"Isn't it a fact that you gave Sulzer $500 in the hotel bathroom at Syracuse, $2,500 through Mr. Hennessy and another $500 for his Direct Primaries bill because you had got exclusive control in the State for the Barber Company?" asked Mr. Whitman.

"No, I gave the money out of sympathy for the Governor," persisted McGuire.

"I admit that I thought it might help me," he admitted a few seconds later.

McGuire's Testimony Tangled.

McGuire became tangled in his testimony about his commissions from the Barber Asphalt Paving Company. At first he said that he had received $1,300 or $1,400 in commissions and that he had deposited this in the joint account of himself and his brother. There was perhaps $8,000 or $10,000 in this joint account, he said. When he got into deep water he said his brother deposited most of the money. This was the brother, James K. McGuire, who had just sailed for South America on business relating to asphalt. Later he said that he received only $750 from the Barber company and that this money was paid by check through Johnson. Still later he said that he was not sure that this money from Johnson came from the Barber company. Perhaps the company still owed him money, he volunteered. The $750, he recollected, was paid by Johnson to help reimburse him for his gift of $2,500 to Sulzer. He could not tell, he said, whether this $750 was charged against his commission or not. The company, he said, had not settled with him yet, nor with his brother.

"If the $750 was commission money, what did you do to earn it besides talk to Gov. Sulzer?" asked Mr. Whitman.

Says He Urged Carlisle.

The witness hemmed and hawed and finally blurted out that he had also seen Commissioner Carlisle and other persons in the Highway Department and that he had asked them to buy the Barber company's product. Incidentally he dropped the information that he was also getting commissions from the United States Asphalt Refining Company for the sale of oil to the State.

"Didn't the Governor send for you and tell you that you and your brother were making a lot of money out of contracts and that the Barber Asphalt Company ought to help him out?" asked Mr. Whitman.

"I gave Sulzer $2,500, but nothing was said by the Governor about contracts," replied McGuire after more hesitation.

From the United States Asphalt Refining Company, McGuire said, he received a check for $600 for the sale of 250,000 gallons of oil. This was for him and his brother, he said, but he failed to show how he could get only $600 when his commission was one cent a gallon.

"I'd like to explain why my brother went to South America," the witness started to explain when there was a lull in the proceedings.

"I don't care why he went," retorted the District Attorney. "I'm more interested in knowing when he is coming back."

The Alleged Dix Conference.

It was not until he had been questioned for two hours that Mr. Whitman gave McGuire another chance to draw from his pocekt his typewritten statement of "corrections." This statement read very much like a law book. McGuire admitted that his lawyer had helped him prepare it. Mr. Whitman interrupted the witness many times while McGuire was reading it to the stenographer. During one breathing spell the matter of the alleged conference in Dix's office was brought up. This is the testimony on that point:

Q.—In your conference with Hennessy at the Hotel Utica in Utica, did you tell him about a meeting at the Executive Mansion? A.—I told him I had heard of such a meeting.

Q.—Where did you hear it? A.—It was talked around Albany.

Q.—What did you tell Hennessy? A.—About a meeting of Reel and Mack, where contributions were discussed.

Q.—Who told you about the meeting? A.—It was just a rumor. Probably fifty others had heard the rumor.

Q.—Give me the name of one of the fifty. A.—I can't recall any name.

Q.—Didn't you tell Hencssy that Everett Fowler was appointed collector for the Western part of the State? A.—I told him that I had heard that this had been discussed at a conference.

Q.—What kind of a conference was this? A.—One in which campaign contributions were discussed. I told Hennessy that I had heard of a conference of Reel, Mack, and Fowler.

Q.—So Fowler was there? A.—I heard it.

Q.—You heard that there was a meeting of Fowler, Mack, Reel, and Dix, didn't you? A.—Yes.

Q.—What happened at that meeting? A.—I heard that Fowler was to raise contributions.

Q.—As a matter of fact, William H. Kelley told you about that conference, didn't he? A.—Who? Kelley? No, not Kelley, I didn't know him well enough for that.

Q.—Who did tell? A.—I can't recall.

Q.—If you take two days more of rest, don't you think you can recollect? A.—I don't know.

Q.—Was it a rumor among contractors at Albany that Fowler was designated as collector? A.—Yes.

Q.—Wasn't it common talk among contractors? A.—Yes.

Q.—And they were friends of yours? A.—Yes.

Q.—And they told you about this conference? A.—I can't say that, Mr. Whitman.

Q.—Do you mean to tell his Honor that you can't remember the name of a single contractor who told you this? A.—I have talked to so many contractors that I can't recall.

By Magistrate McAdoo:

Q.—Have you tried to recall? A.—I have tried it, but I don't want to be forced into telling things I can't recall.

In making his "corrections" McGuire admitted that John A. Hennessy had written a list of names of contractors just as they were given by McGuire at the conference at the Hotel Utica.

"I gave him the names of contractors whom I had heard had contributed," read McGuire, "and also such as I thought had contributed. I told him that most of the contractors had been asked and that I had heard that a good many had contributed."

"You told him that you had heard that the Barber Asphalt Company had contributed $5,000," asked Mr. Whitman. "Now, who told you?"

"I don't know. I have no recollection whatever."

McGuire said that he had never asked Fowler for a contribution, but he couldn't recall whether Fowler ever had asked him for a contribution. Kelley had asked him, he said, but only for local campaigns in Syracuse.

"You don't remember a single man who told you anything?" asked the District Attorney, wrathfully.

"I can't honestly tell you a single name," answered McGuire.

"Never mind the 'honestly,'" retorted the District Attorney.

One of the "corrections," ostensibly was a minor one, but Mr. Whitman seized upon it and drove it home. McGuire, it seems, had testified last week that he had never talked to any one who had said that he had paid Kelley any money. In making his corrections he said that he wished to withdraw that statement and substitute that he had "no recollection of talking to any one who had paid Kelley money."

"You changed that, didn't you," shouted the District Attorney, "because you were afraid of having it proved against you that you did talk to certain persons who had paid Kelley money? You were afraid I might produce these persons, weren't you?"

The witness explained at length, but did not succeed in answering the question, and Mr. Whitman did not press it.

The hearing will be resumed at 2:30 o'clock to-morrow, and it is expected that James S. Johnson, the Barber Asphalt Paving Company's sales agent, will be on hand to testify. Mr. Whitman, it is expected, will also have a transcript of the three bank accounts which the McGuires maintained in the National Bank of Syracuse. One of these is the account of McGuire & Co., Incorporated. Another is the joint account of George H. McGuire and James K. McGuire, and the third is a personal account of George H. McGuire.

Information has reached Mr. Whitman that four and a half month before McGuire made his gift of $2,500 the State Highway Department, then dominated by Sulzer, advertised and let twenty contracts for the repairing and construction of highways amounting to $470,037.80. Mr. Whitman, it is expected, will show by records of the Department of Efficiency and Economy that between Aug. 4 and Oct. 7, 1913, the Barber Asphalt Paving Company furnished 36 per cent. of all materials and 40 per cent. of all asphalt used in the repair and maintenance of State highways. It is expected that he will show how this material was bought by the Highway Department.

OSBORNE TAKES UP TASK.

Will Make for Gov. Glynn State-Wide Search for Graft.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—James W. Osborne, former Assistant District Attorney of New York County, after a conference this afternon with Gov. Glynn, said that he would undertake a State-wide investigation into the charges of graft. He convinced Gov. Glynn that he would need $15,000 for the purposes of the investigation.

Osborne accepted an appointment as Commissioner under the Moreland act and immediately named E. C. Warner as his assistant. Warner has been associated with Osborne in several investigations.

As soon as Osborne accepted the appointment many reports made by John A. Hennessy were turned over to him. He and Warner then began preparing for their investigation.

Broad authority has been given to Osborne. Gov. Glynn instructed Osborne to aid District Attorney Whitman in his John Doe inquiry as much as possible. Osborne has not yet been made a Deputy Attorney General.

Effort probably will be made soon to find several graft inquiry reports which disappeared about the time of the departure of Sulzer. If Osborne should trace any of this material, and should need it, he could demand by subpoena that it be produced.

Whether Sulzer or John A. Hennessy will be called at any time to testify regarding any feature of the inquiry has not been determined. After Jan. 1 Sulzer can refuse to testify on the ground that he is a member of the Legislature.

The testimony regarding asphalt contracts given by George H. McGuire in the John Doe proceedings to-day threw new light on charges recently made against Highway Commissioner John N. Carlisle.

Carlisle was accused by representatives of independent asphalt manufacturers of attempting to give the State asphalt business to the Barber Company. This was to be accomplished, it was alleged, by having specifications for asphalt adopted which only the Barber Company could fulfill.

An attorney for the independents made this charge before Gov. Glynn, and was told to put the allegations in writing. This has not been done.

A rumor current at the time the charges first were made was that Carlisle's dismissal was sought by certain politicians. He is a Sulzer appointee. The opponents of Sulzer and his followers hope to see established a connecting link between McGuire, Sulzer, and Carlisle in the asphalt specifications.

EX-GOV. DIX MAKES DENIAL.

Calls Story of Fowler Conference "Absolutely False."

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—Emphatic denial that he ever took part in a conference at which Everett P. Fowler was appointed collector of Democratic campaign funds was made to-night by ex-Gov. John A. Dix.

"I never heard of such a meeting until I read about it recently in the newspapers," he said. "Further than that, I don't believe that Fowler ever was in the Executive Mansion during my incumbency.

"At no time have I been interested in collecting campaign funds for my candidacy or that of any other candidate for Governor. When I made my race I paid my own expenses, and what other candidates for Governor did I do not know. The story is absolutely false."

The appointment of Mr. Osborne then was referred to, and Mr. Dix said:

"Some very interesting features should develop in Mr. Osborne's investigation. He has a good foundation to work on, for he began the prison investigations for me. He will not need to stop when he goes over the ground covered by Hennessy. There is much more to be done."

"Will you lend your assistance?" he was asked.

"In every way I can," ex-Gov. Dix replied.

ADVERTISEMENT.

HELP THE NEEDY TO BE THANKFUL

Of the sick and needy who have turned to us for aid, there are 500 families for whom Thanksgiving will be a day of melancholy instead of gratification unless we speak in their behalf.

In each of these homes, dependent because of some unavoidable misfortune, we want to foster hope again revived, and to stimulate courage for the Winter's struggle.

For $2.50 you can provide a Thanksgiving Dinner and make one family grateful.

The best way to acknowledge mercies received is to pass kindness along—to make some one else thankful.

How many families do you think you should help to express fully your gratitude for blessings conferred?

Send contributions to Robert Shaw Minturn, Treasurer, Room 210, 105 East 22d Street.

NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.

R. FULTON CUTTING, President.

A man is known by the pencil he carries. Users of KOH-I-NOOR Pencils are proud to produce. 17 variations of lead; also Copying. Highest type of pencil perfection. Buy a dozen of your favorite to-day.—Adv.

DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

BAR RHODES MEN BECAUSE TOO ABLE

Foreign Freshmen at Oxford Are Post-Graduates, While Home Rivals Are Boys.

ONE DECISION CRITICISED

Putting of Age Limit on Those Who Enter for Oxford University Sports Regarded as Unfair.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The decisions of the Oxford University Athletic Club officials in reference to the Rhodes scholars have aroused widespread discussion.

In some quarters they are regarded as showing that the British have been taught another lesson on the necessity of specializing, and in others it is felt that the decisions require defending.

The committee's resolutions included a clause to the effect that residence at any time in another university or similar institution should disqualify an undergraduate from competing in the freshmen's sports. This is a bar to Rhodes scholars at junior competitions.

It has been patent for some time that English public school recruits are placed at a disadvantage in freshmen's sports owing to the competition of the post-graduates from America and the over-seas dominions. The majority of these are Rhodes scholars, who, by the laws governing the Rhodes request, must needs show athletic as well as mental ability. It has thus frequently happened that American and colonial champions have become students of Oxford University.

An authority on the subject, writing in The Pall Mall Gazette, says:

"Matters were brought to a head this year by the victory of the 'foreigners' at the freshmen's meeting, when an admittedly poor lot of English schools recruits were pitted against a powerful lot of Rhodes scholars, including many champions."

Not much fault is found with this decision, the Rhodes scholars themselves admitting its justice, but the second clause of the committee's resolutions, placing the age limit at 24 on competitors in university sports, is regarded as distinctly drastic in every sense.

The same writer says this latter move is palpably unfair to the Rhodes scholars and other "foreign" athletes. It is apparently a travesty on the old-time axiom, "Youth will be served." He adds that by common consent the presence of the "foreigners" at Oxford has raised the standard in sports.

Another writer on the subject says it is quite erroneous to suppose that the Rhodesites have been clearing the board in inter-'varsity sports.

Reviewing past records, this writer points out that, on the nine occasions when Oxford has won the inter-'varsity sports since the first Rhodes scholar appeared, the dark blues won five times without the assistance of the Rhodesites, and of the ninety events the Rhodesites claim only sixteen wins. But he doubts if the Englishmen will be able to hold their own in future. He says, judging from the returns of the Oxford Freshmen's sports, the Oxford team next March will be mainly composed of Rhodes men. He adds:

"The Rhodesites are what may be called specialists. They excel in field events, and very seldom at other forms of sport, whereas Englishmen in most cases only indulge in athletics as a side-line."

G. C. Vassall, ex-President of the Oxford University Athletic Club and a member of the committee, says the object of the decisions is to encourage the average public school boy to devote himself more closely to athletics. The clause dealing with university sports does not, he adds, apply to inter-'Varsity sports, but only to Oxford sports.

CUBAN AMNESTY BILL AGAIN.

Amended to Include Carrera and May Pass Despite Protests.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Nov. 19.—The joint committee of the Senate and House has approved the amnesty bill to which the United States Government objected so strongly last April, when the Liberals attempted, under the cloak of amnestying the negro rebels, to free the Liberal employes who were guilty of delinquencies during the Gomez régime.

The Joint Committee amended the bill to include Rafael Carrera, former Secretary of Public Works, who became a fugitive from justice after being held in $10,000 bail on the charge of malversation of public funds.

Senator Bustamente, a Liberal himself, denounced the bill as infamous in the Senate to-day, and appealed to his hearers, regardless of party, to defeat it; but there is a strong probability that the measure will pass, as the Liberals are in the majority, owing to the recent disaffection of the Asbertistas, who were the Administration's allies.

$760 for an Ivory Casket.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The top price at the sale at Christie's to-day of the J. H. Fitzhenry collection of works of art was $760, realized for a casket carved in ivory, Siculo-Arabic of the thirteenth or fourteenth century. The next highest price was $600, paid for a bronze knocker and handle of the sixteenth century from the Palazzo Capello, Venice.

Bacon Sees Panama President.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, Nov. 19.—Robert Bacon, ex-Secretary of State and ex-Ambassador to France, with Minister Price, called on the President and Foreign Secretary here to-day. The President's carriage was placed at his disposal. Mr. Bacon visited points of interest about the city. He will sail to-morrow for New York.

SUIT OVER $2,000,000 DEAL.

English Court Refuses to Interfere in Quarrel Between New Yorkers.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Dr. S. O. Golden of New York asked the Chancery Court to-day to order his brother-in-law, F. Tanini Tagliania, a stock and bond dealer of New York and London, to render a financial statement of transactions relating to $2,000,000 worth of bonds in the National Bituminous Company. Dr. Golden claimed that he was entitled to half the profits on the sale of these bonds under two agreements witnessed by Julian B. Shope, a New York lawyer.

There was much contradiction in the evidence regarding the genuineness of these documents. Tagliania said one of the alleged agreements had been altered from a document left with Dr. Golden for the purpose of enabling the latter to raise money, while the second agreement was a blank document containing his (Tagliania's) signature, given to Golden, to be used if necessary during Tagliania's absence from America.

Golden's counsel described these charges as untenable, and said that if they were persisted in they would have to be met at a trial.

The court said it was not satisfied that either of the parties was more credible than the other. If what Tagliania said was true, there was nothing to fight about. The court therefore refused to interfere.

BULGAR CHAMPION WORSTED

Officer Who Tried to Fight Loti Is Wounded by M. Breittmayer.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Lieut. Torkof, who came to Paris to challenge Pierre Loti, the French author, on account of the latter's articles condemning the alleged atrocities by Bulgarians, to-day crossed swords with Georges Breittmayer, the well-known writer and fencer, and sustained two wounds. M. Breittmayer had also been responsible for newspaper articles reflecting on the behavior of the Bulgarian troops.

The duel was fought at Montmorency, near Paris. The mysterious challenger proved to be a short, thick-set man with a swarthy face and fierce, bristling mustache. From the first M. Breittmayer had a great advantage in skill and reach.

At the end of the third bout the Lieutenant suffered a wound in the right wrist. He insisted on continuing, but he had to retire at the end of the sixth bout owing to a more serious wound in the chest.

The opponents shook hands after the duel and exchanged compliments, Lieut. Torkof crying, "Vive la France!"

TOO PIOUS FOR PRINCESS.

Swedish Court's Slowness the Cause of Princess Maria's Divorce.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Nov. 20.—A telegram from Christiania to The Daily Mail, says:

"The Czar has in principle granted the demand of Princess Maria Pavlovna for a divorce from her husband, Prince William of Sweden. Negotiations for a final settlement are progressing amicably between Stockholm and St. Petersburg. There will be no financial difficulties for the Princess's fortune is placed in Russia.

"On her wedding day the Czar presented to her a beautiful palace in Stockholm. This will fall to her only child, Prince Lennart, aged four.

"Princess Maria's friends in Paris, where she now is, state that the real cause of the divorce is that the Princess finds life at the Swedish Court, with its piety, strict ceremonial, and abstinence from all amusements, too triste for her vivacious temperament."

Chinese Continue Panama Boycott.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, Nov. 19.—Chinese stores in the republic continue closed, the shopkeepers explaining that they are taking stock; but the real reason is that they wish to give Panama a foretaste of the privations that are likely to ensue if the Government enforces the new registration act against the Chinese and insists on the payment of a $250 head tax. They have a monopoly of gardening, provisions and laundries. Prices are already soaring.

ROYALTIES QUARREL OVER BIG FORTUNE

King of Bavaria and His Brother Leopold in Dispute Regarding Estates Worth $7,500,000.

MONEY BEQUEATHED IN 1769

Income Was to Go to the Second Son of Each Elector of Bavaria—King Says His Son Should Have It.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Nov. 19.—The new King of Bavaria is engaged in a serious quarrel with his younger brother, Field Marshal Prince Leopold, according to the Vossische Zeitung, over the right to the revenue from an endowment left in the eighteenth century.

The annual income from this donation is estimated at about $150,000. The estates which yield this sum were bequeathed by Duke Clement of Bavaria in 1769, with the condition that the income from them should go for life to the second son of each Elector who succeeded to the Electorate of Bavaria, which only became a kingdom in 1806. The object was to compensate the younger son for the loss of his succession to the throne.

The last member of the royal family who could prove his title to the endowment was the insane King Otto, now deposed, who ceased to draw the income as soon as he succeeded his brother to the throne in 1886. Since then nobody has drawn the income.

Now, however, King Louis claims the revenue for his second son, Prince Charles, arguing that under the terms of the will Charles is the only existing son of a reigning monarch. Leopold, however, claims that the money was left to compensate whichever of two sons of each generation has not ascended the throne. As his brother has succeeded, he argues that he is entitled to the money.

The capital value of the estates is about $7,500,000.

WEYLER RESIGNS HIS POST.

Gives Up Governorship, as He Disagrees with the New Ministry.

MADRID, Nov. 19.—Capt. Gen. Weyler, of Cuban fame, to-day resigned the Governorship of the Province of Catalonia on the ground that he is a Liberal in politics and disagrees with the policy of the present Conservative Spanish Government.

The General is very popular in Catalonia, and attempts were made to induce him to withdraw his resignation, but without success.

ACCIDENT TO CZAR'S HEIR.

Little Prince Thrown from Motor Car—Escapes with a Few Bruises.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Czarevitch was thrown from an automobile in which he was driving to-day with his attendant, according to a newspaper dispatch from St. Petersburg.

The little heir to the Russian throne, who has for many months been an invalid, escaped with only a few bruises.

H. P. Kirby to be Married in London

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The marriage of Henry P. Kirby, a New York architect, and Adela, daughter of Dillare Brown of Philadelphia, will take place at St. Clement Dane's Church here on Friday.

Mr. Kirby is a member of the firm of Kirby & Petit with offices at 101 Park Avenue.

Bent Bones vs. the EDUCATOR SHOE

The Educator way

The wrong way

TRADE MARK REG.

TAKE off that narrow, pointed shoe which bends your foot-bones and causes corns, bunions, ingrowing nails, etc.

Put on good-looking, broad-toed Rice & Hutchins Educators and feel corns, etc., *melt away.*

For men, women, children, $1.35 to $5.50. Next time you buy shoes, try on the Educator.

It's not an orthopaedically correct Educator, unless Educator is branded on the sole.

Made by RICE & HUTCHINS, Boston, Mass. Makers men's All-Americas, Signets; women's Mayfaire

We sell Rice & Hutchins Educator Shoes

Signet Shoe Co.,

112 West 125th St. and 149th St., Cor. of Third Ave., New York, N. Y.

Chauffeurs' Livery at Saks'

¶ Things depend so very much upon their setting.

¶ Even a Rembrandt must borrow some light and shade other than its own.

¶ And for those people who individualize their chauffeurs with livery, we submit the following:

¶ SUITS, of broadcloth, in blue, brown, black, maroon and green, cut on new lines in accordance with smart motor modes. $55

¶ OVERCOATS, of box cloth, in color to match suit. Full length, single breasted model, with Military front, finished with loops and frogs. Self collar inlaid with velvet. $55 to $70.

¶ And OVERCOATS with the alternative of Persian Lamb collar and cuffs, at $90 and $110.

"Everything for the autoist but the auto!"

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

SAXON PENNIES SOLD.

High Prices at the Carlyon-Britton Auction—One Brings $250.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Two silver pennies of Burgred of Mercia, A. D. 853-874, brought $355 to-day in the sale at Sotheby's of the Carlyon-Britton collection of coins. One of them, from the Evans collection, is an extremely rare type.

A scarce penny of an uncertain King of East Anglia, in the time of Saint Eadmund, was bought by Quaritch for $250. This curious piece, 21.2 grains, was apparently struck contemporaneously with the large memorial coinage of the martyred King Eadmund.

Parsons gave $215 for a penny of Ecgbeorht of Wessex, A. D. 802-828, weight 21.7 grains. It is in fine condition, is extremely rare, and came from the Rashleigh collection. This coin was found near St. Austell.

Colnaghi obtained for $485 two pennies of Eadmond of Wessex, A. D. 940, both well preserved and rare types.

The total to-day was $4,900. The sale will be continued to-morrow.

TABLET ON WRONG HOUSE.

Memorial to Franklin in London Not Where He Lodged.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—A curious mistake has been discovered in connection with the tablet which the Royal Society of Arts set up at 7 Craven Street in 1875 to commemorate the residence of Benjamin Franklin in London.

It was known that Franklin, during his visits to London between 1757 and 1775, always stayed at the house of Mrs. Margaret Stevenson, 7 Craven Street. Recently, however, Sir G. Laurence Gomme, Clerk of the London County Council, found that Mrs. Stevenson was given in the rate books of that period as the tenant of another house in the same street.

The street has since been renumbered on two occasions, and No. 7 has now become No. 36. Therefore the true house in which Franklin lodged is No. 36, on the other side of the street.

NOV. 17 A HISTORIC DATE.

English Congratulations on Passage of First Vessel Through Canal.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—THE NEW YORK TIMES's dispatch telling of the passage of the first vessel through the Panama Canal was cabled here and featured in all the papers. The Pall Mall Gazette says in an editorial article:

"The Isthmus is conquered, and the moment is opportune to offer hearty congratulations to the American people and their engineers and administrators on a work which has tested to the uttermost their resources and determination.

"Monday last is a date of profound importance in the history of navigation and the intercourse between nations."

TURKEYS FOR OUR SAILORS.

Supply Ship Reaches Villefranche—The Wyoming Arrives.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VILLEFRANCHE, Nov. 19. — The American battleship Wyoming, flagship of Rear Admiral Badger, Commander-in-Chief of the Atlantic fleet, arrived to-day from Naples.

The supply ship Celtic has arrived with Thanksgiving dinner turkeys for the sailors of the American ships.

It is expected that the municipality of Nice will entertain the officers of the warships on Saturday.

STORM JIM LARKIN'S MEETING IN LONDON

Students Make an Organized Attempt to Upset It—Many Persons Hurt.

BURN FIREWORKS IN HALL

Agitator from Dublin Able to Proceed with His Speech After Partial Restoration of Order.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—"Jim" Larkin got a hostile reception from a body of students on the occasion of his first appearance in London this evening. He addressed a huge audience in the Albert Hall.

Some hundreds of students from South Kensington colleges marched on the generating station that supplies the hall with electric light with the intention of plunging the building into darkness, but the police had been forewarned and were able to repel the attack.

The students then proceeded to the Albert Hall, breaking street lamps and windows as they went. The police were unable to defend every door of the hall, and some of the students forced their way in and attempted to reach the platform.

Fierce fighting followed, the stewards vigorously defending the position. There was the utmost confusion, sticks flying in the air, sounds of breaking glass being heard, while squibs were thrown into the struggling mass.

Finally the stewards by weight of numbers got the upper hand and pressed back the invaders into the street, where scrimmages between the police and other students had been going on for some time.

LONDON, Nov. 19. — When "Jim" Larkin, head of the Transport Workers' Union of Dublin, or "King Larkin," as he is now dubbed by his adherents here, was liberated a week ago from Mountjoy Prison, Dublin, where he was serving a seven months' term for sedition, he announced that he was going to England "to raise the fiery cross," and he predicted a general strike throughout Great Britain. There was much interest, therefore, in what he might say to-night.

Many persons were injured in free fights before the meeting could proceed. Fireworks were let off amid scenes of pandemonium, and for a time there was danger of a panic. The organist continued playing, however, and the audience began singing Socialist songs, to which the students responded by singing "God Save the King" and "Rule Britannia."

When order was partially restored Larkin went on with his speech, which was mainly devoted to denunciations of the Government in connection with the Dublin strike. The leader of the transport workers showed himself to be master of a rough, discursive style of eloquence.

DEATHS FROM NEW BACILLUS

Cause of Mysterious Mortality in a French Town Is Discovered.

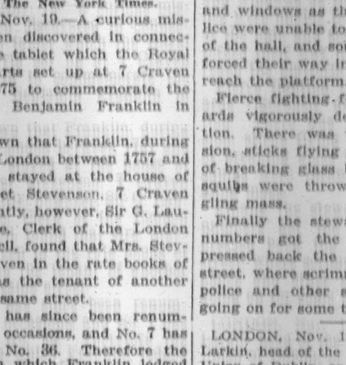
NANTES, Nov. 19.—The recent poisoning of fifty of the guests at a wedding at Cholet, a town in the Department of Maine-et-Loire, was due to a bacillus heretofore unknown to science, which Dr. Rappin, Director of the Pasteur Institute at Nantes, announces that he has succeeded in isolating.

As a result of the poisoning eight persons died, and later other deaths from a mysterious cause occurred in various parts of the town among persons who had not attended the wedding.

The new bacillus varies from one-thousandth to five-thousandths of a millimeter in length and is of a peculiar color. It has been named the "Bacillus Hypertoxicus."

Dr. Rappin is continuing his investigation into the nature of the bacillus.

B



But—

The hardest thing we have to do is to induce business men to *try* the Library Bureau way. They read our advertisements—we know that. They listen to what we say—we know that, too. They admit—to themselves, if not to us—that "L. B." methods would help them.

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Consider, for example, this matter of taking stock. As usually done it is as slow as molasses in January. The "L. B." method is easy, quick, exact.

You use cards. As many clerks as you like can work—without interfering with one another—without noise or confusion. The "shut-down" period is greatly reduced. In fact, in many cases there is no shut-down at all.

"Skips" are guarded against, and extension of prices is easily figured.

More information? Call! Or write for "Taking Stock

UNLESS

Unless we can offer you superior service in the conduct of your building operation—unless we can give you quicker and more economical results than another contractor—there is no reason that we know of why we should be given any preference.

But there is every reason why the service of this company should be investigated before it is rejected.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

Heckling a Woman

is a ticklish sport, especially when the woman is Lady Coryston. And sure enough, she lifts it to the heights of a battle of ideas, and a fine warrior she is—in the finest story Mrs. Humphry Ward has ever written. This new book is called "The Coryston Family."

PARTNERS

¶ The postmistress lost her job after twenty years because she delayed the mails to help her neighbors. "Partners" is Margaret Deland's new book about this girl, about her mother—and the neighbors! A wonderfully sympathetic story it is, and there's a man, too, or else the book couldn't be called "Partners."

MARK TIDD

¶ There's a fat boy who is the courageous and resourceful leader of four live country boys in a new book called "Mark Tidd." It's a story your boy will warm up to—and there's no telling, you might like "Mark Tidd" yourself. Clarence B. Kelland wrote it.

BOOK OF INDIAN BRAVES

¶ Inventing the Cherokee alphabet was Sequoya's job, just as it was Powhatan's to rule over thirty war-like tribes. You know of course that these men were great Indians. Their stories—and many others—are told in a new book called "The Book of Indian Braves," by Kate Dickinson Sweetser. You get acquainted with Sitting Bull, Black Hawk, Tecumseh, and other big red men.

TO-DAY
At any Book Store
Harper & Brothers

The Coward Shoe

Bunion Shoe

Your bunion is in a sorry plight until you house it in a Coward Bunion Shoe.

SOLD NOWHERE ELSE
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PERRIN GLOVES

FAMOUS THE WORLD OVER

FOR MEN FOR WOMEN

PLAYER PIANOS

Don't lose your Piano in exchange for a Player Piano, when you can have it turned into a Player Piano for a moderate charge.

Christman Player Actions can easily be installed in any Piano, and are a great success.

Send for Circular.

USUAL BARGAINS

in used Baby Grand and Upright Pianos in Steinway, Knabe, Sohmer and many others.

$100 UPWARDS

Open Wednesday and Saturday Evenings.

Christman Sons,
35 West 14th St., Bet. 5th & 6th Ave.

Y.M.-Y.W.C.A. TEAMS GET $72,935 MORE

Raising the Total for the Campaign to $2,663,011—Some Pledged Conditionally.

APPEAL FOR $1,000 GIFTS

Committee Says Those Who Have Given Largely Expected Others to Help More.

There was an appreciable increase of joy yesterday at the Y. M.-Y. W. C. A. headquarters, at 25 Broad Street, when the leaders of the campaign to raise $4,000,000 by Nov. 24 announced contributions totaling $72,935, after the slump Tuesday, when only $33,650 was obtained. Yesterday's collections bring the grand total to date to $2,663,011, and the workers have redoubled their efforts to raise the $1,336,989 necessary to complete the fund in the required time, as more than $1,000,000 of the amount subscribed thus far has been given on this understanding.

Executive Chairman George W. Perkins announced yesterday that $100,000 must be subscribed before to-day's luncheon in order to enable him to collect two subscriptions of $25,000 each. A strong impetus toward getting this amount was given yesterday when George Grant Mason of 10 Wall Street gave $10,000 to the fund. He made his contribution through John Sloane, Captain of Team 11 of the Men's Committee.

The largest gift announced yesterday was one of $25,000 from Mrs. John W. Gates, whose son, Charles, died recently while on a hunting trip in Cody, Wyo. Other gifts of $1,000 or more were:

Joseph Milbank	$10,000
Miss E. Hillman	2,000
Anonymous	1,500
Charles W. McAleer	1,000
Phillips Phoenix	1,000
Hayden Stone & Co.	1,000
M. C. D. Borden's Sons	1,000
Anonymous	1,000
Anonymous	1,000
Mrs. Charles R. Crane	1,000
Mr. and Mrs. William Ross Proctor	1,000
William G. Joyce	1,000
Anonymous	1,000
Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt	1,000
Miss Edith Scoville	1,000
Percival S. Hill	1,000
Anonymous	1,000

The Executive Committee, composed of George W. Perkins, Miss Grace H. Dodge, Henry P. Davison, Mrs. Vera Scott Cushman and Mrs. Emma Leavitt Morgan, announced yesterday that the $50,000 contributed by Julius Rosenwald of Chicago is to be used for the building to be erected for colored people. It is understood that Mr. Rosenwald, who has made numerous other contributions for buildings erected for colored men and women, stands ready to give $25,000 toward a building for colored people interested in Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. work in any city whose citizens will contribute $75,000, making the total building fund $100,000.

The official list of contributions by committees and teams yesterday was:

Kingsley Committee	$6,027
Clark Committee	32,112
Kunz Committee	1,201
Women's Committee	26,583
Gross Committee	1,073
Harlem Committee	1,220
Colored Committee	1,709
Grand total yesterday	$72,935
Grand total to date	2,663,011

KINGSLEY COMMITTEE BY TEAMS.

Team 1, Francis Louis Slade, Captain	$1,055
Team 2, James S. Cushman, Captain	1,112
Team 3, Joseph P. Day, Captain	300
Team 4, C. Bedelgan Hoppin, Captain	1,000
Team 5, Wm. I. Schieffelin, Captain	1,125
Team 6, R. H. Montgomery, Captain	1,000
Team 7, John Nicolson, Captain	100
Team 8, J. C. Auchincloss, Captain	660
Team 9, C. S. King, Captain	277
Team 10, George C. Hubbs, Captain	2,068
Total	$8,027

CLARK COMMITTEE BY TEAMS.

Team 11, John Sloane, Captain	$385
Team 12, Lawrence Priday, Captain	85
Team 13, Horton Dams, Captain	1,135
Team 14, Philip W. Henry, Captain	1,210
Team 15, Frank D. K. Butler, Captain	307
Team 16, John Rose Delafield, Captain	143
Team 17, Thomas A. Buckner, Captain	2,840
Team 18, H. E. Almiers, Captain	
Team 19, Cleveland A. Dunn, Captain	25,000
Team 20, Dr. Seth M. Milliken, Captain	1,002
Total	$32,112

KUNZ COMMITTEE BY TEAMS.

Team A, L. H. King, Captain	$983
Team B, D. C. Pinkham, Captain	218
Total	$1,201

WOMEN'S COMMITTEE BY TEAMS.

Team 21, Mrs. E. R. L. Gould, Captain	$5,742
Team 22, Mrs. Francis Louis Slade, Captain	3,100
Team 23, Mrs. Elisabeth W. Dodge, Captain	1,880
Team 24, Miss Emily B. Wilson, Captain	10,850
Team 25, Mrs. Dorothy Perkins, Captain	2,540
Team 26, Mrs. Christine Terhune Herrick, Captain	269
Team 27, Mrs. Florence Stowell, Captain	637
Team 28, Mrs. Elijah W. Bliss, Captain	835
Team 29, Mrs. Nathaniel B. Potter, Captain	402
Team 30, Miss Anna Maxwell, Captain	2,230
Total	$30,535

The Executive Committee, in a statement yesterday, said:

It is of the utmost importance that the citizens of New York should understand the present status of the work in connection with this raising the four-million-dollar fund.

The Executive Committee and its friends secured as many large contributions as they possibly could to announce the opening of the drive. These total $1,337,000 cash, three for $50,000 each, four for $25,000 each, two for $20,000 each, one for $15,000, and one for $10,000, resulting in an average of $2,000,000. But the success of the drive is conditioned upon our securing the total sum of $4,000,000.

Since the campaign opened over 4,000 solicitors have been actively at work securing subscriptions. Their efforts, together with the campaign opening show the willingness of men and women of wealth to help this worthy cause. The large number of small subscriptions already received show the strong desire among people of moderate means to secure for the use of young men and young women of this city the number of buildings which it is proposed to erect.

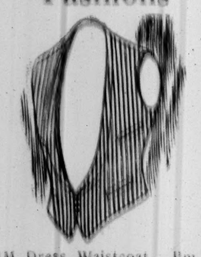
What is needed right now to substantially further the campaign is subscriptions in $500, $1,000, $2,500, and $5,000 amounts. There are a great many people in this city who would make contributions of this size if they could be found and made to understand the importance of this undertaking, but in a city of this size, scattered over so much territory, it is extremely difficult to locate many of these people, and this appeal is made through the press to such people to ask if, without waiting to be solicited, they will not send to H. P. Davison, Treasurer, care of J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, their pledges by letter for such amounts as they feel they can contribute.

If such people will respond to this appeal it will help the Executive Committee materially in its efforts to secure other large contributions as the campaign draws to a close, as the feeling at the present moment among some people who are able to make large contributions is that people simply able to give $1,000 to $10,000 are not responding as generously as are the people of large wealth and those of moderate means.

Remember, the actual money will not be called for at once. The subscriptions are payable in four semi-annual installments covering the years 1914-1915, and the first installment being due Feb. 15, 1914, the second six months thereafter, and so on. A prompt and generous response to this appeal will materially help the campaign.

The campaign for which this appeal is made has been scheduled to close on Nov. 24.

The Voice of Men's Fashions



"I'M Dress Waistcoat. I'm made in black, gray, white and rich colored Brocades. In black, I'm very popular for Full Evening Dress. Mr. Nicoll and his Sons are specialists in a fine assortment for $5, made to measure. Isn't that reasonable? There are others at $10, $12, $15 and $18; so you see this is a 'really-truly' bargain."

Men's Clothes
$25 to $60, made to measure.

Nicoll The Tailor
Donald Nicoll & Sons,
1842 BROADWAY 1914
at 21st St. at 22d St.

SEEKS NEW RUSSIAN TREATY

President Has Not Abandoned the Idea, Says Dr. Wise.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—After a conference with President Wilson to-day Dr. Stephen S. Wise of New York issued a statement saying that the President and Secretary Bryan had not abandoned the idea of pressing a new commercial treaty with Russia that would recognize the passports of American citizens "without distinction of religion or race."

"The President is in a far better position to-day than he was six months ago to negotiate through the State Department and Secretary Bryan the commercial treaty with Russia," says the statement in part. "The President has become in an extraordinary degree the leader of his own party and has come to command the confidence and respect of the whole American people.

"In his dealing with the Mexican problem he has shown the high wisdom and patience of international statesmanship, free from unworthy ambitions. Russia will know that in pressing for a treaty that will recognize the passports of American citizens without discrimination of religion or race, the President represents the American people as well as his own fixed and inflexible convictions."

WOULDN'T QUIT SHIP BLISTERED BY FIRE

Pannonia Officers Here with Rescued from the Balmes Call Capt. Ruiz 'a Grand Sea Dog.'

BESET BY STIFLING SMOKE

Stokers Could Stay at Their Post on Burning Ship for Only Five Minutes at a Time.

When the Cunard Line's steamship Pannonia arrived at her pier yesterday morning bringing the 108 men, women, and children rescued from the burning steamship Balmes in midocean on last Friday, Capt. Robert Capper and his officers said that the heroes of the disaster were Capt. Juan Ruiz and the members of his crew, who fought the flames day and night until they dropped on the deck. Chief Officer Harry McConkey of the Pannonia, who was in command of the first lifeboat, went on board the Balmes with Surgeon Doherty and Purser Williams as a fireman was hoisted from the stokehold of the burning ship in a bowline. He was unconscious from the smoke from the burning cotton, which he had inhaled.

Capt. Ruiz told the chief officer of the Cunarder that the cotton was on fire in No. 2 hold, and that the smoke had penetrated through the wooden bulkhead into the stokehold and engine room, and that it was impossible for the men to stay below for more than five minutes at a time. Under those conditions the engineers and firemen kept steam up from Thursday night until the steamer arrived at St. George's Bermuda, on Sunday morning, where she was beached.

"It was a fortunate thing for the Balmes," said Capt. Capper, "that the wireless operator on the Pannonia managed to get the S. O. S. call sent out by her operator at 1:15 o'clock on Thursday morning, as we were the only ship apparently that received it. The call was so indistinct that I asked to have the message repeated, and then got her position, which showed that she was 287 miles to the south. When Capt. Ruiz flashed the message that his ship was on fire and the passengers were in peril, I replied that the Pannonia was coming to the rescue. The watches in the engine room and stokehold were doubled, and we started to meet the Balmes in a southerly gale and head sea, which reduced our speed down to nine knots. We had no other message from the burning steamer for twelve hours, and could not get her with our short range wireless, which made me anxious, as I was afraid that something might have exploded in her cargo.

"At 2 o'clock in the afternoon we got another message from Capt. Ruiz, stating that the fire was gaining on them and to come as quickly as possible. He also said that his ship was steaming toward us at about five knots an hour. At 7:30 the same night we came up close to the Balmes and hove short under her stern.

"When I got within half a mile of her, Capt. Ruiz signaled that he had sixteen women and fourteen children among the 103 passengers on board and ninety-one of the number were in the steerage. I suggested to him that the transfer to the Pannonia should be made at once if there was any immediate danger, and he replied that his men could manage to keep on till daylight, and it would be safer for the women and children then, as half his crew were laid up, and the rest were fighting the fire.

"On Friday morning, after daylight, I had four lifeboats lowered in charge of the chief, first, third, and fourth officers, with eight seamen in each boat. There was a short, choppy sea on, and it was anxious to get the passengers on board, as the barometer had fallen in the night and there were indications that a storm was coming on. Chief Officer McConkey returned to the ship at 7:08 o'clock with the first load, thirty-seven women and children, who were handed up the accommodation ladder by a chain of stewards and passed along to the second cabin, where there was plenty of warm clothing waiting for them. This had been prepared by the passengers in the first cabin and the stewardesses.

"The next three boats arrived soon, bringing the men passengers, and at 9:16 o'clock the chief officer came back from his second trip with thirty-five passengers. His boat was hoisted to the davits just as the storm broke, and a sea dashed over the upper deck. We finished just in time, and steamed for Bermuda. We kept about two miles away on the starboard beam of the Balmes until we arrived at St. George's on Sunday morning."

All the passengers were rescued, Purser Williams said, and transferred without suffering a scratch, and one woman was 86 years old. Maria Fernandez, who had three children with her, fainted when she arrived on the Pannonia and saw that her little ones were safe.

In the midst of his fight against the fire in the forward part of the ship on Saturday night, Capt. Ruiz, whom the officers of the Pannonia described as "a grand old seadog," remembered that the 106 extra passengers might inconvenience the commissary department of the Pannonia, and he sent this message in broken English to Capt. Capper:

In view, many extra passengers have provisions if you need. We follow without improvement. Smoke is now coming out coal cellar by the wall of wood. Difficulty to throw out coal. I hope that you will accompany me to the last moment.

Earlier in the day he had asked Capt. Capper's advice as to the wisdom of taking the hatcher fro mnumber 2 hold so as to get at the bottled rum, which was stored over the burning cotton. Capt. Ruix feared this might explode, but the Cunard Captain said that as the crew of the Balmes was exhausted he thought it would be better to save their energy to keep up steam so as to reach Bermuda quickly.

Nicholas Arbornies, an engineer from Cuba, who was a passenger on the Balmes, spoke in the highest terms of the gallant conduct of Capt. Ruix and his crew and their fight to keep the fire under. At 4 o'clock on Thursday morning the decks forward were so hot, he said, that planks had to be put down for the sailors to walk upon. The passengers stayed up all that night watching the Pannonia as she manoeuvered around the stern of their ship. They were glad when dawn came on Friday, he asserted. Purser Williams said there was not a murmur from any of the rescued passengers when they came on board the Pannonia. They all wanted to see Capt. Ruix and his crew rescued and then to save their baggage. This was accomplished on Sunday at Bermuda, he said.

Chief Wireless Operator InocencioV. Michavila, on the Balmes, who was at his instrument from Wednesday night until Sunday morning, was complimented by Capt. Ruiz in the presence of the Pannonia's officers, who went on board the burning ship. Stanley G. Rattee, senior operator on the Panonnia, had to do double duty throughout the rescue, and he was exhausted when the ships got to Bermuda. His assistant, Edward Murphy, was in the ship's hospital suffering from a mild attack of pneumonia. When told that Rattee was worn out, Murphy insisted on going to the instrument while his chief had a rest. He worked for four hours wrapped in blankets.

Capt. Ruiz sent his photograph to Capt. Capper, with an inscription thanking him and his officers and crew for their aid. The passengers from the Spanish ship were taken to Ellis Island, and will depart on the Pannonia on next Saturday for Cadiz. Capt. Capper spoke in the highest terms of the conduct of his officers and crew. His ship was delayed three days and a half in going to the assistance of the Balmes.

Often Ill Health

Can be traced directly to wrong food and drink.

This cause, more than any other, creates personal discomfort—often disease.

Your doctor can confirm that coffee contains a drug, caffeine, which is the common cause of headache, biliousness, indigestion, nervousness, heart trouble, and a long train of aches and ills which bring misery to many who might otherwise be well and happy.

Anyone who values health enough to make an easy test can be free from coffee ills by changing to

POSTUM

This pure food-drink, made of prime wheat and the juice of southern sugar-cane, is absolutely free from the coffee drug, caffeine—the cause of coffee troubles.

Postum now comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be well boiled.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A spoonful dissolved in a cup of hot water, with sugar and cream to taste, makes a delicious beverage **instantly**.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

PLACE ON SPECIAL SALE TO-DAY

Women's Velveteen Suits

34.00

Formerly up to 59.50

Four of this season's most desirable models in all the favored shades. Some fur trimmed.

Women's Fur Trimmed Silk-Velvet Suits

55.00

Formerly 85.00

Exact reproduction of Premet model in black, navy blue, tete de negre and green. Skunk-raccoon collar.

Women's Fur Trimmed "Tailleur" Suits

25.00

Formerly up to 49.50

Short coat model of diagonal cloth, tour de cou fur collar. In black, navy, brown, wine.

Fifth Avenue at 38th Street

TIFFANY & CO.

OLD ENGLISH SILVER

NEW YORK PARIS LONDON

LAMP SETS WOMAN AFIRE.

Aged Widow of Nyack Dead Before Firemen Reach Her.

Special to The New York Times.

NYACK, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Mrs. William N. Bannister, a widow, 80 years old, was burned to death at her home in Midland Avenue to-night. She was alone in the house. As she lighted a lamp it fell to the floor, setting fire to her clothing.

Firemen responded to an alarm, and William Jupp risked his life in trying to carry the woman from the burning building. He was severely burned when he reached the street with Mrs. Bannister in his arms. The woman was burned beyond recognition.

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

We Make It To Your Advantage To

Do Your Christmas Shopping Early

The Big Store, this year, as in past years, places itself on record as being heartily in sympathy with the movement inaugurated for EARLY CHRISTMAS SHOPPING.

And there is every good reason why you should do your Holiday shopping earlier. You can certainly make your selections in greater comfort NOW than later on when the inevitable Christmas rush sets in.

Furthermore, assortments are at their very best now, and your choice is more attractive.

This advantage is for everybody.

And As a Further Inducement, TO OUR CHARGE CUSTOMERS:

All purchases made until Dec. 10th, inclusive, will be entered on bills rendered Feb. 1st, 1914.

And if you are not a charge customer already, we will make it easy for you to become one. Details may be had on application to our Department of Accounts, Balcony, Main Building.

GREENHUT BUILDING

A Rare Opportunity to Buy Finest

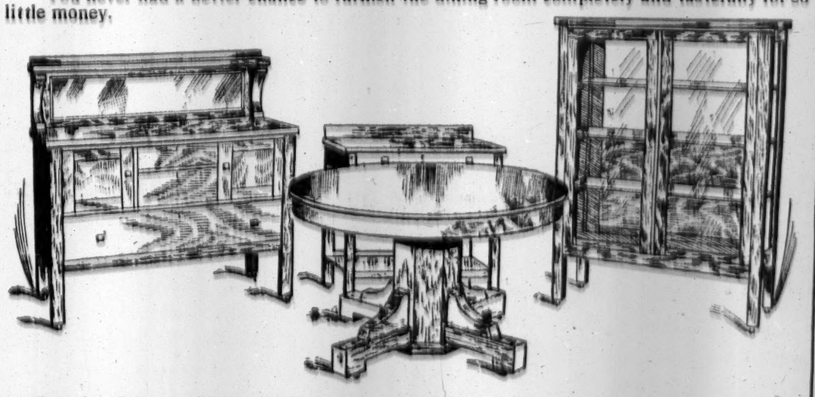
Dining Room Furniture

'Way Under Regular Prices

With Thanksgiving just "around the corner," this great furniture selling occasion takes on a double importance.

This Is Really THE Sale of the Season

You never had a better chance to furnish the dining room completely and tastefully for so little money.



$125 Four-piece Suites—as illustrated; consists of 54-inch buffet, china closet, 48-inch round 6-ft. extension table and serving table; made of selected quartered oak; finished a rich fumed oak color; today, at $97.50

$400 Ten-piece Dining Room Suites—solid mahogany; "Adams" inlaid suite; consists of large buffet, china closet, sewing table, extension table, five side chairs and one arm chair; design of the latest; material, workmanship and finish of the best; today, at $315

$475 Antique Mahogany 10-piece "Adam" Suites—consists of buffet, extension table, crystal closet, serving table, five side chairs and one arm chair; today, at $350

$380 Solid Mahogany Four-piece Colonial Suite—today, at $285

$625 Ten-piece Dining Room Suites—antique mahogany; "William and Mary" suite; consists of large buffet, extension table, china closet, 4 side chairs and 2 arm chairs; today, at $495

$300 Solid Mahogany Ten-piece Sheraton Inlaid Suites—consists of buffet, china closet, serving table, extension table, five side chairs and one arm chair; today, at $200

$250 Waxed Quartered Golden Oak Colonial Dining Room Suites; today, at $165

GREENHUT BUILDING

$7.50 Lace Bed Sets $4.75

Only 200 On Sale in Our Upholstery Department, Today, at

Exquisite specimens of lace-making. These bed sets are snow-white, beautiful and perfect; exquisitely made of ruffled net of good quality, with four corners and large center motif of Renaissance.

MAIN BUILDING

TOYS

Another Message from Toy Town, the Home of Santa Claus

This happyland for children is rapidly rounding into shape even now there's a surprise at every turn.

Three specials for today:

$5.98 Juvenile Street Automobiles—richly decorated; adjustable seats; solid rubber tires; very sturdy vehicles; at $4.45

$3 Special Express Wagons—set up with bolts and screws; reinforced wheels; complete with seat; at $2.29

$1.50 "Giant" Mechanical Train Outfits—this set consists of track, an extra large locomotive, tender and Pullman coach; also a beautifully decorated tunnel; at 89c

GREENHUT BUILDING

Extra-Size Rugs

Desirable Patterns and Colorings in Wiltons, Axminsters, and Brussels Specially Priced for Today

America's best manufacturers have contributed some excellent specimens of their craft to this sale of extra size rugs. Economies are most marked.

10.6x12 Wilton Rugs

Choice colorings in attractive designs.

Regularly	Sale Price	Regularly	Sale Price
$45.00	$30.50	$30.50	$12.50
Regularly $47.50	Sale Price $30.50		

Size 11.3x12; regularly $47.50; at $39.50

$36.50 Body Brussels Rugs—size 9x12; at $31.50

$22.50 Tapestry Brussels Rugs—size 11.3x12; at $17.50

11.3x12 Axminster Rugs

Regularly	Sale Price	Regularly	Sale Price
$37.50	$19.50	$32.50	$24.50

Size 10.6x13.6; regularly $32.50; at $27.50

Size 12 x 15; regularly $39.50; at $32.50

Size 10.6x12; regularly $20.50; at $18.50

(Mill samples; slightly mismatched.)

MAIN BUILDING

Our Cut Flower Special

Maryland, Killarney, Sunburst and Other Long-Stemmed, Fragrant ROSES

Elsewhere $1 to $1.50 a dozen; our price, today, a dozen 75c

LARGE, BEAUTIFUL CHRYSANTHEMUMS, each 15c

The Big Store — A City in Itself

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.

Sixth Avenue — J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. — 18th to 19th Streets

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter.

King William IV V·O·P Scotch Whisky

Quality Never Varies

The Saintlever

FOOTBALL is to Fall and Winter what baseball is to Spring and Summer—a rollicking, blood-tingling sport that sets the onlooker's heart tripping and his pulses skipping. "Keeping warm" is "cold work" unless you etch the thought into your mind that comfort starts *at the feet.*

The beau-ideal of a rough-and-rugged boot for watching football games is the Regal "*Weston*" Blucher. It is made of *Russet Oil Grain Leather* with a heavy winter-weight sole, double-thick clear back to the heel. The toe is roomy, the shank is broad and the low heel is solid leather, slightly flanged. Combination back-stay and pull-strap; blind eyelets and Gothic hooks for English leather thongs or tubular laces; lined with wear-withstanding Brown Duck—$5.

This stalwart, strapping Regal Blucher will keep you *warm-footed* and *dry-shod* on the dampest days and in whipping winds, from "kick-off" to "goal."

No "interference" with style either. The "*Weston*" is a double of the "custom boot" of the highest caste at half the "custom boot" cost. On view in Regal Windows today.

Exclusive Custom Styles
$4 *to* $5

Regal Shoe Company

MANHATTAN
175 Broadway — Broadway at 57th
Broadway at Duane — 45 W. 34th St.
Broadway at Spring — 8th Ave. at 21st St.
Broadway at 10th — 14th St. at 5th Ave.
Broadway at 27th — 125th St. at 7th Ave.

NEWARK, N. J.
825 Broad St. — 108 Newark Ave.

BROOKLYN
801 Broadway — 1313 Broadway — 512 Fulton St.
1540 Broadway — 257 Fulton St. — 466 Fifth Av.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J.

The Always Welcome Doll

has been childhood's supreme toy. In this, *America's greatest toy store*, you will find at most moderate prices, the widest variety of beautiful dolls—from the simplest to the most gorgeous productions of the doll-maker's art.

F.A.O. SCHWARZ
TOYS and GIFTS
Fifth Avenue at 31st Street

SILVERWARE
Always a Joy to look upon when Cleaned and Polished with
ELECTRO SILICON
The Unrivalled SILVER POLISH
Put up in either CREAM or POWDER form
Quickly removes all dirt and tarnish and imparts a wonderful lustre without scratching or marring. Free from acids or other injurious substances. Equally effective for Nickel, Aluminum and all fine metals. Send address for Free Sample.
Electro Silicon Co. 80 Cliff St. N. Y.
Sold by Grocers, Druggists and all Leading Dealers.

REPUBLICANS SPENT $112,490 IN CAMPAIGN

Receipts for the Year Were $117,585—Indebtedness Now Amounts to $55,000.

600 SUBSCRIBERS TO FUND

Morgan & Co. Gave $15,000, Wm. Rockefeller $10,000, J. D. Rockefeller and Carnegie $5,000 Each.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—A statement was filed with the Secretary of State to-day by Harry H. Bender as Treasurer of the Republican State Committee, covering the period from Dec. 14, 1912, to Nov. 10, 1913. This shows receipts of $117,585.98 and disbursements of $112,490.34. The balance for the payment of bills rendered, outstanding accounts in process of adjustment and current maintenance expenses is $5,095.64.

The outstanding liabilities of the committee include these loans: Oct. 17, 1911, note, $10,000; July 20, 1912, note, $20,000; Nov. 20, 1912, note, $4,850; Nov. 5, 1913, $15,000; in addition its unpaid bills for printing, stationery, supplies, &c., $940; total, $55,790.

Up to Sept. 27 last the contributions amounted to $31,015, showing that the greater amount was given during the late campaign. The contributions were from more than 600 persons and firms, and included: J. P. Morgan & Co., $15,000; William Rockefeller, $10,000; John D. Rockefeller, and Andrew Carnegie, each $5,000; Elihu Root, $4,000; Henry Phipps, George F. Baker, and Charles A. Peabody $2,000 each; William M. Cohen, $1,700; Grant B. Schley, A. D. Juilliard, J. D. Archbold, Chauncey M. Depew, and George Eastman, each $1,500. Other subscribers were:

$1,000.

F. L. Hine, H. P. Davison, Edward W. Hatch, P. Pershing, Francis L. Leland, J. and W. Seligman & Co., William M. Cohen, Grant B. Schley, James G. Watson, C. F. Love, Charles W. Harkness, D. P. Huntington, Edward L. Harkness, and Arthur Curtiss James.

$750.

Henry W. Taft, H. W. Arnold, W. H. Sage, and William B. Guthrie.

$500.

Henry Cockcroft, Albert W. Wiggin, William F. Cloos, Eral C. Stevens, Frank Smith, William B. Miller, R. A. C. Smith, David P. Phelps, Alonzo E. Kellogg, W. D. Baldwin, C. H. Kelsey, Richard Young, William B. Ogden, James A. Blair, Ogden Mills, D. Hoyt, Charles Gibson, Thomas F. Dunn, J. P. Morgan, George F. Baker, Jr., William J. Visscher, George Crocker, John F. Dana, John Bainbridge, Horace Hardine, William Dorn, Daniel G. Reid, A. M. Patterson, L. N. Littauer, H. M. Sage, Dudley Olcott, John J. Riker, J. S. Bache, John D. Prat, J. P. Morgan, Jr., E. L. Knapp, H. H. M. Flagler, Samuel Wallen, and J. W. Wadsworth.

$400.

Louis Marshall.

$300.

G. Walbaum and George D. B. Bonbright.

$250.

Charles H. Young, J. Ledlie Rees, F. S. Witherbee, James W. Beck, Hanan & Son, C. N. Bliss, Jr., F. O. Stretcher, Charles Weise, Bausch & Lomb Company, Gustave Lobe, Reuben M. Heid, James G. Cannon, Lloyd S. Bryce, Herbert T. Pratt, George C. Schaefer, and A. B. Houghton.

$200.

Mary Clark Thompson and Edmund Wetmore.

$150.

Grosvenor A. Hollister.

$100.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Charles W. Lozier, William M. Calder, Seth Low, Edward Townsend, Martin Saxe, Adolph Lewisohn, Percy R. Pyne, Nathan Hollister, Herbert Parsons, Benedict J. Greenhut, Moses Ottinger, N. F. Pond, James A. Burden, Richard A. Hudnut, Frank B. Brower, Charles E. Rushmore, Herbert L. Satterlee, Howard Conkling, Frank B. Gilbert, and others.

The expenditures are enumerated in 631 items, dating from Nov. 27, 1912, and include $15,000 on Jan. 11, 1913, to the New York Trust Company to pay a note due Feb. 1, 1913. The County Committees received for election expenses sums ranging from $250 to $1,000.

The election statement of the McCall League of Brooklyn shows these receipts: John H. Delaney and Eugene F. Moran, $50 each; Eugene Judge, Joseph J. B. La Marsh, William J. Glacken, Edward F. Glacken, J. J. Byrne, P. J. Collins, William G. Morrisey, J. J. O'Leary, and John Hughes, each $25; James Shevlin, James A. Farrell, and Denis Norton, $100 each; Charles Kerrigan, $15; total, $640. The disbursements totaled $562.01, leaving a balance of $77.99.

FAVOR NEW BUS LINE.

Central Mercantile Association Wants a Franchise for Five-Cent Fare Company.

The Central Mercantile Association has sent to Mayor Kline and the Board of Estimate a petition supporting the application of the Five Cent Fare Bus Line for a franchise in this city. The association represents 400 retailers in the territory bounded by Twenty-third and Fourteenth Streets, Fourth Avenue and North River.

Those signing the petition included Clarkson Cowl of James A. Hearn & Son, President B. J. Greenhut of the Greenhut-Siegel Cooper Company, Alexander Maclachlan of Oneill-Adams Company, Henry Siegel of the Simpson Crawford Company, John A. Butler of the Fourteenth Street Store, H. A. Weatherbee of Arnold Constable & Co., George Taylor of Altkin Sons & Co., A. Ross Appleton, President of the Security Bank, and William T. Evans of Mills & Gibb.

QUITS METAL PRODUCTS CO.

Clayton E. Bailey Resigns as President and Director.

Clayton E. Bailey, who has been at the head of the United States Metal Products Company since Sept. 1, has resigned as President, and also as Director, and hereafter will devote his entire attention to the business of the Art Metal Construction Company, of which he is the President.

The Art Metal Construction Company, it was learned yesterday, no longer has any substantial interest in the United States Metal Products Company, and this fact prompted Mr. Bailey's resignation.

MERRITT SHORT $140,000.

Tuckahoe and Branchville May Be Brought Near Bankruptcy.

Special to The New York Times.

TUCKAHOE, N. Y., Nov. 19.—It developed to-day in the investigation of the affairs of Former Supervisor Henry C. Merritt of Tuckahoe, who has been missing since a week before election, that the financial affairs of the town of East Chester, which takes in Tuckahoe and Branchville, are badly tangled and apparently about $140,000 is missing. Accountants from the State Controller's office have completed their investigation of Supervisor Merritt's books, and their report will be filed at Albany to-morrow.

The State's representatives reported to the Town Council last night that there was credited to "Henry C. Merritt, Supervisor," $97,778.01 as town funds, in two Westchester County banks. In the Gramatan National Bank at Bronxville there is $60,824.90 in Merritt's name as Supervisor and $1,109.07 to the credit of the highway fund. In the Westchester Trust Company, Yonkers, there are town funds amounting to $36,141.24.

Supervisor-elect Frederick Close, who before election charged Merritt with mismanagement of the town funds and forced his resignation, has filed his bond, but it is said that he may have trouble getting possession of the town moneys because they are deposited in Merritt's name. There is considerable apprehension among the taxpayers, because if it should be true that Mr. Merritt is short $140,000 or more and the town is unable to collect only a part of it from his bondsmen the town may be on the verge of bankruptcy.

The State auditors found that $300,000 of sewer bonds had been sold and about $100,000 of this sum had been paid out on contract work. There is still a large sum due the contractors, which they were unable to collect from Merritt. What has become of the general town account and the California road improvement funds has not been reported.

It is also said that no trace can be found of a certificate of indebtedness which had been issued on June 20, 1910, for the sum of $88,882.79 to George M. Hahn & Co.

Judge Mayer, in the United States Court, has appointed Benjamin M. Freeman of Mount Vernon receiver for Merritt.

There appears to be no trace of Merritt, and it was learned on the highest authority to-night that his wife has not received a word from him since he disappeared. Mrs. Merritt, as well as Merritt's mother, who is 80 years old, are heartbroken, and it is feared that grief will kill the latter. Merritt has been traced to Philadelphia, where he visited an eye specialist. It is believed he is in some sanitarium near that city or else has gone to Europe. He was nearly blind in one eye and was under treatment when he left Tuckahoe.

SCHMIDT'S TRIAL GOES OVER

Counsel for the Priest-Murderer Asks for Alienists for the Defense.

The trial of Hans Schmidt, the priest, who has confessed that he murdered and dismembered Anna Aumuller, was postponed until next Tuesday when the case was called yesterday before Judge Foster in Part V., Court of General Sessions. The adjournment was made at the request of William M. K. Olcott, who said that as counsel for Schmidt he had been called into the case too late to prepare a defense.

Mr. Olcott made an application for the appointment of two alienists to examine Schmidt. Judge Foster will hear argument to-day on this application. Mr. Olcott said that one of the two alienists of the defense had said that it would be "slaughter" to proceed with the trial while Schmidt is in his present condition. Judge Foster questioned the word "slaughter," to Mr. Olcott insisted that the alienist had used that term.

Mr. Olcott said that the defense relied wholly on the insanity defense. He said that Schmidt's mental state made it impossible for counsel to confer with him. Schmidt, according to Mr. Olcott, did not consider himself insane. The prosecution has four alienists who will testify that Schmidt is sane and that his appearance of insanity is a sham. They are Dr. Charles F. MacDonald, Dr. William Mabon, Dr. George H. Kirby, and Dr. Henry Dietendorff.

A special panel of 250 talesmen was called for the trial. Schmidt was kept in an ante-room and taken back to the Tombs after the adjournment of the case without appearing. Alphonse G. Koelbe and Terence J. McManus, in addition to Mr. Olcott, appeared for the defense.

Mayor Kline Has the Grip.

Mayor Kline is confined to his home in Jamaica with an attack of grip. He is expected at the City Hall today. Secretary Robert Adamson said that the Mayor had to cancel his engagement at the Horse Show as well as an engagement at the Republican Club, where a dinner was to have been given in his honor last night.

CARROLL MEN THREW VOTERS FROM POLLS

Witnesses Corroborate Defendant Who Testified for State in Primary Fraud Case.

ONE MAN EJECTED TWICE

Got Into Brooklyn Primaries Finally by Pretending to be a Carroll Supporter.

At the third day of the trial of State Senator Daniel J. Carroll, Democratic leader of the Fourteenth Assembly District, Brooklyn; Lawyer Luke O'Reilly, and three others on charges of conspiracy and the intimidation of election officials at the primaries in March, 1912, before Justice Kelby in the Supreme Court of that borough yesterday, the testimony of Thomas Owens on the preceding day as to the disturbances at the polling place, 86 North Sixth Street, was corroborated in many details.

Owens is one of the defendants in the trial, but he turned State's evidence. He said that gangsters were in the polling place to support the Carroll faction, and that no attempt was made to stop repeating. Voters were watched in the booths by Carroll supporters, he asserted, to see how they marked their ballots. He said that at a signal from O'Reilly some voters who were suspected of not being Carroll supporters were ejected from the polling place.

David M. Rosenthal of 101 Grand Street, the first witness examined yesterday, testified that he was thrown out of the polling place twice before he was able to vote. He said he was standing in line waiting to vote, when he was approached by a man whom he recognised as a Carroll supporter. Rosenthal wanted to vote for McKeon, who was opposing Carroll in the contest for the leadership of the district. The witness said he told one of Carroll's followers that he was going to vote for Carroll, and was then told to go around in back of the polling place and knock on the door three times.

"It was pitch dark," said the witness, "but I went through an alley to the back of the polling place. As I reached the door, one of Carroll's men was there. He lighted a match and, seeing me, said: 'I know you,' and pushed me another man. I was hustled out of the alley and thrown into North Sixth Street. I made another attempt later to get into the place, and two men standing in the entrance threw me out again. Half an hour later I tried for the third time, and managed to get into the rear room, where there was a crowd. There was an argument between two men there and a fight started. While the row was on I forced my way into the front room, where the voting was going on."

"Tell us what happened when you tried to vote," said Assistant District Attorney William F. Allen, who was examining the witness.

"I finally got my ballot after pushing my way through the crowd, who were all trying to vote. I then took my ballot to the nearest booth in the front room and marked it. As I was leaving the booth I saw O'Reilly give a signal by a jerk of his head. I was jostled, and some man, a stranger to me, grabbed the ballot from my hand. I shouted for my ballot, and then I saw Owens grab it."

On cross-examination by Robert H. Elder, the witness admitted that Owens put his ballot in the ballot box. Owens was an election inspector at the polling place. The witness admitted that he knew it was unlawful for him to enter the polling place by the rear entrance.

Peter Penman Goeman, a machinist of 227 Wythe Avenue, who was a ballot clerk at the polling place, testified that voting went on after the hour for the polls to close. Goeman then told of a disturbance when Michael Rosenthal, an election inspector for the McKeon faction, tried to interfere on behalf of his party. The witness said that he heard Daniel J. Carroll shout, "Put that man out." Rosenthal was lifted over a partition and thrown out into the street, he said.

McCOMBS WON'T HELP.

As National Chairman He Can't Join in Anti-Tammany Warfare.

William F. McCombs, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, does not intend to take an active part in the overthrow of Tammany Hall or the establishment of a rival Democratic organization in New York City, according to a statement he made yesterday. Before he left for Washington Mr. McCombs said:

"I have seen the reports in the papers intimating that I might take some part in the factional differences in the Democratic Party in this city. As Chairman of the Democratic National Committee my duty lies in strengthening the Democratic Party wherever I can be of assistance.

"I have given no intimation that I might take part in any local dissension, but have merely listened to what has been said. My proposed visit to Washington has nothing to do with the New York situation. I wish to devote as much of my time as possible to my private affairs, as long neglected."

It was said yesterday that, while Mr. McCombs has no intention of taking an active part in the plan for the reorganization of the Democratic Party in the city, nevertheless he was willing to cooperate actively with the forces seeking to bring such a condition of affairs about. It was said that he felt that the chances of Tammany Hall's defeat were such that he was interested in the rehabilitation of the party, and that he would help to put it back on a basis of permanency. This plan was kept secret, for some months past.

Several of the staunchest district leaders in the Fourteenth Street organization launched yesterday in the face that nothing could be delivered. Thomas F. Foley, leader of the Second District, and Surrogate Frederick Hand, leader of the Fifth District, talk of dismissing from among the leaders any of the organization there may be who cannot "deliver the goods." Foley and Hand say that the leaders who cannot absolutely be counted upon to get out and work for the party because they have no doing them no good. Why should we turn on ship? We know the truth about the campaign and we know that our defeat was not his fault."

FIRE DRILL AVERTS PANIC.

Used with Good Effect at Blaze in Philanthropic Hospital.

When fire was discovered in a storeroom on the third floor of the Philanthropic Hospital, at Fifth Avenue and 126th Street, yesterday afternoon, the regular drill of the institution sent every physician, nurse, and orderly to his or her place. Fire escape doors were opened, stretchers were carried to those of the twenty-four patients unable to walk, and nurses took up the work of preventing panic.

Meanwhile Mrs. Josephine Munro, the Superintendent, together with several nurses and physicians, had gone to the storeroom, and with fire extinguishers succeeded in putting out the blaze without need of the Fire Department, and before it had done more than $500 damage. There was not so much as a breath of excitement during the entire episode.

BARNES WON'T BE DRIVEN.

Waits to See What State Leaders Thinks of His Resignation.

William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee, told his friends yesterday that he had no intention of resigning, unless at the conference of Republican State leaders, to be held on Dec. 8 in this city, it was the unanimous opinion of those present that his resignation would aid in the rehabilitation of the party. Mr. Barnes would make no statement on the matter yesterday, but one of his friends said:

"Mr. Barnes wants it distinctly understood that he does not intend to be coerced or forced from the Chairmanship. Mr. Barnes feels that he knows the attitude of nearly all Republican leaders, and that there will not be any effort made at the coming conference to force him to resign. The only object of the conference is to get together in interchange the leaders and they all agree that the only reason that would justify the Chairman's resignation would be that the best interests of the party and the harmony of its members was at stake. The purpose of the conference is to discuss plans for the reorganization of the Republicans in the State and to consider measures which will be taken up by the Republican members of the Assembly at the coming session in Albany. Senator Elihu Root will make the principal speech at the opening of the conference, and leaders from all over the State will be heard.

SET FAST PACE FOR FUNERAL

Policeman Says Auto Was Making 32 Miles an Hour.

Magistrate Leach in the Long Island City Police Court gave a hearing yesterday to Christian Fricker of 474 West 140th Street on a charge of violating the automobile speed laws. Fricker is a chauffeur employed by a Manhattan undertaker who runs an automobile hearse and automobiles for mourners.

A funeral procession led by an automobile in which were heaped many floral pieces and followed by an automobile hearse and other automobiles crossed Queensboro Bridge on Tuesday afternoon and started for the Queens Boulevard toward Calvary Cemetery.

Fricker was in charge of the leading automobile and according to Policeman Harry E. Shelly he set a swift pace for the procession. When Shelly finally caught up with Fricker he says his automobile was going at the rate of thirty-two miles an hour. A summons was served on Fricker ordering him to appear in court. Fricker was released on a suspended sentence by Magistrate Leach.

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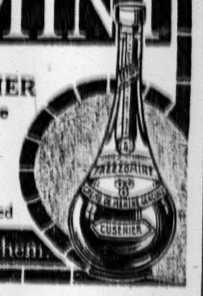

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Only three days more of the Anniversary Sale—Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

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A CONSERVATIVE mortgage usually is not called at maturity.

We have loaned many millions of dollars with this result. We would like to make you such a loan on your real estate!

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TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co
Capital . . $ 5,000,000
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A street merchant in a Western city, it is said, exhibits on his pushcart a large bowl in which swim about several scores of gold fish.

On the bowl, conspicuously lettered, hangs a large card which reads:

All the Gold Fish You Ladle Out for a Nickel

It is seldom indeed that a customer can get more than one in the ladle.

The methods of this merchant transplanted to the metropolis appear, we regret to say, in the advertising and the service of some stores.

With such a store you trade once; that is the Store's fault.

If you trade a second time, it is your fault.

Value—

that something with a million-and-one definitions, which we all seek in exchange for our money, is surest to be found where a reputation for the square deal, the open path, the bright light has been established.

Macy's, the store that both buys and sells for cost only, can and does give you lowest-in-the-city prices, and gives you service that spells satisfaction.

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Ask to be directed to the Floor Superintendent's Office on any floor if you have cause for dissatisfaction at any time which the Salesperson or Floor Man does not adjust to your complete satisfaction.

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WANT CHURCHILL OUT OF SCHOOL BOARD

Seth Low and Other Educators Ask Mayor Kline Not to Reappoint Him.

SAY HE HAS HURT SYSTEM

Churchill Says He Knew of Plan to Attack Him and Defends His Supporters in the Board.

President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University and twelve associates sent to Mayor Kline yesterday a letter advising against the reappointment of Thomas W. Churchill as a member of the Board of Education. Mr. Churchill is the President of the Board. He has conducted a vigorous campaign to curtail the powers of City Supt. W. H. Maxwell. In this policy he is said to have had the approval of the late Mayor Gaynor.

On behalf of Mr. Churchill, it was stated that it was his belief that the death of his sponsor, Mayor Gaynor, was the cause of the present move to prevent his reappointment. His term expires on Jan. 1, but Mayor Kline is expected to name his successor or to reappoint him during the present month.

The general view expressed by members of the board yesterday was that Supt. Maxwell was probably directly responsible for the fight against Mr. Churchill, and that the raising of the "free speech" issue by Mr. Maxwell a few weeks ago was merely preliminary to the present move. Mr. Maxwell's term of office does not expire until March 16, 1916.

On seeing a copy of the letter addressed to Mayor Kline Mr. Churchill said he had expected this fight for some time, and had been so confident that it would be made in the way it has that he had written to an evening paper protesting against the plan. He added:

"I must have made a pretty vigorous President or I wouldn't have stirred up such men as these."

This is the letter sent to Mayor Kline:

New York, Nov. 18, 1913.

To the Hon. Ardolph L. Kline, Mayor of the City of New York, City Hall, New York City.

Sir: The undersigned citizens and taxpayers, who are especially concerned with education and who take a deep interest in the organization and conduct of the city school system, being zealous for the maintenance of the reputation which the schools have gained during the past twenty years for efficiency and non-political administration, respectfully ask that men and women of the highest possible type be sought to accept the appointments to the Board of Education that are soon to be made by you.

During the past two years the Board of Education has steadily and rapidly deteriorated. The merit system of promoting and appointing teachers has been interfered with and endangered. Steps have been taken to weaken or to nullify the authority and the responsibility of the professional officers of the school system for the purely scholastic work of the schools. Legislation has been advocated in open defiance of the best civic and educational sentiment.

We urgently ask for a prompt return to the higher standards which long existed in the Board of Education. In particular, we ask that the present President of the Board of Education, Mr. Churchill, to whose influence the present unhappy condition of the city school administration is chiefly due, and those who have been closely associated with him, be not reappointed.

Respectfully,

Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University; Abraham Flexner, Seth Low, Henry S. Fritchett, Charles C. Burlingham, Felix Adler, Julius Sachs, Henry W. Taft, Frederick J. E. Woodbridge, Dean of Graduate Faculties, Columbia University; Felix M. Warburg, Frederic R. Coudert, Otto T. Bannard.

Four of the signers—Henry W. Taft, Felix M. Warburg, Frederic R. Coudert, and Charles C. Burlingham—are former members of the Board of Education. The others are well known for their interest in educational matters.

Late last night Mr. Churchill gave out this reply to the letter:

I have read the open letter to Mayor Kline. It is alleged that during the past two years the Board of Education has steadily and rapidly deteriorated. Whether this means through my influence, or through the new members appointed by the late Mayor Gaynor during that period, I do not know. In so far as it affects me personally, I have nothing to say. In so far as it affects the Board of Education, I feel that I should say this:

The board consists of forty-six members. During the last two years eleven new members were appointed. Their names are: Mrs. Deba C. Bamberger, Mrs. Ella W. Kramer, Joseph Barondess, Henry J. Bigham, Ernest F. Eilert, the Rev. James M. Farrer, Isadore M. Levy, Henry P. Morrison, Morton Stein, Ernest W. Stratmann, and Ira S. Wile, M. D.

They represent men and women active in educational and charitable work, many of whom have served the schools through prior membership in the local school boards, and all of whom have given freely of their time and services for the interest of the schools. It cannot lie in the mouth of any man knowing these members to say that they have been the cause of deterioration in the Board of Education or any other board.

Any one who knew Mayor Gaynor and his interest in the schools must believe, first, that there were no political considerations in these appointments, and, secondly, that fitness and the best interests of the public school were his only guide.

My personal observation for the last two years, during one of which I have been President, is that the members of the Board of Education have acted from the loftiest motives, and with a view to what was deemed best for not only maintaining what was good in it, but for improving the curriculum, methods, and results where possible.

The letter of the gentlemen attacking the Board of Education was addressed to the Mayor. If it should seem necessary to furnish the Mayor with any defense of the policies of the Board of Education the board may be depended upon to communicate with him.

Dr. Thomas Hunter, President Emeritus of the Normal College, issued a statement indorsing Mr. Churchill, in which he said it would be a serious loss to the city and to the children in the schools if Mayor Kline failed to reappoint President Churchill.

President Butler was asked at his home last night how the letter to Mayor Kline came to be written. He said he was too pressed with important engagements to go into details, but that Abraham Flexner no doubt would be glad to explain them. At the home of Mr. Flexner it was said he was out of town and would not be back for a week.

ASSAILS LUTHER'S MORALS.

Mgr. McMahon Holds Him Responsible for Lax Standards.

In the first lecture of the Catholic Library Association's course for the season of 1913-14, delivered yesterday in the grand ballroom of Delmonico's, at Forty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue, Mgr. Joseph H. McMahon outlined the attitude of the Roman Catholic Church toward Martin Luther. The subject of the lecture was, "A Discredited Religious Reformer."

Mgr. McMahon told of the researches of Father Denifle, the Dominican scholar, who died in Munich a few years ago while on his way to Oxford, England, to receive the degree of Doctor of Letters from the university there in recognition of his historical discoveries. He also dwelt upon the works of Father Grisar, who, he said, had vindicated the scholarship of Father Denifle.

"In studying the life and work of Martin Luther," said Mgr. McMahon, "we must recognize frankly that he was one of the greatest personalities in the history of the human race; that he possessed a remarkable and fascinating individuality and a mind so masterful as to dominate those about him and to impress its stamp upon the subsequent political and religious history of the world."

Mgr. McMahon said that Luther's moral teachings were responsible for the modern conception of the flexibility of morals as opposed to the Catholic doctrine of an absolute standard of morality. The modern ideas of marriage and divorce, the debilitating effect of the so-called study of sex hygiene, were both traceable directly, he maintained, to the trend of thought inspired by Luther's teachings.

"Until recently," said the lecturer, "no scholarly effort has been made to get at the real facts concerning Luther's life. Writers have taken their facts, or alleged facts, from the contemporary pamphleteers who wrote during Luther's life, and from those who succeeded him. During that period theological hatred, that blackest and most bitter emotion to which the passions of men are susceptible, was rampant in Germany. Writers on both sides had little or no regard for accuracy. As a result legends have been told in histories written on both sides which have been accepted with a credulity which astonishes us."

Mgr. McMahon said that the writings of Luther discovered by Father Denifle in his researches proved that the great reformer was a thoroughly immoral man—that he was consciously immoral. The writings of Luther published by Denifle, he said, were untranslatable into English, because of their actual obscenity. As a result of Luther's immoral teaching, the lecturer maintained, he could not rightly be recognized as a religious reformer, or the founder of a true ethical system. That he was so regarded, Mgr. McMahon said, was because he had attacked evils in the body of the Church which in that day was sunk in iniquity and corruption.

FENDER ORDER STIRS WRATH OF THE B. R. T.

President Williams Makes Bitter Personal Attack on Commissioner Maltbie.

HE CHARGES 'INSINCERITY'

"Vituperation," Says Maltbie, Should Not Cloud the Issue—Offers Aid to B. R. T.

A brisk controversy devioped yesterday betwen Col. Timothy S. Williams, President of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, and Commissioner Milo R. Maltbie in reference to the recent order of the Public Service Commission requiring the B. R. T. to install certain types of safety appliances on its surface cars. In his opinion, which accompanied the order, Commissioner Maltbie made reference to the cost of the new devices, which he estimated at $150,000, and said that this was not worth haggling about when the lives and limbs of men, women, and children were at stake.

In a formal statement issued yesterday, Col. Williams said:

"We have received the order of the Public Service Commission in the matter of projecting fenders on surface cars of this system, but not the opinion of Commissioner Maltbie thereon. The published extracts of the opinion indicate the willingness to disregard the facts and pervert the testimony in this action which have characterized Mr. Maltbie's entire course in this matter. The published quotations would make it appear that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system held the safety of its passengers merely as a matter of dollars and cents."

Col. Williams then suggests that if the Public Service Commission believes there has been too much delay in the matter it surely must have some special type of fender in mind which it can recommend, and asks that Commissioner Maltbie inform him what it is. He then reviews the history of the case, asserting that it shows the "gross hypocrisy" of Commissioner Maltbie in the matter.

The wheel guards, Col. Williams admits, which were installed in 1910, have proved successful, but the tests made by the commission itself show that the fenders have been failures and have added to the dangers of the street. Three types of fender were tested, and the rigid type now in use on the B. R. T. apparently was the best. The Public Service Commission, however, condemned its use, and also that of the fender operated from the platform by the motorman, and has said of the third type, the automatic fender:

"We are of opinion that it would not be wise to attempt its use at present in Greater New York."

Col. Williams in his statement quotes the opinions of such experts as H. B. Fleming, Vice President of the Chicago City Railway Company and R. B. Hamilton, Vice President of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, opposing the use of any projecting car fender in crowded streets. In conclusion, Col. Williams says:

"The commission did not produce at any of the hearings to which our company was a party one syllable of evidence indicating that there was any type of projecting fender yet devised or in process of invention which would obviate the dangers above pointed out. In the face of this situation, this company in its desire that every safeguard shall be placed around the lives of those who use its lines and those who go about in the public streets, could take no position other than the one it has always occupied, namely, that the projecting fender is a menace in and of itself, and where wheel guards are installed, produces more accidents than it prevents.

"The foregoing summary of the record in this case is given in order to demonstrate the insincerity and misrepresentation characterizing the action of Commissioner Maltbie in this instance."

In reply to Col. Williams, Commissioner Maltbie had this to say yesterday:

"No amount of personal vituperation should be allowed to confuse the issue. Col. Williams's companies opposed the installation of wheel guards, but their installation was ordered by the commission, and he now admits they are effective. His companies opposed the installation of air brakes and took the order of the commission to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, which unanimously affirmed the order.

"He is now opposing the installation of fenders on cars operating in the outlying districts of Brooklyn, where cars are operated at high speed. Yet fenders are operated to the satisfaction of the companies in other districts in Greater New York and in other cities, and in Queens alone they have saved a score of human lives.

"The company has expressed its willingness to operate the present antiquated type of fender, has admitted that it is not the most effective type, and yet opposes the installation of a better type. Col. Williams and his staff cannot find a more efficient type than they are operating. I am sure the commission and its engineers would be glad to assist them. When Col. Williams has read the opinion of the commission, which he confesses he has not done, he will be in a better position to speak of its contents."

FAILURE HITS VANDERBILT.

Harold S., J. P. Morgan & Co. and Others Held Auto Company's Notes.

Harold S. Vanderbilt, J. P. Morgan & Co., William Earl Dodge, Robert Troescher, and Ralph Sanger are mentioned as creditors in the bankruptcy schedules of the Atlantic Vehicle Company of 357 Orston Street, which were filed yesterday in Newark.

According to the figures Mr. Vanderbilt appears to be hardest hit by the failure. A short time ago he lent the vehicle company $5,000 worth of New York Central bonds, which the company pledged with Gray & Wilmerding, New York brokers, for a loan of $4,000. Mr. Vanderbilt also holds two notes for $12,500 each, said to be secured, and notes for $1,500 and $2,000 which are secured by the assignment of sums to be paid on certain contracts accepted by the firm before the failure.

Mr. Vanderbilt and Mr. Dodge held the company's notes for $10,000 jointly. Mr. Dodge also holds a note for $12,500, dated Oct. 17, 1913, and unsecured, together with another note for $10,000 dated June 10, 1913, which is secured by a debenture bond of the vehicle company bearing date of Dec. 9, 1912.

Mr. Sanger, who is Vice President and General Manager of the bankrupt company, appears as a creditor for $18,500 for cash advanced. He holds the firm's notes for that amount, unsecured.

Mr. Troescher has the company's note for $2,500, dated July 12, 1913. J. P. Morgan & Co. hold a note for $10,000, which is secured by the assignment of a contract for the building of five auto trucks for the Boston Edison Illuminating Company.

The assets of the concern include $6,500 worth of accounts receivable and $123,000, which is given as the value of the plant and stock in trade. The total liabilities, it is said, will amount to about $130,000.

Two Firemen Hurt in Collision.

In running to a small blaze in a Lexington Avenue kitchen yesterday afternoon, Engine 39, one of the biggest pieces of motor apparatus in the Fire Department, crashed into a Third Avenue elevated pillar at Sixty-second Street, and in the collision Lieut. Nelson and Engineer Owens were seriously hurt. Both men were thrown to the ground and are now in Flower Hospital, suffering from internal injuries.

Acton Mine Disaster Took 24 Lives.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 19.—Complete exploration of the Alabama Fuel & Iron Company's mine No. 2 at Acton, in which an explosion occurred yesterday, showed that twenty-four men were killed and six hurt.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-66-68 FIFTH AVENUE 46th & 47th STS.

HAVE ARRANGED FOR TODAY

A Sale of Costume Blouses
at $15, $20, $25 & $35

Regularly $30 to $75—Real Bohemian and Venice laces, thread laces, hand-made sets, chiffons, crepe de chines, etc.

Fur-trimmed Silk-Velvet Suits
Values $85 and $110— at $58 & $65

Imported and Novelty Suits—Values to $175—*at $95*

Street & Semi-Dress Hats, *$10 & $15*
Formerly to $40—A splendid selection of the season's very smart styles, including a number of French models.

Fur-trimmed Silk-Velvet Wraps
Values $125 and $135— at $75 & $95

French Hand-made Dresses *at $68*
Value $100—For dancing and afternoon wear.

Evening Gowns—*Values to $150—at $95*

Coats—*Values $75 to $85—at $50*

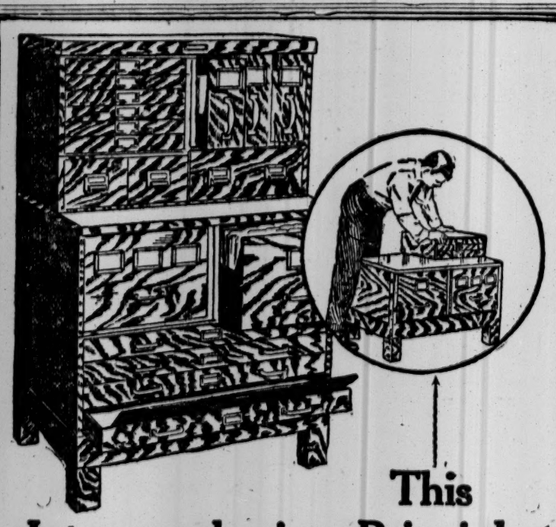
FOUNDED 1856

BROKAW BROTHERS
MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

To command the trade of the young men of New York has always been our aim. The large number of young men who daily take advantage of the great variety of styles and fabrics we show demonstrates our success. Each suit and overcoat sold at a price which never fails to bring new and old customers back.

Sack Suits	$18 to $50
Winter Overcoats	$18 to $75

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue
ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY —— SUBWAY AT DOOR



This Intermembering Principle

An ALLSTEEL feature which has a special significance for you. It means a big saving in time, money and convenience where your filing equipment is concerned.

Enables you to have *all* your filing records in the same stack. No more running from file to file. Letters, cards, books, maps, plans, cuts, samples, etc., all "under the one roof"—regardless of the difference in size of the various drawers and compartments.

Allsteel Filing Equipment

affords the greatest filing capacity per drawer, while saving much valuable floor space. Comes in handy units of various sizes for different purposes—*all interlocking*.

Greatest Protection

Made throughout of the finest steel. Protects letters and valuable records from fire, climatic conditions, rats, dust and sneak thieves.

Everything in Steel Filing Equipment

Reg. U. S. Pat. Office

We make the most complete line of standard steel office furniture in the country. Complete stock kept at our city branch. All ready NOW. Finished to resemble oak or mahogany. Also comes in a beautiful olive green. The ALLSTEEL line also includes steel desks and ALLSTEEL safes. Call and see the ALLSTEEL line or write for free catalog illustrated in colors.

The GENERAL FIREPROOFING COMPANY
Home Office and Factory, Youngstown, Ohio
New York, 396 Broadway
Phones Franklin 2783 and 2784.

(10)

Out today—with many helpfull dress suggestions for Christmas

The *Criterion* of Fashion

5¢

For December

On sale at newsstands and by the merchants who sell

LADIES' HOME JOURNAL PATTERNS

Shaw

In a brilliant confession of faith gives his remedy for the social injustice of the world in the December METROPOLITAN MAGAZINE. In this daring contribution he takes hold of life where it pulses—love, marriage, money, business, religion, happiness—and coolly announces that he knows what's the matter. As Shaw himself says, "it is the most audacious, most brilliant plan of reform for the evils of Society and faults of modern Government since Marx electrified Europe with his doctrines of Socialism." Don't miss this brave, thought-provoking remedy, championed by a big-brained, interesting iconoclast, and sparkling with the keen wit of the most original man of our time. Read it to-night.

$500 ***and 15 cents a word will be paid for the best letter replying to Mr. Shaw's article. These men will pick the winning letter:***

ANDREW CARNEGIE, JACK LONDON, JAMES KEELEY.

Kipling

will be read when men are scheming to reach the stars. His first big story in years is an aeroplane story. "The Edge of the Evening" is Kipling in his best vein. An English lord, an American millionaire, an honored English judge and a journalist, the intimate of kings, are involved in the murder of two German military spies. Discovery means war between England and Germany. They are at their wits' ends to avert a catastrophe. How they save the day is a blood-tingling climax to the most notable short story published in an American magazine in a month of moons. Published *complete* in the December METROPOLITAN. Read it to-night.

In addition to these features and the regular departments, there are 5 brilliant short stories and 8 big India Tint Art Pages of Paintings, Sculpture and Drama. Also the third and best of Stanlaws' New American Girl Series—The Eastern Girl. Some one home will want to frame this creation. Reproduced in 6 colors by the new Rubber Off-Set Process—the last word in beautiful color printing.

In the DECEMBER

METROPOLITAN

December edition is 375,000 copies. Circulation has DOUBLED in the last 14 months.

The Livest Magazine in America

All News-stands—TO-DAY—15 Cents

The comfortable, easy-to-read magazine with the big, beautiful pages.

FOUNDED 1827. FOUNDED 1827.

Arnold, Constable & Co.

Announce That They Will Hold

To-Day (Thursday) and Friday, November 20th and 21st

A Special Stock Reduction Sale

Of High Grade Merchandise

This sale becomes imperative for three important reasons

1st—*The various changes in the tariff—some already in effect—others to go into effect January 1st, 1914—necessitating a general revision of prices on a downward scale.*

2nd—*Our policy not to carry goods over from one season to another—we have decided to hold the reduction sale now instead of later in the season.*

3rd—*To make room for Holiday Goods—of which we now carry a larger and more complete and varied stock than in previous years.*

Silk Velvets and Plushes

IMPORTED BLACK VELVET—24 inch, very superior finish. Regular Price $3.00 yard. Sale Price **2.15**

IMPORTED HAIR LINE CHIFFON VELVETS—40 inch, choice range of colors. Regular Price $4.50 yard. Sale Price **3.35**

IMPORTED PLUSHES—42 inch, black and fashionable colors of the season. Regular Price $8.00 yard. Sale Price **5.50**

Dress Fabrics

Black and Colored Materials and Styles that are fashionable and of the better grades only.

BLACK FRENCH CASHMERE—36 inches wide, superior grade. Regular Price 85c yard. Sale Price **65c**

FIGURED WOOL CHALLIES—31 inches wide. A special lot of the finest French make. Choice small designs and borders. Regular Price 75c yard. Sale Price **45c**

TAILOR SUITINGS—44 to 54 inches wide, 1500 yards, comprising plain and fancy Cheviots, Navy Blue Cheviot, Mixed and Striped Suitings. Mannish effects, etc. Regular Prices $2.00 to $2.50 yard. Sale Price **1.15**

IMPORTED BROADCLOTH—50 inches wide. The latest Paris shades and black. Regular Price $2.50 yard. Sale Price **1.65**

ENGLISH CHEVIOTS—54 inches wide. The fashionable shades of Taupe, Brown, Green, Cadet, Navy, Purple and Leather. Regular Price $2.50 yard. Sale Price **1.95**

ENGLISH CORDUROYS—27 inches wide, fancy mixed effects, latest colorings. Regular Prices $1.35, $1.50 yard. Sale Price **1.20**

250 Fashionable Tailor Suits, Coats & Dresses

FOR MISSES AND WOMEN.

New and attractive Models—Superior grade fashionable materials. A full range of sizes from 14 years to 42 bust.

75 TAILOR SUITS from our regular stock in a variety of models and colors; 14 years to 42 bust. Regular Price $38.00

100 COATS, suitable for day or evening wear. Made of Bayadere Broadcloth or Cut Velour. Two choice models, Blue, Black, Taupe, Mahogany. 14 years to 42 bust. Regular Price $40.00

75 DRESSES FOR AFTERNOON WEAR—Of Crepe Meteor, Granite, Crepe and Crepe de Chine in Navy, Taupe, Blue, Black. 14 years to 42 bust. Regular Price $35.00

SALE PRICE **24.50**

Lingerie and House Gowns

Women's fine Paris hand made and hand embroidered Garments of the latest models of the season.

NIGHT GOWNS—Of sheer Nainsook, "Poiret" model; fine eyelet embroidery; bolero effect, slashed skirt, hand scalloped. Regular Price $12.50. Sale Price **9.25**

NIGHT GOWNS—Of sheer Nainsook, design of eyelet embroidery, real Val. lace neck and sleeves. Regular Price $7.50. Sale Price **5.75**

"CULOTTE" COMBINATIONS—Of fine Nainsook, eyelet embroidery and real Val. lace on cover and drawer. Regular Price $9.50. Sale Price **7.50**

"CULOTTE" COMBINATIONS—Of fine Nainsook, envelope model, dainty scallop top and bottom. Regular Price $4.50. Sale Price **3.50**

CHEMISE DE BAL—Of fine Nainsook, dainty design and scallop, button on shoulder. Regular Price $3.75. Sale Price **2.75**

HOUSE GOWNS—Of French Flannel, pure wool, embroidered design, scallop, neck, sleeves and front. Regular Price $9.50. Sale Price **7.50**

ZANANA HOUSE GOWNS—Pure silk, unusual design, hand embroidered, silk lined. Regular Price $42.00. Sale Price **32.50**

PADDED SILK GOWNS—Silk lined, embroidered shawl collar. Regular Price $9.50. Sale Price **7.25**

300 Pairs Fine White Wool Blankets

Very fine high grade Blankets of selected white sanitary wool, our standard quality, pink and blue borders, also plain white, wide silk ribbon bound.

SINGLE BED SIZE	Regular Price	$9.00	Sale Price pair				6.50
" " "	"	" 9.50	"	"	"		7.00
" " "	"	" 10.50	"	"	"		7.00
" " "	"	" 10.50	"	"	"		7.85
DOUBLE BED SIZE	"	" 10.50	"	"	"		7.85
" " "	"	" 11.00	"	"	"		8.50
" " "	"	" 12.00	"	"	"		9.85
EXTRA DOUBLE BED SIZE	"	" 11.75	"	"	"		9.50
" " " " " "		12.75	"	"	"		10.00
" " " " " "		15.00	"	"	"		12.75

Fine Comfortables

LAMB'S WOOL FILLED—Silk top, border and back full size, choice selections of patterns and colors. Regular Price $8.00 each. Sale Price **6.75**

PLAIN SILK COVERS—Wool filled, full size. Regular Price $7.00 each. Sale Price **5.75**

Fashionable Laces

Our importations of this season, many of the designs shown on latest Paris models.

SHADOW DEMI-FLOUNCE—16 inches wide. Regular Price $2.95 yard. Sale Price **1.35**

SHADOW FLOUNCINGS—22 inches wide. Regular Price $3.85 yard. Sale Price **1.65**

CHANTILLY FLOUNCINGS—27 inches wide. Regular Price $5.75 yard. Sale Price **2.95**

Imported Silks and Velvets

Rich and Choice Novelties, all this Season's, and made exclusively for Arnold, Constable & Co. by the leading manufacturers of Europe.

CANTON CREPES—40 inches wide, in a full line of the latest and most fashionable colorings, for Evening and Street wear. Regular Price $2.50 yard. Sale Price **1.75**

BROCADED SATIN METEORE—43½ inches wide, in 15 choice colorings, for Evening and Street wear. Regular Price $4.00 yard. Sale Price **2.75**

CREPE MARQUETTE—43 inches wide, a handsome crepe matelasse, in choice range of colorings, suitable for Wraps and Dresses. Regular Price $9.00 yard. Sale Price **5.50**

FAILLE ROYAL FACONNE—43½ inches wide, a handsome brocaded design, with Royal ground, very desirable for Wraps and Dresses. In a choice range of colorings. Regular Price $10.00 yard. Sale Price **6.00**

CREPE BROCHE—39 inches wide, in choice fashionable colorings. Regular Price $6.50 yard. Sale Price **4.50**

BROCADED STEEL METAL VOILES—41½ inches wide; this season's most fashionable fabric, choice range of colorings with steel metal broche. Regular Price $12.00 yard. Sale Price **6.75**

VOILE BROCHE METAL—42 inches wide. In a beautiful range of Evening shades with Silver Metal broche. Regular Price $15.00 yard. Sale Price **8.00**

VOILE CREPE FACONNE—37½ inches wide. In choice colorings of crepe grounds, brocaded in handsome design of Velvet. This season's latest. Regular Price $15.00 yard. Sale Price **9.50**

SATIN VELOUR FACONNE—39 inches wide. A handsome Velvet broche, on satin ground, choice range of colorings. Regular Price $15.00 yard. Sale Price **8.50**

VOILE FACONNE VELOUR—39 inches wide. A handsome Brocaded Velvet, on all silk Voile ground, choice range of colorings. Regular Price $12.00 yard. Sale Price **7.00**

Also a large assortment of VELVETS on CREPE, VOILE and SATIN grounds, in rich and handsome designs; all new this season. Suitable for Wraps, Cloaks, Suits and Dresses. Regular Prices $12.00 to $15.00 yard. Sale Price **8.50**

Regular Prices $8.00 to $9.50 yard. Sale Price **6.50**

Latest Paris Model Waists and Blouses

Select Styles for Women and Misses; all are reproductions of the best Paris models of the season and are specially arranged for this sale at liberal concessions from our already low regular prices.

CHIFFON BLOUSES—"Madonna," over fine lace, silk girdle. Regular Price $22.50. Sale Price **18.50**

CREAM SHADOW LACE BLOUSES—With black silk lace and fur trimming. Regular Price $19.75. Sale Price **16.50**

COLORED SHADOW LACE BLOUSES—Lace and Crepe Chiffon trimmings. Regular Price $18.50. Sale Price **14.00**

CHIFFON CLOTH BLOUSES—In suit shades; trimmed with fancy silk and frills. Regular Price $14.75. Sale Price **10.00**

CREAM SHADOW LACE BLOUSES—Over Chiffon, fur trimmed long sleeves. Regular Price $12.50. Sale Price **8.50**

CHIFFON CLOTH WAISTS—In colors, white Vestee of silk. Net frills. Regular Price $7.50. Sale Price **5.00**

HABUTAI SILK BLOUSES—In white and black, hemstitched frills.
EMBROIDERED VOILE BLOUSES—Net frills, long sleeves.
BATISTE WAISTS—Hand embroidered and lace trimmed. Regular Prices $3.00 and $3.50.

SALE PRICE **1.85**

8,500 Special High Grade Cotton Sheets and Pillow Cases

Plain Hem only, at the following exceedingly low prices.

PILLOW CASES—		SHEETS—	
Size 42 x 38½	16c each	Size 63 x 99	62c each
Size 45 x 38½	18c each	Size 72 x 99	68c each
Size 50 x 38½	20c each	Size 81 x 99	74c each
Size 54 x 38½	22c each	Size 90 x 99	82c each
		Size 90 x 108	90c each

QUEEN'S HOUSEHOLD—Our own special importation; beautifully embroidered and Scalloped and Hand Hemstitched:

SHEETS—Size 72 x 108. Regularly $5.50 Pair **4.25**

SHEETS—Size 90 x 108. Regularly $6.75 Pair **5.25**

PILLOW CASES—Size 22 x 36. Regularly $1.85 Pair **1.40**

PILLOW CASES—Size 25 x 36. Regularly $2.00 Pair **1.55**

FRENCH SHEETS—Finest quality imported, Hand Hemstitched; Single and Double Sizes:

"THE MARIE ANTOINETTE" of fine French Madapolam. Regularly $10.50 Pair **7.50**

"THE VICTOIRE" of Finest French Percale. Regularly $15.00 and $17.50 Pair **11.50 and 14.00**

High Grade Gloves

The most fashionable kinds for Evening and Street wear.

GLACE—20 button length, finest quality, white only. Regular Price, $4.50 pair. Sale Price **3.35**

GLACE—16 button length, finest quality, in white, champagne and black. Regular Price, $3.50 pair. Sale Price **2.75**

GLACE—16 button length, superior quality, white only. Regular Price, $3.00 pair. Sale Price **2.10**

WASHABLE DOESKIN—1 clasp and 1 button, in white. Regular Price, $1.25 pair. Sale Price **90c**

GLACE CAPE—Medium weight, P X M seams, 1 clasp, in tan and white. Regular Price, $1.25 pair. Sale Price **90c**

GLACE—1 clasp P. K in the finest quality in all white—also white with black stitching. Regular Price, $1.50 pair. Sale Price **1.05**

Housekeeping Linens

Table Cloths and Napkins of heavy Double Damask, Prices adjusted to meet new Tariff changes. A great variety of patterns and sizes.

TABLE CLOTHS—Size 2x2 yards. Regular Price $3.75. Sale Price, each **3.35**

TABLE CLOTHS—Size 2x2½ yards. Regular Price $5.00. Sale Price, each **4.25**

TABLE CLOTHS—Size 2x3 yards. Regular Price $6.50. Sale Price, each **4.75**

TABLE CLOTHS—Size 2½x2½ yards. Regular Price $6.00. Sale Price, each **4.75**

TABLE CLOTHS—Size 2½x3 yards. Regular Price $7.50. Sale Price, each **6.00**

NAPKINS TO MATCH—Breakfast size. Regular Price $3.75. Sale Price, dozen **3.25**

NAPKINS TO MATCH—Dinner size. Regular Price $5.50. Sale Price, dozen **4.65**

FINE LINEN TOWELS—Old Bleach Towels, Ireland's best production in fine linen Huckaback, with hemstitched ends, plain or Damask borders. Fine, heavy and very absorbent.
Regular Price $7.00. Sale Price, dozen **5.85**
Regular Price $7.50. Sale Price, dozen **6.25**
Regular Price $3.50. Sale Price, dozen **2.95**

BATH TOWELS—Late shipment, large assortment, soft and luxurious with hemmed ends, white and colored borders.
Regular Price $3.00, $3.75, $6.00. Sale Price, doz. **2.65, 3.15, 5.25**

15,000 Cotton Sheets and Pillow Cases

One-Third Below Regular Prices.
Our celebrated "CLYDESDALE" Brand

SHEETS—Size 63 x 99.	Plain Hem	67c each.	Hemstitched	78c each
SHEETS—Size 72 x 99.	Plain Hem	73c each.	Hemstitched	83c each
SHEETS—Size 81 x 99.	Plain Hem	80c each.	Hemstitched	92c each
SHEETS—Size 90 x 99.	Plain Hem	88c each.	Hemstitched	98c each
SHEETS—Size 90 x 108.	Plain Hem	95c each.	Hemstitched	1.05 each
PILLOW CASES—Size 42 x 38½	Plain Hem	17c each.	Hemstitched	22c each
PILLOW CASES—Size 45 x 38½	Plain Hem	19c each.	Hemstitched	24c each
PILLOW CASES—Size 50 x 38½	Plain Hem	21c each.	Hemstitched	26c each
PILLOW CASES—Size 54 x 38½	Plain Hem	24c each.	Hemstitched	29c each

Latest Neckwear

FOR WOMEN AND MISSES.

MARABOUT AND OSTRICH COLLARS—Shaped, finished Chenille tassels, natural and black. Regular Price $5.75. Sale Price **3.75**

MARABOUT COLLARS—Shaped, finished Chenille tassels, natural and black. Regular Price $4.75. Sale Price **2.95**

SHOULDER COLLARS—Daintily embroidered on fine net; colors, ecru and white. Regular Price $2.15. Sale Price **1.85**

GUIMPES—Mousseline de Soie, trimmed with embroidered Chiffon bands and Roman pearl buttons; high neck, sleeveless. Regular Price $4.75. Sale Price **3.75**

FICHUS—Fine net, finished fine pleating all around. Regular Price $2.50. Sale Price **1.95**

VESTEES—Plain and fancy figured Satins, strictly tailored. Regular Price $1.75. Sale Price **1.35**

GIRDLES—Satin, Roman plaids, stripes and plain colors, finished heavy knotted fringe. Regular Price $4.75. Sale Price **3.75**

AUTOMOBILE HOODS—Fine quality plush, veil and strings of Chiffon. Regular Price $4.75. Sale Price **3.75**

Men's Furnishings

The season's best and most fashionable productions at very special price reductions.

PURE SILK "YEAR ROUND" SHIRTS—Wonderful assortment of desirable styles and qualities. Consisting of every high grade shirt (Crepes excepted) in our stock with many new ones added. Light and tinted grounds. Regular Prices $5.00, $6.00, $7.00 each. Sale Price **3.25**

PURE SILK SHIRTS—All medium weight tub silks in pencil and group stripings. A crisp and serviceable shirting of fine texture. Regular Price $4.50 each. Sale Price **2.65**

1914 ADVANCE CREPE SHIRTS—Finest woven colored cotton crepes. All neat stripes on light grounds. From advance pieces just off the looms. Regular Price $2.50 each. Sale Price **1.65**

NEW TAFFETA FLANNEL SHIRTS—A new lot of unusually fine patterns. From our own flannels and exclusive with us at this price. Regular Price $2.50 each. Sale Price **1.45**

SILK AND SILK KNITTED NECKWEAR—All the popular wide knitted four-in-hands and thousands of strictly high grade cravatings made in large open end shapes. Regular Prices $1.00, $1.50 each. Sale Price **50c**

TAFFETA FLANNEL PAJAMAS—Made from our regular shirtings. Full sizes and handsomely tailored and trimmed. Regular Price $5.00 each. Sale Price **2.65**

FINEST FLANNELETTE PAJAMAS—Extra heavy and warm. Neat patterns only. All extra large patterns in every size. Regular Price $2.00 each. Sale Price **1.40**

HEAVY MUSLIN NIGHT SHIRTS—All with collar on and cut on roomy pattern. Sizes 15 to 20. Regular Price $1.25 each. Sale Price **75c**

Men's Rainproof and Other Top Coats

PRIESTLEY'S OWN GABARDINE RAIN COATS—These celebrated and most popular of all rain coats in the much wanted olive tan shades. Convertible or military collars with English raglan shoulders. Box or belted models. Lined yoke and sleeves. Also blue and Oxford gray cravenette gabardine coats. Regular Prices $16.50, $18.00, $19.50. Sale Price **12.75**

CRAVENETTE TWEED TOP COATS—Medium and heavy weight utility coats. Stylish and conservative for street wear for everyday use. Lined sleeves and yoke. Convertible or storm collars. Black and white mixtures, grays and browns. Regular Prices $27.50 to $30.00. Sale Price **19.50**

CHINCHILLA OVERCOATS—Heavy winter weights for men and young men. Plain and plaid backs. Single or double breasted, notch, shawl or convertible collar. Hand tailored throughout. Satin lined yoke and sleeves. Colors are navy, gray, brown and mixtures. Regular Prices $28.00 to $32.00. Sale Price **21.00**

Tunics and Jackets

This season's latest models direct from Paris—creations of one of the most noted designers of out-of-the-usual styles.

SHORT MODEL TUNICS—In jacket effects on net and chiffon, some beaded in all-over crystal beads and self-color embroidery in the following fashionable colors: Ochre, violet, taupe, petunia, apple green, rose, pink, American beauty, sky, navy and cornflower blue. Regular Price $25.00. Sale Price **13.50**

SHORT JACKETS—Vest effects, on chiffon and net, elaborately beaded in all of the season's leading evening shades. Value $20.00. Sale Price **9.85**

Linen Handkerchiefs

For Men and Women—Very superior grades of the best makes from our regular stock at special price reductions.

WOMEN'S PURE LINEN—⅛ and ¼ inch hem. Regular Price $4.00 dozen. Sale Price **2.85**

WOMEN'S PURE LINEN—⅛ and ¼ inch hem. Regular Price $6.00 dozen. Sale Price **3.85**

MEN'S PURE LINEN—¼ and ½ inch hem. Regular Price $6.00 dozen. Sale Price **3.85**

MEN'S PURE LINEN—½ and ¾ inch hem. Regular Price $7.00 dozen. Sale Price **4.85**

To insure prompt delivery embroidery orders should be placed as early as possible.

Veilings and Veils

MINARET MESH VEILINGS—Newest designs (Black only). Regular Price 45c yard. Sale Price **28c**

STORM QUEEN CHIFFON VEILS—Black, white and colors. Regular Price $2.25 each. Sale Price **1.95**

OMBRE CHIFFON VEILS—New color combination. Regular Price $3.95 each. Sale Price **3.25**

Women's High Grade Hosiery and Underwear

A selection of the finest grades carried by us at liberal reductions in prices.

PURE THREAD SILK HOSE—Black or white silk hose with richly embroidered insteps. Regular Price $3.50 Pair. Sale Price **2.25**

PURE THREAD INGRAIN BLACK SILK HOSE—Heavy weight. Regular Price $2.75 pair. Sale Price **2.25**

PURE THREAD BLACK SILK HOSE—Medium weight with extra double spliced heels and toes. Regular Price $1.50 pair. Sale Price **1.10**

PURE THREAD SILK HOSE—Medium weight, black, white, and all the most wanted new colors. Regular Price $1.00 pair. Sale Price **78c**

ITALIAN SILK VESTS—White or Pink, French band top, embroidered and reinforced. Regular Price $3.25 each. Sale Price **2.50**

ITALIAN SILK UNION SUITS—White, with richly embroidered fronts; fully reinforced, lace trimmed neck. Regular Price $8.00 each. Sale Price **6.50**

CHINA SILK VESTS—Swiss ribbed, with elaborate hand crocheted tops and shoulders. Regular price $3.00, $4.25, $8.00 each. Sale Price **2.50 3.25 6.00**

PURE SILK UNION SUITS—Swiss ribbed, low neck. Regular Price $8.00 each. Sale Price **6.50**

Leather Goods and Umbrellas

WOMEN'S HAND BAGS—A large assortment of the newest styles, including many odd and novel single pieces. Various shapes, leathers and colors. Grouped in one lot. Regular Prices $5.00, $6.00, $7.00. Sale Price **3.50**

TRAVELLING BAGS—All discontinued lines. Many fine pigskin and walrus bags in the lot. English frames sewn in and imported trimmings. Regular Price $13.50 to $15.00. Sale Price **10.50**

IMPORTED HOLIDAY NOVELTIES—Pocket chess, checker, domino and combination game sets, Desk Fixings, Imitation Bronzes, Brass Novelties and numerous practical things. Regular Prices $2.50, $3.00, $3.50. Sale Price **1.95**

WOMEN'S HOLIDAY UMBRELLAS—A wonderful collection of all strictly fine handles of Pearl, Gold Plated, Sterling Silver, Sterling trimmed, Pearl and Silver, Gunmetal and Ivory. All the long stylish shapes and fine taffeta silk coverings. Regular Prices $4.00, $5.00, $6.50, $7.50. Sale Price **2.95**

MEN'S SILK UMBRELLAS—Pure silk coverings, with handles of Horn, Sterling Trimmed, Inlaid, Buck and Carved Woods. An entire sample line of handles and many novel and odd pieces. Regular Prices $4.50 to $6.00. Sale Price **2.95**

Mail Orders Promptly and Carefully Filled—Telephone Gramercy 5100.

Broadway & 19th Street.

These Special Sale Goods at Greatly Reduced Prices. Will not be sent C. O. D.

STRENGTH

Number of Guaranteed Mortgages outstanding..... 10,543
No. of Mortgages in Foreclosure.. 28
Amount of Guaranteed Mortgages outstanding.....$137,000,000
Amt. of Mortgages in Foreclosure... $420,000

STRONGEST MORTGAGE COMPANY IN AMERICA

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus $8,500,000
59 Liberty St., N.Y. 184 Montague St., Bkn

BERGDORF GOODMAN
32 W. 32d St. NEW YORK

"True To Type"

Horse Show and Opera Gownings.

Evening Wraps and Costumes of exquisite design; furs draped softly and becomingly; all ready for immediate wear and priced at marked reductions; now at the height of the season.

BRAND NEW
(All This Season's)
PERFECT
LENOX Hosiery

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ANY soap will clean your skin—a five-cent bar of laundry soap will do it—you do not care what becomes of your complexion.

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There is no artificial coloring matter in Resinol Soap. Its rich coppery brown is entirely due to the Resinol balsams.

You will find Resinol Soap wherever toilet goods are sold. For guest-room size, free, write, mentioning dealer, to Dept. 8-P, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

FOOTBALL---SPEEDWAY RACING---JOHNSON TO BOX MORAN

MARTING AND DUNN WORRY COACHES

Neither Player Is Now Fit to Enter Harvard Game—Guernsey for Full Back?

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 19.—The injured knees of Henry Marting and Dave Dunn are making trouble for the Yale football coaches. Dunn was unable to play to-day in the first scrimmaging of the week, the only actual football which the coaches will order for the Harvard game. Dunn probably will not start the game Saturday at Cambridge, although he may be available for part of the play. The coaches to-day tried Otis Guernsey in his place and the chances are that he will be sent against the Crimson as first string selection for full back.

Guernsey's career has been meteoric. He and Jack Blossom, the baseball Captain, were fellow athletes at the Taft School, and Guernsey captained the freshman eleven last Fall. He has been substitute half back all the Fall and only succeeded Hal Pumpelly for the Princeton game as pinch drop kicker because of the injured knee of that player. His goal yielded Yale her only score in the Princeton match, but he showed general football enough for him to be thrust into the vacancy at full back when Dunn's knee failed to respond to treatment after the game. Unless he retires from the Harvard game, Pumpelly will have practically no chance of getting into the game, even as a substitute, as Guernsey is superior to Pumpelly in even the drop kicking specialty.

Marting was at snap back to-day, but limped appreciably. Russell Cooney, the former guard, is being groomed for his place in case his lameness does not improve, but Trainer Mack said to-night that he expected to have Marting sound as a gold nugget before Saturday.

There is just a possibility of the final selection of "Red" Brann for right end, displacing Carter, whose knee is not quite right, but Carter fought through to-day's practice and was in gilt edge form. Fifteen minutes' driving play to-day showed the 'Varsity attack irresistible against a scrub eleven that included the first 'Varsity substitutes and Capt. Sheldon and Half Back Easton of the freshman team that closed its season last Saturday. Two scores were quickly reeled off. Knowles taking the ball across for a touchdown and Guernsey sending the leather over the cross piece for a field goal. The 'Varsity was not held during the trip down the field on either occasion.

Following the scrimmaging the scrubs were given the ball fifteen minutes and rammed the 'Varsity with Harvard formations that seemed to have no carrying power. A series of moves, labeled "Brickley plays," were thrown back with a loss. Guernsey's goal closed the practice. He sent the ball over from the thirty-five-yard line, one of the neatest plays of the season. Visiting coaches included Fred Daly, the former Yale Captain, now Williams College coach; Sam Hammond, George Goss, Jim Rodgers, and Burr Chamberlin.

To-day's practice closed Yale field work for the season and marked the end of that historic gridiron and grandstand plant. The occasion was celebrated by an undergraduate parade of 1,500 to the field, where the players, coaches, and the old field were cheered as a farewell for everybody. The substitutes piled up their old uniforms, blankets, and pieces of football equipment on the gridiron, set fire to it and danced around, singing their famous "Omega Lambda Chi" song.

The regular squad of 30 players was announced to-night to leave to-morrow at 2 o'clock. They will have a special car which will be detached from the regular express at Auburndale about 5 o'clock. Another squad will leave here Saturday morning to reinforce the Yale squad in the Stadium.

The squad leaving here to-morrow does not include Oakes, Madden, Castles, Malcolm and Roberts.

The players chosen are as follows:

Capt. Ketcham and Marting, centres; Pendleton, Cooney, Harbison, Arnold, Robinson, Caldwell, and Way, guards; Talbott, Warren, Loughridge, and Stillman, tackles; Avery, Carter, Brann, Hubbard, and Washburn, ends; Wilson, Wheeler, and Hammer, quarter backs; Knowles, Ainsworth, MacLeish, Taylor, Wiser, and Cornell, half backs, and Dunn, Guerney, and Pumpelly, full backs.

HAUGHTON IS CONFIDENT.

Harvard Coach Tells Students That Crimson Will Beat Yale.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 19.—Except for a brisk drill on signals to-morrow before a throng of undergraduates who will come down to the Stadium to sing their songs and cheer their team, the Harvard 'Varsity eleven is ready for Saturday's big game with Yale. For two hours the men were on the field this afternoon, busy every moment, although there was no scrimmaging. After running through their plays the regulars lined up for dummy work against the scrubs, who after putting all the football that the scouts have brought up from New Haven, stood up against the 'Varsity attack, but without tackling the man carrying the ball. All except two of the regulars were in this long drill, the absentees being Rex Hitchcock and Bradlee.

Hitchcock turned his lame ankle in the Brown game, and although he covered it up in Monday's drill, he now is a little lame, and no chance was taken with him to-day. Bradlee is also unable to get up speed without showing lameness, but the week's rest is expected to bring him around into trim.

Much attention was given the kickers this afternoon, Brickley kicking goals and coming through with the great majority of his tries. Mahan's punting also is right up to the mark, and much is expected of him in the Yale game.

The coach rushed the team to all parts of the field, putting down a football and quizzing the players on what play should be used according to the position of the ball, the distance to be gained, and the down. Later Haughton, working the team on defence for drop kicks, pulled off a couple of goals in true 1898 form. In fact, to-day Haughton's old Captain, Ben Dibblee, Captain-leader of the 1898 Crimson 'Varsity that beat Yale in a 17 to 0 game, was on the field, as were Bob McKay and Paul Hollister, besides Richmond Fearing, the tennis and racquet player, who is one of the very few Harvard men distinguished for having won 'Varsity letters in three branches of sport. Fearing was in college twenty years ago.

To-night the entire student body turned out in the college yard and marched to the Union for a mass meeting at which songs and cheers were again rehearsed. Percy Haughton addressed the boys and said that his team was ready to play its best game, which would be needed to beat this year's Yale team, which has come along so fast in the late season. He is confident that Harvard will win.

To-morrow the players will be taken to the Vesper Country Club at Tyngsboro, Mass. They will not play any football, however, as their clothes will be left behind. The trip is taken to provide a good rest. Saturday morning the eleven will return to Cambridge, arriving a few hours before the game.

ARMY FORWARD PASSES FAIL

Cadets Sing and Yell — Getting Ready for Big Game Here.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Urged on by their six hundred fellow cadets assembled in the stands, who hurled defiance to the Navy in songs and yells, the army continued their secret work to-day in preparation for the game with the middies in New York Nov. 29. The plays that will be used against Springfield on Saturday were also rehearsed in a forty-five minute scrimmage with the scrubs with good effect. Capt. Hoge and Milburn each scored touchdowns. Hoge was the only one of the regular back field men in the rough work to-day. Hodgson is still out of it and Hobbs was used only in the punting drill. Benedict, Woodruff, and McElwan had a long drill at the kicking game. Woodruff's work was good, but Benedict and McElwan had a hard time locating the goal posts in the goal from placement practice.

Coach Daly waxed wroth when the Army's forward pass drill went to smash again to-day. This part of the workout was far from satisfactory. McElwan's place at centre was taken by Waddell. Prichard was in for a few minutes at quarter back, Doe doing the bulk of the work. The latter behaved well in the position. Huston watched the line men work from the sideline. His improvement is slow.

Assemblyman-elect Hamilton Fish, Jr., of Garrison, Captain of Harvard, '06, assisted the coaches in charge of the Army forwards in to-day's practice.

Navy Team Averages 183 Pounds.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 19.—Fast work continued during the practice of the Naval Academy team this afternoon. After some preliminary work, in which special attention was given to kicking, passing, and signal practice, there was a spirited line-up against the scrubs. Leonard, who has been on the sick list, has entirely recovered and was in the line-up for a larger part of the afternoon. Nicholls and Mitchell were both at quarter, and other men used in the back field were Meyers, Failing, Harrison, Blodgett, Miles, and Alexander.

The official figures of the weights of the players show that the team will be one of the heaviest, if not the heaviest, that ever represented the Naval Academy. The average of the whole team is 183 10-11 pounds, that of the line 186¾ pounds and that of the back field 177¾ pounds.

Cornell Guards Against Fumbling.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, Nov. 19.—For more than an hour on a wet gridiron the Cornell 'Varsity football team repulsed the attack of the strong scrub eleven, which used for the most part the Pennsylvania plays as the scouts had reported them. The scrubs were unable to make any headway against the 'Varsity, the secondary defense being particularly alert to block forward passes and trick plays. The practice was the most encouraging of the week, and developed improvement on the part of the Cornell backfield, which pleased the coaches a good deal. Collyar, Philippi, and Lahr, who only got into the regular backfield position two weeks ago, not only showed more speed in getting started, but their plunges were better directed, and there was nowhere as near so much uncertain handling of the ball as in the Lafayette game, when fumbling marred a lot of the play. Based on to-day's showing, the coaches are hopeful that fumbling will be practically eliminated by the time the team goes out on Franklin Field.

Indians Taking It Easy.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 19.—The Carlisle Indians put in a light afternoon practice to-day, only running through signals after usual fundamentals. Coach Warner is trying to keep his men keen, and has every hope now of keeping up full steam until Thanksgiving. Several new formations were introduced at signal drill, but they could hardly be in shape for use before the game with Brown at Providence.

SPEEDWAY BRUSHING CLOSES FOR SEASON

Denver and Oakland Boy Match Race, However, Is Postponed Until Sunday.

The Fall racing season on the Harlem Speedway concluded yesterday after two postponements due to the inclement weather of the past two Sundays. The season just ended was considered from all angles to be the most successful in the history of the drive, and with an interesting card of twelve events the closing racing and the cup presentation which followed served as a fitting climax. Three special races were carded for the final day's sport, but one of these a match race between Nathan Straus's gray gelding Denver and James A. Murphy's bay gelding Oakland Boy was declared off and will be contested next Sunday. At the beginning of the afternoon's brushing a heavy mist overhung the half-mile stretch, and the surface covering was heavy and not just suited for fast going.

This was largely responsible for the calling off of the Denver-Oakland Boy race, but it was stated that in view of the poor condition of the drive in the early morning, Mr. Murphy had his horse worked several heats, thinking it would be impossible for the race and under the conditions did not care to send the horse out against Denver after these workouts. Mr. Straus was out behind Denver and brushed the speedy veteran gray a half dozen heats.

A number of exciting finishes were seen, particularly a dead heat in the Class A. A. A. pace between J. J. Archibald's bay mare Fanny D., driven by John Lawrence and H. Crossman's bay mare Bessie Pandit. The first two heats showed each horse a winner, and their third meeting showed both on even terms at the finish line after a whipping drive in the last 100 yards. To determine the supremacy a fourth heat was necessary in which the Pandit mare came home first, winning the race.

I. V. Hunt's champion pacing mare Clover Patch, in another special class for sidewheelers, was pitted against the bay mare Pickles of the Murphy stable and annexed the victory in straight heats. Both heats were close, and the time of the first heat, 1:03 1-8, made by the Hunt mare, was considered exceptionally fast under the track conditions. When the brushing was concluded a party of 200 club members and guests went to the club rooms in Dyckman Street, where eleven silver cups were presented by Dr. John H. Ferster to the owners of the season's highest point winners. The cups were divided, five for pacers and five for trotters, with the eleventh going to the champion colt. Irving V. Hunt scored a double victory by heading the list of both pacers and trotters. His champion mare Clover Patch took first cup for pacers with a tally of 28 points for the season's work, and his trotter Fair Maiden topped the list of winners in its class with 24 points. Second cup for pacers went to H. Crossman's Bessie Pandit, with seventeen tallies, and a four-cornered tie resulted for the remaining three cups between Funston, Sidney Patchen, Ouida, and Huertha.

On the toss to decide the three winners of cups E. Bass, owner of Funston, drew the blank and was eliminated. Vermont Belini, Belle Isle, and Eva Tanguay finished in the order named behind Fair Maiden, with a two-cornered tie between Kippewa and The Trip, the toss favoring Kippewa. Impromptu brushing will be continued next Sunday and the match race, weather permitting.

Williams Freshmen Win.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Nov. 19.—The Williams College freshmen sprung a big surprise here to-day by beating the sophomores 7 to 0 in the annual under-class football contest.

JOHNSON TO BOX MORAN.

Heavyweights to Battle for World's Title at Paris in January.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—Jack Johnson, heavyweight champion, was matched to-day to fight Frank Moran in this city during the second week of January, 1914, for the heavyweight championship of the world. Two clubs, the Nouveau Cirque and the Wonderland Français, are now bidding for the match, and the decision will be made known Saturday.

The Nouveau Cirque, which holds its bouts at the Velodrome D'Hiver in Passy, will seat 80,000 persons, and it has offered Johnson 50 per cent. of the gross receipts, with 25 per cent. for Moran. Arrangements have already been made for taking moving pictures of the fight. The Wonderland Club, which is under the control of Theodore Vienne, the leading fight promoter of France, will submit its bid to-morrow. It is said that both parties favor Vienne's club, as the fight would be held in Luna Park, Paris, thereby drawing a great society crowd.

Johnson is very anxious to defend his title because of the recent action of the International Boxing Union, which declared the championship vacant. The report that Johnson finds it necessary to re-enter the ring because of low finances is erroneous as the champion and his wife have jewels valued at $30,000. Johnson recently took over an apartment rented at $100 per month and has purchased a new automobile.

SHUGRUE DEFEATS HARVEY.

Jersey City Lightweight Has Eight Rounds In Bout at Fairmont A. C.

Joe Shugrue, the Jersey City lightweight, clearly outclassed Johnny Harvey of New York in a ten-round bout at the Fairmont A. C. of the Bronx last night. Several times in the late rounds of the contest it appeared as if the Jerseyite would be able to knockout his opponent but Harvey managed to stay on his feet all the time until the final bell sounded a welcome relief. The New Yorker bled from the nose and mouth during the greater part of the bout and his eyes were swollen at the close.

In only two of the ten rounds did the New Yorker show to advantage, Shugrue having a decided advantage in the other eight. Harvey's two rounds were the first and fourth. In the opener, before Shugrue really warmed up to the struggle, Harvey jabbed the New Jersey boy repeatedly with his left hand and got very little in return. In the fourth Harvey shook up Shugrue with a hard left swing to the jaw and followed up the advantage so well that Shugrue found it to his advantage to clinch.

Aside of these two rounds Harvey ran a poor second. Shugrue was the aggressor all the way, and did telling work with both hands. Harvey relied principally on his right, but his more experienced opponent kept out of range, and many of the New Yorker's hard swings were wasted in the air. Harvey got over one right swing which cut Shugrue's right eye. This was the only mark that the Jerseyite carried from the ring. At the finish Harvey was very tired from his efforts, while Shugrue was going as well as at any stage of the bout. The ringside weights were 136½ pounds for Shugrue and 135 pounds for Harvey.

In the ten-round semi-final Battling Reddy gained the honors over Young Marino. It was a fast contest all the way, with Reddy showing more cleverness and a better knowledge of boxing. He kept close to his opponent all the time and did his most effective work at close range. Reddy weighed 117 pounds and Marino 115¼ pounds.

Fencing at New York Turn Verein

The New York University fencing team had its first tournament of the season against the New York Turn Verein team last night. The collegians were coached by Capt. George Reimhere and the fencing master, Charles Coch. The members of the New York University team are Haroid Maroney, W. Friend, Charles Dellen, and W. F. Miller.

TAFT SPEAKS AT GOLF ANNIVERSARY

St. Andrews Club Celebrates Twenty-fifth Year of Game in America.

William H. Taft, former President of the United States, whose golfing proclivities are well known, paid a tribute to his favorite game last night by his presence at the twenty-fifth anniversary dinner of the St. Andrews Golf Club at Delmonico's. He joined his fellow-golfers at the "nineteenth hole."

To all golfers the silver jubilee of St. Andrews marks the twenty-fifth anniversary of the introduction of the royal and ancient game in the United States, for it was John Reid, the guest of honor last night, and a few colleagues who brought the game to America.

Tables were set for 200, and the ancient cross of St. Andrew, the club emblem, together with a plentiful supply of American flags, furnished the chief scheme of decoration. Austen G. Fox, President of the club, was the toastmaster and introduced as the first speaker the venerable Mr. Reid, who told of his part in American golf.

Then came Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, Vice President of St. Andrews. In a witty speech he bared the faults of his clubmates in merciless fashion, closing with a parody on the philosophy of Aristotle as applied to golf. I. Irving Fletcher further elucidated on the philosophy of the game and told in witty fashion of his experiences in bunkers and hazurds.

Owing to an address in Brooklyn at the Hamilton Club, former President Taft was late in arriving. In fact, it was nearly midnight before the far-driving erstwhile Chief Executive put in an appearance. None the less his reception was cordial in the extreme. He spoke extemporaneously, and told of his pleasure at being present at the twenty-fifth anniversary of the introduction of his pet game in the United States. He told in humorous fashion a few of his golfing experiences.

Seated on the dias were such famous men as John Reid, Nicholas Murray Butler, Walter J. Travis, former international champion; Louis B. Stoddard, and F. S. Douglas, former national champions; H. C. Tallmadge, William H. Taft, P. F. Murphy, Robert C. Watson, President United States Golf Association; William F. Morgan, H. J. Whigham, one of the early national title holders; John B. Upham, and Max Behr.

Coach Sheldon to Quit Indiana.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., Nov. 19.—Indiana University is on the lookout for a football coach. Coach James Sheldon, who has been directing Indiana's football teams for eight years, has announced that he will retire after next Saturday's game here with Purdue, which closes the season. There is a strong sentiment among students and particularly the alumni for an Eastern man to succeed Sheldon. A number of Yale, Harvard and Princeton gridiron players are consideration. A man who is capable of coaching both the football and baseball teams is being urged by many of the alumni.

Purdue's Coach Ill with Malaria.

LAFAYETT, Ind., Nov. 19.—Andrew Smith, Purdue University's football coach, has been stricken with malaria and to-day it was said he probably would not be able to handle the squad again this season. Coach Smith's illness at this time is regarded as a hard blow, as it comes on the eve of an boilermakers' most important game of the season—that with their old rivals, Indiana, at Bloomington next Saturday. Coach Smith has been in poor health all Fall, suffering from malaria, but refused to quit his work until given positive orders by his physician yesterday.

Phillips-Andover Football Captain.

ANDOVER, Mass., Nov. 19.—At a meeting of the Phillips-Andover academy football team, this afternoon, Stewart H. Buckle of Grand Junction, Tenn., was elected Captain of the team for the next season. Buckle played end last year and was in school this year, but was ineligible.

NEWS OF THE BOXERS.

Manager Billy Gibson of the Garden A. C. announced yesterday that he still has hopes of staging the bout between Carl Morris and Jess Willard at Madison Square Garden Dec. 2, although no action has yet been taken toward raising Willard's, suspension by the State Athletic Commission. Willard boxes George Rodel, the Boer heavyweight, in a ten-round bout at Milwaukee to-day, and he will leave Milwaukee to-morrow for this city. It is his intention to appear before the commission, and it is likely that both Manager Gibson of the Garden A. C. and Manager Murray of the Buffalo club, which caused Willard's suspension, will also attend the hearing. It is thought that arrangements satisfactory to the Buffalo promoters will be made for Willard's appearance here on Dec. 2, and his appearance at the Buffalo club at a later date.

Tommy Bergen of Lewiston, Me., known in boxing circles as the Lewiston Bearcat, has become totally blind during the last few days, and experts on eye troubles have declared that his sight will never return. Bergen came to New York more than a year ago, and since his arrival here he performed often at local clubs. He was noted more for his ruggedness and ability to take punishment than for his cleverness as a boxer. His last appearance in the ring was only three weeks ago against Tommy Teague, the Brooklyn middleweight. Collections for the benefit of the unfortunate boxer are being taken up at various boxing clubs. He will be taken back to his home in Lewiston this week.

William Rothwell, former featherweight champion, who was known in boxing circles as Young Corbett, has accepted the position of boxing instructor and referee at the Canadian A. C. of Montreal. The club is the leading boxing organization of Montreal and the gymnasium where bouts are held every two weeks will accommodate a crowd of almost 2,000 people. The club membership includes many of the most prominent citizens of Montreal.

Johnny Dundee and his manager, Scotty Montieth, have gone to New Orleans, where Dundee is booked for a ten-round bout with Charley White of Chicago on Thanksgiving Day. Shortly after their return from the Southern city the pair will start on their third transcontinental journey of the present year, as Dundee has been signed for the New Year's Day bout at Tom McCarey's Vernon arena.

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PECK & SON, rose wood, good shape	$250	$60
RIMBALL, Rosewood, fancy	300	115
STODDARD, mahogany, perfect	300	150
CABLE, mahogany, good tone and action	325	160
WEBSTER, mahogany, like new	325	165
WEBSTER, rosewood, good shape	400	175
SOHMER, Cabinet upright, like new	400	235
MARSHALL & WENDELL, mahogany, perfect	375	240
HAINES BROS., mahogany case	350	260
HARDMAN, mahogany, Colonial design	375	260
KNABE, mahogany, beautiful tone and case	500	330
KNABE, bindeare case	700	390
KNABE, mahogany, latest design	550	395

UPRIGHTS—*Continued*

	Formerly.	Now.
STEINWAY, almost new, mahogany, vertegrand	600	410
KNABE, Mission art case	650	495

GRANDS.

	Formerly.	Now.
WEBER, Parlor Grand, excellent	800	$240
CHICKERING, Parlor Grand, perfect	1000	295
STECK MAHOGANY, Baby, like new	700	390
HARDMAN, Rosewood Baby, new	700	440
HAINES BROS., mahogany, latest model	700	460
KNABE, Baby Rosewood, remodelled	850	485
MASON & HAMLIN, Baby, cost like new	800	530
KNABE, Mignonette, excellent	700	595
STEINWAY BABY, perfect, slightly used	800	665
KNABE, Baby Mahogany, artist used only	950	675

PLAYER PIANOS.

	Formerly.	Now.
1 APOLLO PLAYER PIANO, mahogany	$600	$290
1 MAHOGANY, 88-Note, latest type player piano	850	345
STANLEY PLAYER, mahogany	450	365
MARSHALL & WENDELL, Player Piano, mission, like new	600	415
HAINES BROS., de luxe, mahogany	700	520
KNABE, de luxe, like new	900	665
KNABE ANGELUS, all improvements, mahogany	1,050	690
KNABE, de luxe, latest type	950	765
KNABE ANGELUS, like new, beautiful mahogany case	1,000	810
KNABE ANGELUS, Circassian walnut	1,150	885
KNABE ANGELUS, Grand, like new	1,650	1,425

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MISHAP AT HORSE SHOW—GOV. TENER TO BE PRESIDENT OF NATIONAL LEAGUE

JUMPER SCATTERS CROWD AT GARDEN

Commander Smashes Gate and Injures Spectator During Horse Show Water Jump.

LORD SEATON BEST IN BIG

W. H. Moore Captures Sir James Cup—Big Crowd Watches Sensational Events.

The first real flutter of excitement during the week of the Horse Show at Madison Square Garden occurred last night during the international water jumping competition, which was the feature of the evening's entertainment. The incident threatened a serious termination, and for a few moments the spectators were wrought up to a high state of excitement.

Lieut. Reed Alpers, a prominent rider at the country club race meets, rode a big strapping bay gelding, Commander, the property of Squadron A, N. G. N. Y. As the horse completed his third jump he broke away from the rider's control and made a dash for the gate leading to the arena. Lieut. Alpers had planned to pull up his mount by degrees, but before he was aware of the fact Commander had crashed into the gates and, leaping over the entrance, and standing on the promenade were several hundred spectators, who had scarcely time to escape the mettlesome charger. A number were thrown to the ground, while the others in the vicinity made a wild scramble to escape injuries. Several grooms and helpers rushed to the assistance of the rider, and after a short while the horse was brought under control. The rearing and plunging of Commander had cleared the space, and the persons thrown to the floor in the haste to avoid the enraged animal were assisted to their feet. Max Tolive, a manufacturing jeller of 336 Kostiusko Street, Brooklyn, received a slight cut on the forehead, and Miss Kilovsky, his fiancée, was badly shaken up and had her dress torn. Several of the other women also had their clothing torn.

A peculiar feature in connection with the sensational incident occurred just before the class was to be called to the ring, when Lieut. Alpers said: "Watch me. I show them something before I get through," meaning that he expected to give his horse a smart performance. During the excitement Lieut. Alpers kept his seat and with his horse escaped injuries. He was loudly applauded for his pluck.

This is the second time this Fall that Lieut. Alpers has figured in a sensational contest. During the recent race meeting of the Meadow Brook Club at Belmont Park Lieut. Alpers, riding Mrs. Payne Whitney's Web Carter during a steeplechase race, he was thrown heavily at the Liverpool jump. He recovered his horse, remounted, and finished the race, securing a place among the first three horses.

Foreign army officers made a clean sweep of the event, which was for the Fairburn Cup. Several American horses qualified up to the last round, when four only were returned with a clean record. These were Sunrise, ridden by Lieut. Le Compte Albert d'Outtrement of Belgium, the winner; Ramuncho, with Chevalier Edward de Selliers de Moranville, also of Belgium; Romeo, piloted by Lieut. Marquis d'Oreglia of France, and Halcyon, owned by Col. Spencer Borden, U. S. A., and ridden by Major Putnam.

In the final round Halcyon, the only remaining American entrant, struck the water with his hind feet and was put out of the competition. Sunrise followed with a perfect score, while Ramuncho and Romeo committed slight faults and were penalized. They were placed by the judges in the order named, with Halcyon fourth.

Flashing around the brown tanbark ring teams of polo players clad in silk blouses of contrasting colors that would make a jockey's jacket look as subdued as a Quaker's gray or dim the richness of Joseph's coat were something new at the show yesterday. The kaleidoscopic changes marked the judging for a special cup between trios from the Great Neck, Portchester, Point Judith, Fishcatchers, and Cincinnati Polo Clubs. It is patently as well as sporty, to be a polo enthusiast in these days. A feeling not unconnected with the defeat of successive challenging English polo teams on Long Island and the brilliant success of a certain cup. Consequently the spectators warmed up to the team class.

The polo ists did all they would have done in a game except to use mallets and a ball. The men rode each other off, displayed the speed of their ponies at spirited gallops, and twirled about in all furnished an enlivening spectacle. Great Neck won the cup, which is merely incidental, as the picturesque was more enthralling than the competitive rivalry of the teams to the average beholder.

Fashion, high fashion, in the personnel of many charmingly attired women and young girls once again added animation to the assemblage, day and evening. Their escorts, quite as accurate and artistic sartorially, formed the proper background for the society chaperons and débutantes. Then there was the usual stream of casuals, dividing their glances equally between the fashionables and the horses, while over the rails and clustered in groups on the upper rows of seats were the eighteen-carat, dyed-in-the-wool horsey folks, quite oblivious of all save the competing horseman or horsewoman on the tanbark. Society bores these heartfelt horse enthusiasts.

"A fine horse show this," observed a waspy stable groom, turning with indifferent eyes from the sight of an exclusive evening gown. "But there's too many swells about in Fifth harness, too many swells about in park harness, and finally, in the twenty-nine years of the Show's youth the twenty-nine years of the Show's youth the twenty-nine years of the Show's youth there's never been a real horse show in it. Best are left out of the ribbons, the real treasures never get a look in, and the ribbons have been all the decorations in the world have ever given to exclusive people. Arabian thoroughbreds, the finest horses there are, the horses that have made the history of the turf, the horses that have won the Derby, the Grand National, the Grand Prix de Paris, the Kentucky Derby, the Futurity, and other world famous events, are left out of the ribbons, while everything from the cart horse to the pony is represented. Why? Because they're not fashionable. Why not, I ask you, have a horse show that is a horse show, with horses judged on their merits, and not on their social standing? Why not have a horse show that will be a real exhibition of the horse, and not a mere showcase for fashionable people? Why not have a horse show that will be a real encouragement to the breeding of horses? Why not have a horse show that will be a real benefit to the horse industry? Why not have a horse show that will be a real education to the public? Why not have a horse show that will be a real pleasure to the exhibitors? Why not have a horse show that will be a real success? Why not have a horse show that will be a real horse show?"

New to the programme was a run-about class, the popular improvement on the side-bar road wagon that originated in New York some fifteen years ago. The winners from Providence, R. I.—Walter H. Hanley, with the dainty stepper Jed—none of our local whips being "in the running." Gigs, the jaunty, high-wheeled carts, seldom seen now outside a show ring, were in evidence in the ponies and saddle horse classes, three times in the competition—the first for the Sir James Challenge Cup, the gift of Alfred G. Vanderbilt, in recognition and in thankfulness because he won out on the Nala Cup for pigs last year. These cups for high jumping have three strings to them, for they have to be won that many times, and they keep up the interest in ring classes. A man who wins one puts up another, but stands or falls on the one he has won.

There were six in for the Sir James Cup, including two women—Miss Long and Miss Viau—which was unusual, the fig being essentially one when in real vogue for gay bachelors going a-racing in the days of Judge Nala. It was won in the easiest possible way with Lord Seaton. Miss Long was reserve, with Consternation.

Willow King, a magnificent Indian hunter, scored a clean twenty-two straight victories when Miss Mary Ea Thompson of Eye piloted the Glen Riddell Farm's entry over the jumps without a blemish. Compared with the riding of the men in the jumping classes, the riding of the ladies and women in the saddle showed a decided superiority.

Women came into their own in the class for ladies' saddle horses, ridden by women on side saddle. Avoca, an exceedingly well mannered horse, ridden by Miss L. Webb, found favor with the judges after a close contest with Searchlight, with Miss Van Wyck in the saddle. Avoca is a well-bred type of saddler of rich chestnut color and answers to all the requirements of a high-class horse. Searchlight, the winner of the second prize, showed up well under the paces, but was somewhat deficient in build.

Roadster pairs showed both speed and quality and the appearance of Ruby and Jasper, from the stable of Mrs. T. Stetsebury of Philadelphia, repeated their former successes in this division by capturing the blue award in one of the best aggregation of light harness horses seen in the Garden.

The Sherry Cup for pairs of saddle horses ridden by a woman and man was a difficult class to judge, owing to the different types of the pairs. This was particularly the case with Miss H. D. Atterbury's Nickel Plate and Quicksilver, both of which have been notable winners on the summer circuit. Individually the pair compares favorably with any saddle horses in the Garden, but when judged as a pair failed to meet the requirements of the class and got the gate. The blue rosette went to Walter H. Hanley's Sir Evelyn and Glittering Glory, a strapping pair of bays, which were ridden by Miss Helen Rasmussen and J. H. Collins respectively. Miss Claribel Jefferson's Evangeline and Sheila, cleverly handled by Miss Belle Beach and Wright Allen, were placed second.

The jumping class was divided into two sections, the first being judged during the morning session, while the second closed the afternoon show. It was the first open jumping event in which the foreign and American army horses competed against American jumpers. It proved another victory for the Canadians, who in the century run up in evidence in the jumping competitions last year, despite the sympathetic encouragement accorded the home product by black pill and Scotch audiences. Captain Paul Rodzanko, riding Sivola, a beautiful bay mare, was the only rider who cleared the limit of six feet, while Lieut. Stephens, on the other Canadian entries, secured the decision for the Canadians. Paul Rodzanko is the country with Capt. Plant Reckendorf, an American, who crossed over to the Canadian ranks. Reckendorf was placed second on Sivola, while Lieut. Stephens, riding Tipperary, was placed third. Lieut. Stephens, riding Tipperary, was placed third. Lieut. Stephens, riding Tipperary, was placed third.

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THE WAITING POLICY.

What some of our people are inclined to call Mr. WILSON'S want of a policy toward Mexico is very likely the best possible policy. It would not have been BISMARCK'S way—he would have forced HUERTA'S hand by intolerable provocations. But BISMARCK'S purposes would have been different. The aims of his policy would have been, first war, then conquest. We want to avoid war, and conquest is no part of our design.

Some problems solve themselves. There is still a very great probability that this problem will be solved by the action of the Mexicans. We have confined ourselves to the single declaration that we cannot recognize the Government of HUERTA. We have had no thought of deposing him. That is for the Mexicans themselves. It is a process we cannot hasten. Before HUERTA goes out there must be a provisional Government to take his place. Until such a Government has been created, it can be no part of our policy to hasten HUERTA'S departure, for without a Government there would be anarchy. It is for that reason that the temporary arrangement for carrying on the work of administration in the City of Mexico must be made by the Mexicans. If peace and public order are to be preserved, the temporary Government must be acceptable to them, must be respected by them, and the steps it may take to order a new election must be such as they will approve. These matters are necessarily beyond our control. We cannot very well hasten them, save as persistence in our policy of not recognizing HUERTA tends, as more and more it must tend, to convince the Mexicans that in their own interest HUERTA must yield his executive power into other hands.

In this policy it seems certain that time works with us and against the Dictator. He cannot indefinitely hold out; he is threatened on too many sides. Not only the Constitutionalists, armed, in the field, and winning occasional victories, are a serious menace to him, but he is losing support among the better men of Mexico. Some of them have withdrawn from association with him; others he has disposed of. Moreover, he knows now that instead of giving him aid and comfort, the European Powers are content to leave the problem in our hands for solution. For him it is a process of starvation, slow but almost certainly sure. It is not at all likely that by any act of violence or by encouraging or permitting any lawless outbreaks against Americans or American interests HUERTA will hasten the coming of his doom. That would be an act of incredible hardihood and folly. The waiting policy naturally prolongs our period of anxiety—we want peace and security on our border; we want order formally established in Mexico. But the alternative is action by armed force, the very thing we are most anxious to avoid. There is as yet no visible reason why we should depart from our policy of letting the Mexicans bring about the needed readjustment of their affairs.

A LAW TO GUARD DESIGNS.

At the meeting about to convene in this city of several hundred manufacturers and importers, representing seventeen trades in the conduct of which original designs play an important part, an attempt will be made to draw a Federal bill permitting the registration of these designs at a low fee. At present designs and patterns are often pirated unless covered by patents which are difficult and costly to obtain, slow of issuance, and not easily defended in the courts. The fact that the designs of foreign merchandise which will be exhibited at the Panama-Pacific Exhibition in San Francisco will be amply protected by the terms of the new Kahn law, while American manufacturers are not only unprotected, but exposed to new dangers of foreign infringement, makes the work of drawing a new bill necessary.

It will be difficult to frame a proper bill. Mr. A. P. HAIRE, editor of Dress Essentials, notes that under our present patent laws an importer may be prosecuted for infringement of a lace design bought by him in good faith from a European manufacturer who has pirated it and offers it for sale among hundreds of other designs. Some method must be provided by which American importers may know whether textile designs brought in from Europe infringe upon American patents.

Another grave difficulty presents itself in the case of designs prepared by adapting ideas embodied in old historic laces, tapestries, paintings, armor, and books. As some of the best "creations" are derived from historic sources, and the adaptations require the services of skilled artists, it would seem that they should have protection as well as original designs. But the Federal Constitution provides that Congress shall have power to promote the useful arts by issuing patents only upon writings and "discoveries." Can the definition of discoveries embrace these adaptations of old ideas? Of course, the Interstate Commerce clause of the Constitution, which gives Congress full and broad powers of regulation in interstate trade, may be invoked at this point. Certainly it would be unfortunate if new designs which represent a steady development of the best thought and practice of the past may not be protected.

THE PERIL TO THE SCHOOLS.

Within the last few days Mayor KLINE has received protests against the reappointment of Mr. CHURCHILL to the Board of Education that, we should suppose, would make it practically impossible. One of these protests was from the Public Education Association, setting forth facts with which the readers of THE TIMES are already familiar. The second was from a number of "citizens and taxpayers who are specially concerned with education." These are the names signed to the protest:

NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER, President of Columbia University.
HENRY S. PRITCHETT.
FELIX ADLER.
JULIUS SACHS
FREDERICK J. E. WOODBRIDGE, Dean of Graduate Faculties, Columbia University.
WALLACE BUTTRICK.
ABRAHAM FLEXNER.
CHARLES C. BURLINGHAM.
HENRY W. TAFT.
FELIX M. WARBURG.
FREDERIC R. COUDERT.
OTTO T. BANNARD.
SETH LOW.

Here is a list of names of men whose knowledge and experience in education entitle them to the highest respect. They have and can have but one aim, the welfare of the schools and of the pupils in the schools. They point out the specific directions in which this welfare is being sacrificed to class and personal interests. There are two principles which cannot be abandoned without the gravest danger. One is the selection and promotion of teachers in accordance with their merit; the other is the administration of the schools through responsible professional officers. Both these principles have been not only abandoned but violated, and this in a systematic, persistent, and ingenious fashion that has all the earmarks of careful design. In this work Mr. CHURCHILL and his immediate associates have been intimately concerned.

The worst feature of the situation is that it has led to the formation among the teachers of something very like a trade union in which naturally it is not the best who lead. And this in its turn has led to the introduction of methods and aims closely akin to those of the politicians. We have seen to what lengths this movement could be carried in the notorious McKee bills pushed through the Legislature last Winter, and which were perfect and detestable examples of the worst form of special legislation of the extreme Tammany sort. The main object of these bills was to take power away from responsible officers and centre it in the Board of Education, with the addition of a special provision for the advantage of one of the chief manipulators of the movement. It can easily be seen how completely the whole teaching force would be demoralized if this system were to have full sway, as it would have if Mr. CHURCHILL could accomplish it.

The fundamental principle in the organization of the educational department in this city is that the board shall attend to the business side and the professionals to the teaching side. If faithfully and intelligently applied, this is undoubtedly the best conceivable principle. Mr. CHURCHILL and his associates do not think so, and they have done all that lay in their power to overthrow it. Had Tammany regained control of the city there is no telling what would have been the limit to the revolution in the schools. Fortunately Tammany was routed all along the line. It happens that in the next few weeks Mayor KLINE has the appointment of the successors to Mr. CHURCHILL and a number of his closest supporters. It is not to be expected that in the use of the power thus lodged in his hands the Mayor will care to follow the policy that Tammany would have pursued. We think that he can be relied on to select other and better men. In rejecting those that have proved unfit for their trust he will be amply sustained by the best public opinion.

FAST MAIL MOTOR CARS.

It is possible to overreach one's self in an argument. Mr. JAMES STEWART, Second Assistant Postmaster General, in his letter to the Board of Aldermen, arguing that mail wagons should be exempt from the regular traffic rules and be permitted to exceed the speed limit, says that the running time to the railroad terminals, as a rule, does not "exceed nine miles an hour."

If that is so, then why exempt the mail wagons? The speed limit is fifteen miles an hour under the regular traffic rules—subject, of course, to reasonable care in avoiding collisions. Mr. STEWART'S talk about the impossibility of maintaining the Post Office schedules if the mail wagons are subjected to the requirements applying to ordinary traffic is futile, granted that nine miles an hour is the speed required to keep to the schedules. Within the past two months the big mail trucks have killed half a dozen people and injured several more. It might be thought that the lives of pedestrians are of even greater value than the maintaining of mail schedules. Why does Mr. STEWART wish his nine-mile-an-hour trucks to be exempted from a speed limit of fifteen miles?

MUDDLING THE BANK BILL.

"Lawful money" has gone into and out of the Banking bill so often that interest whether it is in or out is succeeded by curiosity as to the reasons why it appears and disappears. The one sure thing is that the phrase is not put in and out on any principle of banking. Principles do not work both ways. If the committees would adopt some sort of principles to guide their work they would spare themselves labor and the public mystification.

The new notes are not to be legal tender, according to the latest phase, but the banks are to be allowed to redeem them in lawful money. The reserves are further to be deteriorated for an uncertain length of time by allowing half of them to be commercial paper suitable for rediscounts. Commercial paper as assets has no superior. As bank reserves payable on demand it is a novelty, and leaves something to be desired. The plan would seem likely to remove the last fear of contraction of currency. Under the present system a bank with a million of reserves could grant credits of four millions. It has been calculated that under the new system, with a lower percentage of reserves, and with the rediscount privilege, the ratio of reserves to loans would be between twice and thrice that. There can be no doubt that there will be much shifting of reserves, but it does not follow that there need be contraction of loans for that reason. Loans can be shifted as well as reserves, and the bankers of Wall Street in particular can be trusted to work the plan, if it is workable, in the manner least trying to borrowers.

Congress is trying both to draft and work the bill. If it will draft the bill right it will have done its share. In whatever form the bill is passed it will have to go through a process such as the Treasury regulations made familiar in the case of the income tax. The wit of man is not competent to foresee all contingencies, and to enact provision for them in a statute. That politicians ignoring principle, rejecting banking advice, thinking only of the votes of the least informed, or most misinformed, portion of the community, should succeed altogether in their patriotic endeavors is least likely. Their daily behavior is an unconscious revelation of the manner in which such a law should not be prepared.

THE SALE OF BICHLORIDE TABLETS.

Marketed in sixteen varying sizes, five different shapes, and five different colors, not a single preparation of antiseptic tablets containing the deadly poison known as corrosive mercuric chloride, bichloride of mercury, corrosive sublimate—or simply "bichloride" or "sublimate"—is put up with a label properly indicating the fact that it contains highly toxic materials. Persons who mistake these tablets for a medicine cannot tell by the form or color that the tasteless composition is dangerous. In the latest report of the Public Health Service at Washington, Dr. MARTIN I. WILBERT, Technical Assistant in the Hygienic Laboratory, suggests that a type form of the pastilles be introduced into the United States Pharmacopeia: perhaps the description of mercuric chloride tablets included in the German Pharmacopeia should be adopted as the international form in view of rapidly growing trade in drugs between the different countries of the world.

The German Pharmacopeia provides that pastilles containing this poison be made of equal parts with common salt, that they be colored bright red with aniline dye, have a cylindrical shape, and be twice as long as thick. Wrapped individually in black paper bearing the word "poison" in white letters, with a stated weight of tablet, which is to be wrapped and dispensed only in suitable glass bottles or tubes. This official form would gradually become popular and discourage the sale and use of preparations in other forms. In addition, Dr. WILBERT suggests to purchasers that the tablets be kept apart from other non-poisonous preparations; moreover, "restrict "newspapers from publishing unnecessary details in regard to the "nature and kind of poison used in "cases of accidental or intentional "poisoning."

Suicides are neither prevented nor made by reports in newspapers. It is true that since the publication of noted cases of mercuric chloride poisoning persons who might have killed themselves in some other way have chosen this means of suicide. But sufferers from melancholia are extremely sensitive to suggestions of any sort, which may be perfectly harmless to a normal mind. A news report of mercuric poisoning might, indeed, offer an occasion for suicide; it could hardly be its cause, any more than passing by an open window would be a cause of suicide, or crossing a street in front of moving cars. The remedy is to guard closely persons who show symptoms of abnormality. Nevertheless, it would be wise to put up in distinctive form any poison in common household use, so that it might never be mistaken for a harmless preparation.

MISSOURI ADMITS BEING SHOWN.

The Attorney General of Missouri dismissed on Friday his suits against 134 insurance companies as a conspiracy in restraint of trade. What could not be done with a club has been done by reasonable consideration of the merits of the case. Instead of trying to force insurance rates down the State has been brought to see that rates were not unreasonably high, considering the losses of the business which were made possible by weak regulation, not of the insurance companies, but of their customers' risks.

When the State became reasonable the companies became amenable. The business is to be made safer and the rates are to be cheaper, and better proportioned to the various sorts of risks. Both companies and the State are pleased and all is well. The same result might have been reached more easily by the light of reason, but that is not the politicians' way.

TAMMANY'S INCOME.

Sub-section G (a), of the Income Tax act, provides exemption to "civic leagues or organizations not organized for profit." The terms "civic league" and "organizations not organized for profit" may, possibly, be construed as having been used disjunctively. An enthusiastic Fusionist who has studied the act raised the question whether the Tammany Society is exempt from payment of a tax on its income.

Tammany Hall, of course, is exempt because, unfortunately, its membership has been identified with the Democratic Party of this State. It is believed that the Tammany Society, an entity kept in close partnership with the Hall, can have no other reason for being than profit. Is it, therefore, out of the category exempted? The difficulty lies in considering the status of the Society, not as organized for profit, but for legitimate profit. We have already suggested that the levy of 1 per cent. on Mr. MURPHY'S campaign assessments would be a sort of "collection at the source," and perhaps that solves the difficulty.

MILEAGE GRAFT.

Some Congressmen are demanding that Congress shall adjourn in order that they may collect the money allowed them for travel to and from their homes. They are not asking for the perquisite in order that they may spend the money going home, for that would leave nothing in their pockets. Neither do most of them want to go home, for they are there already in such numbers that the lack of a quorum is a scandal. What the Congressmen want is such an addition to their salaries as would come from the difference between their travel cost and their travel allowance. The motive is as petty as the perquisite. If there is no other way of getting the laws the country needs the little levy must be paid, but it will leave its mark on whoever takes it. Congress is paid by the year, and many would prefer that it should take eleven months' holiday. But a grant of mileage money as a gift, not for travel, is objectionable.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Assumption Involving a Fallacy.

It is highly characteristic of the way most of us think about public office that already, in anticipation of the completion by Col. GOETHALS of his great task in Panama, he is receiving many offers of future employment, all based on the assumption that a man who has done one thing notably well will be equally efficient in doing other things, no matter how different.

For this assumption there is some excuse in the probability that a man really able in any line will not undertake work which he knows himself incompetent to perform, but it is unlikely that those who are seeking to secure the services of Col. GOETHALS think of qualifying their proposals in this way or even dream of his refusing a well-paid public office through fear of failure to meet its requirements. Of course nobody would go so far as to take his success in Panama as proof of his ability to do as well absolutely anything that anybody can do—rival Caruso in opera, for instance, or Marconi as an electrician. But authorized representatives of Dayton are credibly reported to have made to him what business men call a "firm offer" of the post of "corporation manager" for that city, and undenied rumor has it that Mr. Mayor-to-be MITCHEL will make him Police Commissioner of New York if he will take the place.

Far be it from us to deny that Col. GOETHALS could fill either of those positions with honor to himself and advantage to those whom, if he accepted either, he certainly would serve to the best of his power. All of his training and experience, however, has been that of an engineer working in military conditions of discipline, and that can hardly be called ideal preparation even for analogous work under the much greater limitations inevitably placed on a civilian official. And management of a large city's complicated activities or of a larger city's police force is not at all closely analogous to the building of a great canal while exercising a sort and amount of power which no civilian official will ever have.

We must, indeed, remember in considering this matter that if Dayton or New York doesn't get Col. GOETHALS, somebody with even less of special training than he for municipal service will not improbably be obtained. That, however, does not prevent one from bemoaning the fact that the general eagerness to put this truly great man in an unfamiliar environment illustrates anew our present failure to recognize our need for professional officeholders, properly so called.

An Argument Hardly Convincing.

Only one objection has yet been made to the suggestion on this page that the number of automobile "accidents" would be decreased, and with it the now appalling number of highway slaughters, if insurance against the recovery of damages in civil damage suits were made by law unrecoverable by an automobilist who inflicted the injury while doing anything illegal—driving a car when under the influence of liquor, for instance, or breaking a speed ordinance or rule of the road.

The objection offered is that in many cases the punishment would fall on the wrong man—on the innocent and helpless owner of the car, instead of on the guilty chauffeur whose intoxication or recklessness was in violation of both explicit orders and solemn promises.

That real hardship could thus be inflicted, and undeserved losses imposed, is obvious enough, but the possibility hardly condemns the suggested law, since nobody who drives his own car—a large majority of all automobilists—would lose his insurance except by his own fault. As for the others, they would simply be compelled, in the selection of chauffeurs, to make themselves more nearly sure than now that their employes were sober, competent, and law-abiding.

Certainty in these respects, of course, could not be obtained, for betrayals of reasonably justified confidence will doubtless continue till the end of that portion of time which interests premillennial mortals. With something less than certainty, however, we could get along fairly well in this, as in most other matters. Existing conditions are well nigh intolerable, and, what is too often forgotten by those who denounce them, the careful and decent majority of automobilists suffer even more, in mind, person, and property, than do pedestrians from every one of the perils created by the unskilled, reckless, and criminal minority.

Prosecuting officials do not make anything like the use they should of the law which turns into murder homicides committed with "depravity of mind," and we are unpardonably negligent in not having everywhere, and rigorously enforcing, a law requiring, not permitting, permanent forfeiture of licenses as an invariable and inevitable part of the penalty inflicted on drunken chauffeurs, amateur or professional.

Teaching the Art of Voting.

To the already almost innumerable utilities of "moving pictures," another of a truly peculiar and surprising kind has been added by the politicians of Italy. That country has recently increased the size of its electorate from 4,000,000 to between 8,000,000 and 9,000,000 voters, and many of the men newly enfranchised, especially in the southern provinces, need a lot of instruction in the exercise of the unfamiliar privilege. This, according to a Consular report from Catania, the representatives of the political parties are giving in the little "movie" theatres, which are as numerous and popular there as almost everywhere else, and they are doing it by providing the managers with films that show in minute detail all the processes and phases of voting.

These pictures illuminate even the most illiterate minds, and so successful has the plan proved in Catania that the physicians of the provinces are purposing its employment in teaching the elements of personal and domestic hygiene.

That the "movies" are not an unmixed blessing has long been recognized by the thoughtful and observing, but even their most vigorous critics do not deny the many and important educational uses to which they can and should be put. It is unfortunate that, like not a few other good things, this wonderful invention lends itself with as much facility to the serving of bad ends as to those which are commendable.

GREAT MEADOW PRISON

Should Be Taken as a Model for the New Sing Sing.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

After the horrors of Sing Sing, let us turn to Great Meadow, the highest achievement in American prisons. Four years ago, when a new prison was needed, a site of 1,100 acres was selected near Lake George, and a cell block to hold 600 prisoners was erected. This was the first vital step for a humane prison—ample farming land in the open country. The second vital step, the selection of a Warden, was met by taking a business man of no prison experience, but of glowing personality and strong convictions. This man has made, and is daily making, a demonstration of the supremacy of moral power over the lives of convicts which renders obsolete other penal methods.

The new Warden believes that a man, though a convict, is still a man with human nature unchanged. This view is, of course, directly opposed to the common belief that a convict is a beast, to be kept in a barred cage, to be guarded by armed men, and to be treated with fear, suspicion, and cruelty. Despite many predictions of failure from old-time prison officials, the Warden had the courage to act on the belief that the convicts had a sense of honor, and would respond to his trust in it. The results have been beyond credence. Out of nearly 2,000 men who have passed through Great Meadow in the past three years there have been but five runaways. No case has been known of an inmate assaulting a keeper.

Here at Great Meadow we have the model for the new Sing Sing. Let the State buy 1,000 acres of farming land, select another Warden Homer, and send him out with 500 convicts to build the new prison. Great Meadow, Guelph, Montpelier, and all the new honor prisons demonstrate that the old-fashioned equipment of steel is a needless expense. The convict's promise not to run away is more effective than steel bars. Is this hard to believe? It's true. R. M. HURD.

New York, Nov. 19, 1913.

Check on Motor Car Speeding.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Re your articles on reckless automobile driving, they have an effective check in France which should be brought into use here. It is very simple. If any recklessness is indulged in the driver, owner, or chauffeur is made to drive the car off to a police garage, and it is impounded until the case is heard, which may be a week or a month. Sometimes, at the discretion of the police, the car can be "bailed out" for the sum of 1,000 francs, ($200.) This acts as a tremendous deterrent, especially to taxi drivers, (who are the worst offenders,) as it means taking their means of living away for the time being. OWNER.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 17, 1913.

VALUE OF PHILIPPINES.

Furnish a Good Training Ground for American Soldiers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your leader for to-day is so clean-cut a piece of work, is so clear and forcibly put, that it made a distinct impression upon the writer, as doubtless upon all thinking readers of THE TIMES. The Philippines are not often enough in our thoughts, as an enormous problem, upon which our children's children will still be at work, I believe. They have been studied from many angles, but it would seem that one point of view remains without the attention which surely it deserves.

In the opinion of the writer, perhaps the one greatest reason for maintaining our hold as a nation upon this collection of savage and semi-savage peoples is the opportunity it has given us to enable our soldiers to become the real article, and not merely—regulars and volunteers alike—carpet soldiers; men who have never seen powder burned in anger, nor heard the zip of a rifle bullet fired by a military enemy worthy of consideration as such.

Now that our Indians, through process of elimination, have become "good" and no longer are severely troublesome to outlying districts of our country, what opportunities offer for the real training of our men? Aside from the Philippines, none at all worth mentioning. And yet were we to be at war with some power, using against us an army of seasoned soldiers, they would inevitably sweep us away like chaff, costing, at least in our earlier battles, many thousands of lives and the bitter mortification of defeat. Nobody of sense can question this; and it would result from the lack, among officers and men alike, of opportunities granted them in which and whereby to become professionals instead of amateurs at war.

Let us thank God for the Philippines, therefore. In them our troops have had for years now the genuine article of real fighting and rough living, and hardships such as are needed for their best interests, and ours, ultimately.

Regarded from a financial standpoint, the Philippines certainly have not paid. Far from it. But having put our hand to this plow we cannot without disgrace turn back. And neither should we wish to do so. We are a blessing there to the mixed multitudes of relatively unstable equilibrium. And in a wholly different way, no less are they a blessing to us, particularly the more savage tribes, as I have endeavored to point out.

It rather looks at this present moment of writing as if Mexico bids fair to contribute a similar and further blessing. At least, it behooves us to try to regard it in that light.

ROBERT H. M. DAWBARN.

New York, Nov. 17, 1913.

LETTER FROM PHILIPPINES.

Warns of Danger in Policy of "Immediate Independence."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Apropos of your interesting editorial article anent the Philippines, you will, I am sure, be interested in a letter which I have to-day received from a friend of mine in Manila, dated Oct. 8, on this very subject:

* * * I have no doubt that, in the near future, the question of Philippine independence will loom rather larger on the political horizon than it has done up to the present. As a Britisher I am, of course, not entitled to voice any opinions regarding American politics, but it seems to me that the present Democratic Government would be guilty of criminal folly if it were even to think seriously of giving immediate independence to the Philippines. The new Governor General arrived here a few days ago, and he has started the lopping-off process already, and to-day the bureau chiefs are in a state of uncertainty, as they do not know who is to go next.

I don't suppose you will be very much interested in a long discourse on the Philippines, but I cannot refrain from saying that every good American who has the interests of his country at heart, and who has a vote to cast, ought to make himself thoroughly acquainted with conditions prevailing here, so that when the time comes for voicing his opinion in a practical way with regard to the Philippines, he will, at least, be in a solid reason for saying yea or nay to independence.

It is quite a coincidence that this letter should reach me just at the time of your editorial on this subject.

WILLIAM MOSKOWITZ.

New York, Nov. 17, 1913.

INCOME TAX EVASION

Made Easy for Those Who Gamble in Stocks.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Among the idiosyncrasies of the Federal income tax law (if a law may be said to have any) is the fact that it not only taxes matrimony by increasing the taxes assessed against a man and a woman having separate incomes over $3,000 each as soon as they marry, but it also mitigates the hardships of the stock gambler by exempting him from all normal income tax.

Ignoring the facetious claim that the net losses of the average gambler would alone exempt him from taxation, it may be seriously shown that no one with an income under say $11,500 need pay any income tax whatever if he will but carry a sufficient amount of dividend paying stocks on margin.

For example: A married man whose income is $11,500 pays a tax of 1 per cent. on $7,000, or $75 per annum. After reading an elucidation of a vital feature of the law, he orders his broker to buy $168,421 of stock distributing 5 per cent. dividends, or $8,421 a year. For 10 per cent. margin he deposits $16,842, allowing his broker 90 per cent. of his purchase, or $151,589, upon which, at 5 per cent., his annual interest charges will amount to $7,579. His income tax return is now prepared as follows:

Former income		$11,500
Stock dividends received	$8,421	
Gross income		$19,921
Deductions.		
Interest on indebtedness	$7,579	
Dividends from taxable corporations	8,421	
Specific deduction (married)	4,000	
Total deductions		20,000
Taxable net income		None

Of course, the Government loses nothing, for my ingenious friend has merely shifted the tax which he formerly paid from himself to the broker or the ultimate lender.

PAUL M. HUDSON.

Upper Montclair, N. J., Nov. 15, 1913.

THEATRE SUGGESTIONS.

Music and Good Seats Would Attract Larger Audiences.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I appreciate very much your recent article as to why the public stays away, in many cases, from the theatre. Of course we shall always have the "fiends" who fairly live in the playhouse, and these, no doubt, the managers count on, but do they never take into consideration the large public of intellectual people who are not dependent on the stage for their entertainment, but who can be won to theatre-going by making an evening at the theatre an event to be remembered, an evening of unalloyed enjoyment from start to finish?

By start I mean obtaining good seats at advertised prices and not being told that "there is nothing in front of the thirteenth row for a month," when the applicant knows that the best choice seats for any performance at the hotels by paying an advance. This, to begin with, puts the auditor in an unreceptive frame of mind, but once in the house the waiting for the musicians who never come. Do the managers ever recall the days when Henry Tissington at the Union Square, Baker and Erode at Wallack's, Mallenhauer and Wildner at Daly's, Furst at the Empire, and Puerner at the old Lyceum made the entr'actes a supreme delight? I, for one, never attend the theatre where music is absent.

JOHN H. JAMES.

New York, Nov. 18, 1913.

KATSURA'S BRAIN.

Dr. Spitzka Ranks It Sixteenth in Weight List of 108.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With reference to the post-mortem findings in the late Prince Katsura, Japan's great statesman, I would cite the following data from my article in Science of a decade ago, based upon Prof. K. Taguchi's series of observations published in the Sei-I-Kwai Medical Journal of Tokio in 1903.

Prof. Taguchi's researches were based upon 597 subjects, 421 males, and 176 females, mostly from the hospitals. The average brain weight of 374 adult males, ranging in age from 21 to 95, is 1,367 grams, (maximum, 1,790; minimum, 1,063;) of 150 adult females it is 1,214 grams, (maximum, 1,432; minimum, 961.) The sexual difference of these averages is 153 grams, about the same as in Europeans.

Compared to European brain weights, the distribution of the male Japanese is seen to correspond fairly well with that of male German brain weights of the Bischoff-Marchand series. Up to the fourteenth year it is evident that the growth of the Japanese brain is slower; the brain of the Japanese boy between 9 and 14 years of age weighs about 1,235 grams, while that of the European of the same age weighs 1,300 to 1,350 grams.

The relation between brain weight and stature is as positive as is observed in the European series. The Japanese are a people of small stature, however, because short-legged, and this fact lends interest to the question of relative brain weight. On the whole, the brain weight of the Japanese compares favorably with that of Europeans of similar stature, and it may be shown to be superior in this respect to other races of the same general stature. These facts are of not a little significance in relation to the learning, industry, and aptitudes of this progressive race.

Prof. Taguchi occupied the chair of anatomy in the Imperial University of Tokio, and, in accordance with his bequest, his body was dissected after his death in February, 1904. His brain weighed 1,520 grams, or 53.6 ounces avoirdupois.

Prince Katsura's brain weight (1,600 grams, or 56.4 ounces avoirdupois) is distinctly high in the scale, ranking in sixteenth place in my previous list of 108 eminent men whose brains were weighed. The brains of Kant and Bismarck, quoted in your dispatch, were not weighed, so far as I have been able to ascertain, but the weights were calculated in the one case from the cranial capacity, in the other from measurements of the head.

The prejudice against post-mortem examinations, which in the past greatly retarded medical and scientific progress, is slowly beginning to disappear among intelligent and educated people.

I now possess a fair number of bequests of brains, even of whole bodies, of persons of superior intellectual capacity. As Prosector of the American Anthropometric Society I take a keen interest in such investigations. This society was chartered in 1891, and the active members of it are those who give consent to the post-mortem examination of their brains, it being understood that the society or its prosector shall be notified promptly in the event of death in order that steps may be taken to secure a proper examination and preservation of the brain and other organs.

I have already published my studies on the brains of the two Leidys, Cope, Dr. Pepper, Prof. Allen, Dr. A. J. Parker, and Persifor Frazer. The brain of Dr. John H. Musser was the latest acquisition to the collection. Contrary to the newspaper reports at the time, this brain was of superior size and development; its weight was 1,595 grams, or 56.26 ounces avoirdupois.

EDWARD ANTHONY SPITZKA.

Philadelphia, Penn., Nov. 18, 1913.

CAUSE FOR THANKSGIVING.

Commissioner Drummond Finds It In Prevention of Suffering.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is easy to specify causes for public thanksgiving this year. There is the general and remarkable development in charities, both public and private. There is the increase in facilities for housing and caring for the sick and dependent; the very marked betterments in all our institutions, hospitals, homes, asylums. In all of them the advance has been greater than in any previous year. There is a great gain in the city's facilities for the care of those suffering from tuberculosis, and greater success in fighting the disease itself. There are new measures and means for protecting the feeble-minded and defective. There is great hope and some apparent success in the new radium treatment for cancer. There is increased interest in preventive measures, and a reasonable certainty that the new studies and experiments at such laboratories as the Rockefeller Institute will bring relief and recovery to the suffering. Just as the Thanksgiving season is here the newest and best of all good things to be grateful for is the announcement of Dr. John B. Murphy, the eminent Chicago surgeon, that he believes internal medicine will largely supersede the dreaded knife and prove equal to all demands. Others share in this good hope, and it is likely we shall have the realization. There is, indeed, very much to be thankful for.

In spite of the last two suspected numerals, 1913 has been a fortunate year for those who live under the sign of charity; for those who have devised it, bestowed it, or received it. Let us all be thankful.

MICHAEL J. DRUMMOND,
Commissioner of Charities.

New York, Nov. 18, 1913.

Encroaching on West Point.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is a movement on foot to run the boulevard now being laid out along the Hudson Railroad by the Palisade Park Commissioners through the Government reservation at West Point. It is always necessary that a fight be made to have parks and similar places from being encroached on, no matter how worthy the object may be. Whereas it would improve this boulevard to run it through the reservation, it would not help the latter, and this encroachment should be resisted by the War Department.

LUCIEN FAITOUT.

New York, Nov. 17, 1913.

THE POPULACE.

The People, O the People—eyes that lie,
Ears stopped! For always ostracised
Is he,
Just Aristides; and the rabble flee,
While trampled by their foes the Gracchi die!
The People, O the People! Still they rave
Like maddened Hercules, and who dare brave
Their wrath to save them when themselves they rend?
Alas, their sorrows! But they still condemn
Themselves, at war with all who fight for them,
Crowning their foe who overthrows their friend!

STOKELY S. FISHER.

TEACHERS' FUND $618,000 THIS YEAR

404 Professors or Their Widows Now on the List of Those Aided by Carnegie Foundation.

THE TRUSTEES MEET HERE

Donor Unable to Entertain the Board or Attend Its Deliberations Because of His Cousin's Death.

The annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching was held at the offices of the foundation, 576 Fifth Avenue, yesterday morning. The twenty-five Trustees, who are college Presidents and financiers, including President Lowell of Harvard, President Hadley of Yale, and President Butler of Columbia, were present with the exception of Chancellor David Starr Jordan of Leland Stanford University, who is in Europe. The Chairman of the board, William Peterson, Principal of McGill University, in Montreal, presided. Mr. Carnegie did not attend the meeting or the luncheon of the Trustees. This was because of the death of Mrs. George Lauder, his cousin, at the Plaza Hotel. For the same reason the reception given usually to the Trustees at the Carnegie home in Fifth Avenue by Mrs. Carnegie was omitted this year.

The Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching was established to provide pensions for college professors and to advance educational conditions in this country and abroad.

Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, President of the Carnegie Foundation, and Robert A. Franks, its Treasurer, presented their annual reports, which will be made public as soon as they are printed. In the last year Mr. Carnegie gave the foundation $1,250,000 as a special endowment for its study of the educational system. The original fund to provide pensions for college professors was established in April, 1905, and the foundation began its work on July 1, 1906. It spent $158,000 in pensions in the first year of its existence. Last year its expenditures for the same purpose increased to $570,000. Fearing that the expenditures for pensions would exhaust the entire income of the fund and leave nothing to support educational investigations to insure the wise use of the pensions, Mr. Carnegie in January gave $1,250,000 for the educational investigation fund.

Extensive studies for the purpose of administering the pension fund wisely have been undertaken. The most important have been the investigations conducted by Abraham Flexner into educational conditions in the medical schools of this country and Europe. An investigation of educational conditions in agricultural training colleges has been started, and an investigation of conditions in legal education has been decided upon.

The endowment of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching is now $15,325,000, and its annual income $694,000. Of this amount $618,000 was used this year in paying pensions to 404 professors or their widows, as compared with $570,000 last year. Thirty-three pensioners were added to the list this year.

Mr. Carnegie's gifts for philanthropic purposes, exclusive of those many libraries he has given away, now amount to nearly $220,000,000. Here are his chief benefactions: $125,000,000 for the Carnegie Corporation, $15,325,000 for the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, $22,000,000 for the Carnegie Institution for the Advancement of Scientific Research at Washington, $10,000,000 for the Carnegie Hero Fund, $15,000,000 for the Carnegie Institute at Pittsburgh, $10,000,000 for New York City branch libraries, $10,000,000 for Scotch universities, and $10,000,000, for his native town of Dunfermline, Scotland.

Between the annual meetings of the trustees of the Carnegie Foundation, its routine business is conducted by an Executive Committee, consisting of President Pritchett and six other trustees, two of whom are elected each year. At yesterday's meeting President Frank A. Vanderlip of the National City Bank and Robert A. Franks were re-elected to the Executive Committee. Provost E. F. Smith of the University of Pennsylvania was elected a member of the board to succeed President Ira Remsen of Johns Hopkins University, who has retired to devote himself to research.

Those present at yesterday's meeting were: William Peterson, Principal of McGill University, Montreal; William Frederick Slocum, President of Colorado Springs College, Colorado; Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University; Arthur Twining Hadley, President of Yale University; Abbott Lawrence Lowell, President of Harvard University; Jacob Gould Schurman, President of Cornell University; Alexander Crombie Humphreys, President of Stevens Institute of Technology; Hill McClelland Bell, President of Drake University, Iowa; William Lowe Bryan, President of the University of Indiana; Thomas Morrison Carnegie of New York; Edwin Boone Craighead, President of the University of Montana; William Henry Crawford, President of Allegheny College; George Hutchison Denny, President of the University of Alabama; Charles Richard Van Hise, President of the University of Wisconsin; Henry Churchill King, President of Oberlin University; Thomas McClelland, President of Knox College; Samuel Black McCormick, Chancellor of the University of Pittsburgh; Samuel Plantz, President of Lawrence College,

SIX DEBUTANTES MAKE THEIR BOWS

Miss Grace Rogers Introduced at Luncheon at Home; Miss Le Brun Parsons at Sherry's.

MISS VIRGINIA SCULLY, BUD

Miss Lentilhon Gilford Presented at a Tea—Reception for Miss Shedd and Miss Husted.

Yesterday was the first of the season to be crowded with entertainments for debutantes. Most of them were lunch-eons, but there were also several coming-out teas, with and without dancing, and later there were theatre parties and suppers for a few.

Mrs. Noah Cornwell Rogers gave a luncheon for her second and debutante daughter, Miss Grace B. Rogers, at her residence, 12 East Fifty-sixth Street, the guests being many of this season's buds.

Mrs. Rogers has cards out for a reception for her daughter on Saturday afternoon, when Miss Rogers will receive at her home.

Mrs. Forrest Fair gave a luncheon for three débutantes at Sherry's for her daughter, Miss Le Brun Parsons. The girls were seated at the table in the centre of the room, which was decorated with blue pansies and carries. Only the immediate members of the family were present.

Mr. Scott's best man was his brother-in-law, Joseph Steele, and the ushers were Joseph Steele and Lyman Bullard Dyer, a brother-in-law of the bride, all of New York; Robert Livingston Farrar of Derbyshire, Eng.; Clarence Lansdale and Robert Rew Ruth, Jr., of Philadelphia.

A buffet supper followed the ceremony at the Hotel Gotham, where Mr. and Mrs. Scott received the congratulations of their friends. Mrs. Scott's going-away gown was of dark blue broadcloth, with a sable muff and scarf. Mr. and Mrs. Scott will be at home after Jan. 1 at 1 East Sixty-seventh Street.

Mrs. Oliver Harriman Perry gave a luncheon yesterday at her residence, 14 East Sixty-fourth Street, for her daughter, Miss Edith Perry, and Miss Helen Hoyt, who will be débutantes this season. The table was decorated with pink roses and carnations, and the guests were seated by cards bearing the name of the débutante with whom they were to sit. Those present were the Misses Edith Perry, Helen Hoyt, Elizabeth Scott, Theresa Stevens, Dorothy Dyer, Elizabeth Rutherfurd, Dorothy Wadsworth, Mary Rutherfurd, Dorothy Chilson, Cordelia Hepburn, Margaret Henderson, Louise Brevoort, Louise Frank, Margaret Warren, Elizabeth McKeever, Olivia Rutherfurd, Harriet Tuttle, Helen Parsons, Dorothy Porter, Charlotte Strong, Grace Rogers, Jay Williams, Isabel Cumming, of Boston, Eleanore Chase of Waterbury, Roberta Darling of Philadelphia, Helene Moffat, Margaret Knapp, Elizabeth Sackett, Fanny de Groot Hastings, Caroline Wyeth, Frances Henry, Elise Pennock, Louisa Johnson, Kathryn Montgomery, Louise Field and Miss Mary Clyde of Philadelphia.

Also Mrs. Robert B. Crosby, Mrs. Eugene Smithson, Mrs. Louis B. Moore, and Mrs. E. W. Robinson of New Orleans.

Miss Gifford and Miss Roberta Darling are going to Boston later in the week for the football game and to attend several entertainments.

Mrs. Shedd Presents Daughter.

Mrs. John Myers Shedd gave a reception yesterday afternoon at her residence, 148 East Thirty-eighth Street, for her débutante daughter, Miss Barbara Shedd, and their débutante niece, Miss Katherine Clinton Husted, a daughter of the late Gen. Thomas Husted, who is spending the Winter with her aunt.

Mrs. Shedd was in pink satin and white lace and Miss Shedd wore white embroidered charmeuse with touches of blue, and Miss Husted, in white with touches of green, carried violets.

They had assisting them in receiving the guests the Misses Margaret Seton Porter, Maude Coster, Helen De Forest Griffin, Mary S. Bryan, and May Miller, the last a Westover classmate of Miss Husted. The Misses Esther Cleveland, Priscilla Bull, Margaret W. Colgate, and Elsie Dunning poured tea and chocolate.

Both Miss Shedd and Miss Husted are granddaughters of the late Gen. James W. Husted.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury, who have been at the Ritz-Carlton during the Horse Show, returned yesterday to Philadelphia.

Lieut. Gov. Glynon of Virginia is at the Hotel Manhattan for a visit.

Mrs. Charles Paul Geddes of 225 West Seventy-first Street is giving a dance for her débutante daughter, Miss Virginia Geddes on Dec. 5, at the Gotham.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Ambrose Clark, who are attending the Horse Show, are staying at the St. Regis.

Mrs. Edward S. Knapp and Miss Margaret Knapp, after spending the Summer at Bar Harbor, will be at 19 West Thirty-seventh Street for the Winter.

Mrs. Anson Stokes Phelps will take a large party to Pinehurst, N. C., this Winter, occupying four cottages which she has leased.

Mrs. J. Borden Harriman plans to spend the greater part of the Winter in Washington, D. C., and is considering taking the Thoron house in K Street for the season.

Col. Robert M. Thompson has gone South, and will cruise in his houseboat, the Everglades, with Rear Admiral Wainwright and several other friends until he has recovered from his recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Logan, who have been spending the Summer abroad, are at the Hotel Gotham. Mrs. Logan of Washington is to arrive here the first of the week with her daughter to attend the wedding of her granddaughter, Miss Edith Logan, to Dewees W. Dilworth, which is to take place here on Nov. 25.

Mrs. Arthur O. Choate is giving a dinner at Sherry's on Nov. 25, and will take her guests afterward to the dance at Sherry's, given in aid of the St. Ambroise Mission. Mrs. Stephen Clark will also give a dinner preceding the dance at her home, 46 East Seventieth Street. Miss Hilah French of 45 West Fifty-first Street is in charge of the entries for the dancing contest and the sale of tickets.

Miss Helen Hyde of Plainfield will give a luncheon for Miss Louise Butler, the débutante daughter of Mrs. William Allen Butler, to-day at Sherry's.

Mrs. James Starr, Jr., of Philadelphia and Miss Logan, who are here for the Horse Show, are stopping at the Colony Club.

MME. KALICH IN "RACHEL."

Her First Opportunity as a Comedienne at Knickerbocker, Dec. 8.

Charles Frohman announced yesterday that Mme. Bertha Kalich, under the direction of F. C. Whitney, in "Rachel," would come to the Knickerbocker Theatre on Dec. 8, following Donald Brian and "The Marriage Market." As Rachel Mme. Kalich will have her first opportunity to act in English as a comedienne although the play is taken from the life of the great Jewish tragedienne.

MISS DRAKE A BRIDE.

Married to Richard Sears of Boston in St. James's Episcopal Church.

The wedding of Richard Sears of Boston and Miss Susan Elizabeth Goetel Drake, a daughter of Mrs. Benjamin Drake of this city, took place yesterday afternoon in St. James's Protestant Episcopal Church, at Madison Avenue and Seventy-first Street, the Rev. Dr. S. Du Lancey Townsend of All Angels' Church officiating.

The church was decorated with palms and smilax, and the bride, who walked with her brother, William Wilson Drake, wore a trailing gown of silver brocade having a satin court train. It was draped with old point lace, and was the point lace veil were worn by her two grandmothers at their wedding. Orange blossoms held the veil in place, and she carried lily of the valley and orchids with blue pansies and carries a diamond brooch, the gift of the bridegroom.

The bride's only attendant was Miss Caroline S. Boardman, a daughter of Mrs. Archibald Boardman. She was in white satin and wore a tulle veil and carried a shower bouquet of white orchids with blue pansies and lilies of the valley.

Mr. Sears's best man was his brother, Joseph Sears, and the ushers were Reginald Sears and Lyman Bullard Dyer, a brother-in-law of the bride, all of New York; Robert Livingston Farrar of Derbyshire, Eng.; Clarence Lansdale and Robert Rew Ruth, Jr., of Philadelphia.

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WEDS MISS GRACE MEURER.

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Member Married in Brooklyn to Miss Grace Meurer.

Miss Grace Meurer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Meurer of 280 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, was married yesterday afternoon to Frederick Richards, a member of the New York Stock Exchange. He and his bride will live at 451 Park Avenue.

The wedding took place at 4 o'clock in the Lincoln Place Presbyterian Church, the Rev. Dr. Charles McClenahan officiating. The church was decorated with palms and white chrysanthemums. The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore a gown of white satin, with a court train and a veil of rose point lace, which was worn by her mother at her wedding. She carried a shower bouquet of bride roses and lilies of the valley.

Miss Ina Richards of North Auburn, sister of the bridegroom, was the matron of honor, and Miss Marie Meurer was the maid of honor. Other attendants were Miss Alma Matzen, the Misses Marguerite Meurer and Miss Dagmar Richards, sister of the bridegroom. The ushers were Albert Richards, brother of the bridegroom; Oliver Richards, Jr., Charles E. Simson of this city, William W. Pell and James Pierpont Richards of Brooklyn.

Following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, at which Louis Reiter was the host.

Mrs. Gifford and her daughter clad in white satin with a minaret line tunic, and received together. Miss Gifford carried orchids. Others assisting were the Misses Alice Hoyt, Edith Farr, Louise Dyer, Augusta Burrill, Rosalie Lorillard, Cadina Ingersoll, Elizabeth Kirby, Dorothy Chilson, Cordelia Hepburn, Margaret Henderson, Louise Brevoort, Louise Frank, Margaret Warren, Elizabeth McKeever, Olivia Rutherfurd, Harriet Tuttle, Helen Parsons, Dorothy Porter, Charlotte Strong, Grace Rogers, Jay Williams, Isabel Cumming, of Boston, Eleanore Chase of Waterbury, Roberta Darling of Philadelphia, Helene Moffat, Margaret Knapp, Elizabeth Sackett, Fanny de Groot Hastings, Caroline Wyeth, Frances Henry, Elise Pennock, Louisa Johnson, Kathryn Montgomery, Louise Field and Miss Mary Clyde of Philadelphia.

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Mr. and Mrs. F. Ambrose Clark, who are attending the Horse Show, are staying at the St. Regis.

Mrs. Edward S. Knapp and Miss Margaret Knapp, after spending the Summer at Bar Harbor, will be at 19 West Thirty-seventh Street for the Winter.

Mrs. Anson Stokes Phelps will take a large party to Pinehurst, N. C., this Winter, occupying four cottages which she has leased.

Mrs. J. Borden Harriman plans to spend the greater part of the Winter in Washington, D. C., and is considering taking the Thoron house in K Street for the season.

Col. Robert M. Thompson has gone South, and will cruise in his houseboat, the Everglades, with Rear Admiral Wainwright and several other friends until he has recovered from his recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Logan, who have been spending the Summer abroad, are at the Hotel Gotham. Mrs. Logan of Washington is to arrive here the first of the week with her daughter to attend the wedding of her granddaughter, Miss Edith Logan, to Dewees W. Dilworth, which is to take place here on Nov. 25.

Mrs. Arthur O. Choate is giving a dinner at Sherry's on Nov. 25, and will take her guests afterward to the dance at Sherry's, given in aid of the St. Ambroise Mission. Mrs. Stephen Clark will also give a dinner preceding the dance at her home, 46 East Seventieth Street. Miss Hilah French of 45 West Fifty-first Street is in charge of the entries for the dancing contest and the sale of tickets.

Miss Helen Hyde of Plainfield will give a luncheon for Miss Louise Butler, the débutante daughter of Mrs. William Allen Butler, to-day at Sherry's.

Mrs. James Starr, Jr., of Philadelphia and Miss Logan, who are here for the Horse Show, are stopping at the Colony Club.

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NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

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'MAGIC FLUTE' SUNG AT METROPOLITAN

Superbly Spectacular Production of Last Year of Mozart's Opera Repeated.

A SPLENDID PERFORMANCE

Mmes. Destinn, Hempel, Alten, Messrs. Braun, Urlus, Griswold, Goritz, and Reiss in Cast.

Sarastro	Carl Braun
Koenigin der Nacht	Frieda Hempel
Pamina	Emmy Destinn
Erste Dame	Vera Curtis
Zweite Dame	Lillian Eubank
Dritte Dame	Lila Robeson
Erster Knabe	Lenora Sparkes
Zweiter Knabe	Louise Cox
Dritter Knabe	Edith Mason
Papalina	Jacques Urlus
Sprecher	Putnam Griswold
Erster Priester	Lambert Murphy
Zweiter Priester	Carl Schlegel
Dritter Priester	Otto Goritz
Papageno	Hermann Weil
Papagena	Bella Alten
Monostatos	Albert Reiss
Papagena Conductor	Alfred Hertz

The fact that "Die Zauberflöte," as it was produced at the Metropolitan Opera House last season, grew so early as last evening into this season's repertory caused many to fear that many lovers of Mozart's masterpiece of German opera, "the opera that long has been," as some from the repertory of the Metropolitan Opera House before it was revived three years ago, and in its place Verdi's "Aida" was given. Such fears were groundless, for the performance was one of the most delightful of the season, and the audience, which filled the house in every part, was one of the most enthusiastic.

Besides the fact that the opera is one of the most beautiful of all the works of the great composer, it has the added interest of being the last of his operas that he wrote, and it is filled with the spirit of the master at his best. Its story, which is a fairy tale of the most fantastic kind, is told in music that is always delightful, and often of the highest beauty. Its humor is of the most naive and spontaneous kind, and its pathos is genuinely touching.

Besides all this, the opera is filled with opportunities for the singers to display their vocal gifts to the best advantage, and for the orchestra to show its skill in the delicate and beautiful accompaniments that Mozart wrote for it. Finally, the opera is filled with opportunities for the scenic artist to display his talents, and for the stage manager to show his skill in the production of the spectacular effects that are called for in the course of the action.

Last night all of these opportunities were taken full advantage of, and the result was a performance that was in every way worthy of the highest praise. The singing was of the best, the orchestra played the score with the utmost delicacy and beauty, and the scenic effects were all that could be desired. The stage management was also of the highest order, and the whole production was one that reflected the greatest credit on all concerned in it.

Mme. Destinn was in splendid voice, and her singing of the music of Pamina was one of the most beautiful pieces of vocal work that she has given us in many seasons. Mme. Hempel, who has not sung better than she did last evening as the Queen of the Night, her coloratura in the two arias was finished and delicate, and she made the most of the opportunities that the part affords. There should be grateful mention of Putnam Griswold's surprisingly fine singing and declamation as the Speecher, and, necessarily, also of Mr. Goritz's inimitable Papageno, which was one of the notable features of last season's production and is destined to be one of this, and of Mme. Alten's Papagena and Mr. Reiss's Monostatos. It is, in fact, a cast of surpassing excellence, and its excellence includes the lesser parts and the three Boys—of whom it must be said the Boys sang with more tunefulness and precision than the Ladies.

More than its parts, however, was the sum of the excellence of the whole performance, no detail being neglected and finished, so admirable in the ensemble of the orchestra, which never sounded richer or more iridescent in its color, and of the chorus. The elaborate beauty of the scenic setting received the fullest recognition last season; it is now the same, and the changes, fourteen in number, of the scenery were executed with an expedition that kept the movement of the performance uninterrupted and as nearly intelligible as may be possible. Mr. Hertz has put nothing to his credit more praiseworthy than this performance of "Die Zauberflöte," a performance that speaks eloquently of his intelligence, taste and fine musical feeling.

MISSIONARY EXPLORER DIES

Rev. Joseph A. Gilfillas Among the First to Reach Elk Lake, Minn.

The Rev. Joseph A. Gilfillas, for thirty years the Episcopal missionary in charge of the work among the Indians of Northern Minnesota and the archdeacon of the district, died Tuesday night in his home at 424 Central Park West. He was 75 years old and had not been active in missionary work for fifteen years.

Mr. Gilfillas, with his brother-in-law, Wells W. Cooke, now in the Biological Survey Department of the Government, made extensive explorations in Minnesota around the head waters of the Mississippi River between 1880 and 1890, and they were among the first to reach Elk Lake and describe it as the chief source of the Mississippi. Previous to their explorations Lake Itasca, to the north of Elk Lake, was regarded as the source, and Mr. Gilfillas, with Prof. Cooke, helped to disprove this assumption. They were rewarded for their work by recognition from the Royal Geographical Society.

Mr. Gilfillas was also an expert in ethnology and Indian languages. He spoke the language of the Ojibway or Chippewa Indians, among whom he worked in Minnesota, better than any other white man alive, it was said, and he wrote several articles about these Indians for the Smithsonian Institute in Washington. He also wrote a novel with the Indians for its subject.

Mr. Gilfillas is survived by his wife, three sons and two daughters.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

A special benefit performance of "Ourselves," at the Lyric Theatre, will be given for the benefit of the Special Committee on Rescue Work for Women, under the auspices of the Women's Department of the National Civic Federation. The date has been fixed for Dec. 9, because it is in that week that the National Civic Federation will hold its annual meeting in New York City.

At the Globe Theatre on Monday evening, Dec. 1, in honor of Miss Margaret Clarkson Henderson, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Henderson, 100 society girls, including débutantes, have been invited by Mr. and Mrs. Stanley L. Wolff to see the performance of "The Madcap Duchess," following which a supper party has been arranged at Sherry's.

Two former singers in comic opera, Eva Davenport and Christine Nellson, will make their vaudeville debuts next week at Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre. The former will appear in "The Ceiling Walker," a new effort of Edgar Allen Woolf's, while the latter will appear in a pretentious singing specialty.

William Harris, Jr., announced yesterday that the opening date of "The Misleading Lady" at the Fulton Theatre will be changed from Monday evening to Tuesday evening, Nov. 25.

MR. BACHAUS'S RECITAL.

Reappearance of a Young Pianist of Fine Capacities.

Mr. Wilhelm Bachaus, who first came to this country two seasons ago and interested lovers of piano playing by his admirable art, seems likely to do so again and in increasing measure on his present visit. He appeared yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall, and again showed himself a pianist of the highest and most serious aims, wholly unassuming in his attitude before the public, and wholly occupied with the music he has in hand. He is brilliantly equipped with a modern performer's technique upon the pianoforte, a technique that carries him through all difficulties without failing him; but the technical side of his playing is subordinated to the musical, and never intrudes itself to the injury of what piano playing really is for. He is not deeply emotional or profoundly poetic as he plays; he is a young man, and he is likely to develop these qualities more fully. But there is a quality of freshness and buoyancy in his performances, a delicate sensibility that keeps him from the deliberation of sentiment, emotion, or passion, out of their counterfeits. And true sentiment, emotion, and passion are not absent from his playing.

Saint-Saëns's transcription of the prelude to Bach's "Entführung" cantatas which Bach himself transcribed from the prelude of this E major solo violin suite is a piece that stemmed some of Mr. Bachaus's most engaging qualities, and he played it with superb vigor, rhythmic energy and steadiness and lucidity.

He illustrated his attempt to, as Beethoven in his last great piano sonata, Op. 111, music that taxes the emotional and intellectual powers of the greatest artists in that medium, he plays in an urged and more speaking style with great discretion in the first movement, with a lucider flight in the transmitted variations; but all the changes in meaning with fluid controlled inside groupings musicianship and with admirable technique. Schubert's impulsive music Schubert's sympathizing and even elaborate "Wanderer" fantasie interesting in performance, but may very easily be made dull, but with Bachaus behind the right expression from the very first note to the last and the contrast of its sections, the right balancing of its climaxes and the unerring instinct for its rhythmic sweep in this performance it did not pose. So pieces as this work still have a great virtue and a convincing beauty when they are played with the authority and straightforward musicianship that they were each night by Bachaus. He finished with the twelfth Hungarian Rhapsody, all the customary hum inevitable and lust of the accustomed to such goods and the necessary and inevitable ending of a piano recital seems to have

MRS. GEORGE LAUDER DIES.

MRS. GEORGE LAUDER DIES.

Left Husband $3,000,000 Cut in Gems

Cousin Gets $50,000 Cut in Gems

Mrs. George Lauder, whose husband, who died in Atlantic City on Sept. 23, left an estate valued at $3,000,000, died yesterday at her home, 215 West Ninety-eighth Street, in the sixty-fifth year of her age. She was President and a Director of the Untermeyer-Robbins Company and Charles Keller & Co., both jewelry manufacturing firms, with offices at 71 Nassau Street. Mr. Untermeyer was a Director of the Mount Sinai Hospital Training School for Nurses and a Trustee of the Maiden Lane Savings Bank. Two sons, Melville and Walter, and a daughter, Rita, survive him.

Ex-State Senator J. N. Bartram.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., Nov. 19.—Ex-State Senator Isaac N. Bartram, a Democrat, widely known in Connecticut, having served several terms in both branches of the Legislature, and taken a prominent part in State and county conventions for the party, died suddenly at his home in Sharon this morning of heart disease. He was born in Redding, Conn., March 25, 1838. Mr. Bartram was Superintendent and Treasurer of the Sharon Water Company. Besides his widow he left two daughters, Mrs. George A. Cameron and Mrs. Charles R. Pancoast of Germantown, Penn.

George H. Batcheller.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 19.—George H. Batcheller, old-time circus performer and later theatrical manager, died at his home in this city to-night. He was 86 years old. As a boy of 14 he joined Isaac Burke's circus. He later as an acrobat worked with the Howes & Mabie Circus. In 1883 he went into partnership with S. H. Keith and opened the Bijou Theatre, Boston, when both men were new in the business. Batcheller sold his interest and opened a theatre in Worcester. About thirty years ago he opened the Westminster Museum in this city, the theatre later becoming the present Westminster Theatre, a burlesque house. Mr. Batcheller is survived by three daughters and a son.

Percy Denton, Actor, Dead.

Percy Denton, a well known actor, died at Shandaken, N. Y., Tuesday. Funeral services will be held to-morrow morning at Campbell's Chapel, 241 West Twenty-third Street, under the auspices of the Actors' Fund of America. Mr. Denton was born in Leeds, England, on Dec. 25, 1862. As a boy he sang in England and was a member of Mathew Brothers Minstrels. He went to Australia in 1879, returned to England two years later, and then came to the United States, where he joined Dockstader's Minstrels, and was in the minstrel business until 1890 with Cleveland, Emerson, Haverly, and Moore and Burgess. Mr. Denton went to Australia again and to "Elite Belle of New York," and remained there for ten years. He returned to New York and played in various companies up to a few months ago.

Henry Untermeyer.

Henry Untermeyer, for fifty years associated with the jewelry manufacturing industry in this city, died yesterday at his home, 215 West Ninety-eighth Street, in the sixty-fifth year of his age. He was President and a Director of the Untermeyer-Robbins Company and Charles Keller & Co., both jewelry manufacturing firms, with offices at 71 Nassau Street. Mr. Untermeyer was a Director of the Mount Sinai Hospital Training School for Nurses and a Trustee of the Maiden Lane Savings Bank. Two sons, Melville and Walter, and a daughter, Rita, survive him.

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BRENTANO'S

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JAMES CHARLTON DEAD.

Chairman of Transcontinental Passenger Association Was 81.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—James Charlton, Chairman of the Transcontinental Passenger Association, died to-day at his home here of paralysis, aged 81 years. Mr. Charlton had been associated with railroad work in the United States since coming from Canada in 1870.

Mr. Charlton was born in Northumberland, England, May 15, 1832, and began his railroad career in 1847 as junior clerk for the Newcastle & Carlisle Railway. He rose to the position of chief clerk and then resigned in 1857 to become assistant to the chief clerk of the Great Western Railway of Canada.

In 1870, when he was General Passenger Agent of this railway, Mr. Charlton again changed his residence and came to the United States as General Passenger and Ticket Agent of the Northern Missouri Railroad. A few months later he accepted the same office with the Chicago & Alton Railroad, and he held this place until 1900, when he became Chairman of the Transcontinental Passenger Association, from which he retired only recently.

OLDEST ODD FELLOW DEAD.

OLDEST ODD FELLOW DEAD.

George Pople, Almost 90, Dies in Flushing—Ex-Bank President.

George Pople, oldest Odd Fellow in the United States, charter member of Cornucopia Lodge, No. 1, and A. M. and for more than seventy years a resident of the old village of Flushing, died at the home of his son, George W. Pople, at North Prince Street in that village yesterday morning. He was to have celebrated his 90th birthday on Dec. 23.

Mr. Pople, who was born in Farquarson's Arms, England, Nov. 23, 1823, and after his arrival in this country became naturalized in 1854 and joined the old Whig Party until the Republican Party was organized in 1856 and joined the new organization. He was a member of the Republican Party organization of Flushing.

Ex-Judge Thomas H. Sutton.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 19.—Thomas H. Sutton, a former State Superior Court Judge, who was a member of the Eighteenth North Carolina Regiment of Stonewall Jackson's Army, died here to-day. He was a native of Fayetteville, and during the Civil War was a member of the North Carolina Legislature. Judge Sutton was one of the eminent citizens to defy Col. Kirk-Holden, Governor Holden's Assistant, who was in the State to suppress the Ku Klux Klan. Judge Sutton's financial ability is elegantly denied the story told in Whittier's poem, "Ichabod."

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. MARY MOFFITT, a widow, 70 years old, of 728 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, died at the home of her son, Dr. Joseph Moffitt, at Bayside, L. I., on Monday. She was born in Newtown, L. I., and had been a resident of Brooklyn for fifty years. Besides the physician son she leaves another son, Frank Moffitt, a Brooklyn lawyer, and a daughter, Mrs. Charles Pope, whose husband is Assistant Cashier of the Brooklyn Trust Company. The funeral will be held to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock at the house, and burial will be in Greenwood Cemetery.

JOHN ROACH, 80 years old, a tailor, died yesterday at his home, 1,000 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn. For ten years he had been employed by Rogers, Peet & Co., clothiers, of Broadway and Warren Street, Manhattan. He retired from business about a year ago. He is survived by a widow and a son, John Roach, Jr., a lawyer, of 44 Court Street, Brooklyn. Funeral services will be held at his home in Rockville Centre, L. I., to-morrow afternoon.

MRS. CHARLES REVERE MOTT, 60 years old, died at her home at Rockville Centre, L. I., on Monday. She was a daughter of the late Charles Husband, Charles M. Mott is assistant secretary of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York. Mrs. Mott was a member of the Rockville Centre Improvement Association and Ladies' Auxiliary of the Rockville Centre Fire Department. In addition to her husband she leaves a son, Charles Revere Mott, Jr., and a daughter, Miss Elizabeth Mott, both of Rockville Centre.

FOURTH PATTERSON, 60 years old, a member of the Board of Education of Bayonne, N. J., died at his home in that city on Monday. He was born in Jackson, Miss., and was a graduate of the University of Mississippi. He was a member of the Bayonne Board of Education for twenty years, and was President of the Board for two years. He was also a member of the Bayonne Board of Aldermen for two years. He is survived by a widow and two children.

PETER F. E. MEINERHARDT, a theatrical man, at one time connected with the Metropolitan Opera House, died yesterday at his home, 106 West 105th Street. He was 58 years old, and was a member of Charity Lodge 737, F. & A. M.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

SADLER—GOODMAN.—Florence Goodman to Eugene H. Sadler.

Married.

JAMESON—HILDITZ.—On Wednesday, November 19th, 1913, at the home of her parents, by the Rev. Oscar S. R. Treder, Marion Dudley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus L. W. Hilditz, to John Butler Jameson of Antrim, New Hampshire.

ROSENBAUM—FRANKEL.—On Wednesday, November 19th, at 46 West 86th Street, by Judge M. Warley Platzek, Charlotte Frankel to Bertram Smith Rosenbaum.

SEARS—DRAKE.—At St. James Church, Madison Ave., Nov. 19, Susan Elizabeth Goelet, youngest daughter of the late Benjamin Drake, to Richard Sears of Boston.

DOUGLASS—ELY.—Nov. 17, Antoinette M. Ely to Dr. William J. Douglass.

FLETCHER—LEVY.—Nov. 17, Florence R. Levy to Leonard V. Fletcher.

Brooklyn.

MITCHELL—BOOTH.—Nov. 18, Helen H. Booth to William E. Mitchell.

HOPPER—SENDACH.—Nov. 16, Evaline Sendach to Henry Hopper.

Long Island.

ROBINSON—DORAN.—Nov. 16, Ozone Park, Loretta A. Doran to George Robinson.

Died.

ALLOWAY.—At Dover, Del., Nov. 17, 1913, Anna Bliss, widow of Charles Alloway, aged 77 years.

Wilds Orientals

Thanksgiving yearly rekindles the fire of home affections. The old faces and the old songs reassert themselves in our hearts.

It is the great hearthstone day, when our rugs command the most attention—when any newcomer among them is initiated into the home circle.

We hate many rugs fit to join that circle, which we will be glad to show you this week.

JOSEPH WILD & CO.

Fifth Ave. and 35th St.

Largest Specialty Rug House in America

Died.

BOLLING.—Cecilia Birdsall Bolling, aged 14 months, daughter of Edmund C. and Anna Bolling of Hicksville, Queens, died Nov. 17, 1913.

BURROWS.—On Tuesday, Nov. 18, 1913, at Greenwich, Conn., Elizabeth Hallock, widow of Nicholas Burrows. Funeral services on Thursday, Nov. 20, at 4 o'clock, at Christ Church, Greenwich, Conn. Interment at Greenwich.

CARDOZO.—Suddenly, on Nov. 18, 1913, at Cedarhurst, L. I., after a short illness, Daniel Henry Cardozo, 83, in his second year, beloved son of Daniel Rieser Cardozo, husband of Rose Cardozo, father of Rose Cardozo Kursheedt and Daniel Rieser Cardozo, Jr. Funeral services at Mount Nebo Cemetery, Cypress Hills, L. I., on Thursday, Nov. 20, at 2 P. M.

CHAMBERLAIN.—Frances Josephine Ripley, widow of W. Chamberlain and daughter of the late Jonas Seth de Ridder, at her residence, 110 Vanderbilt Av., Clifton, Staten Island, on Thursday, Nov. 20, at 8:15 P. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

CHAPMAN.—At Westfield, Conn., Nov. 16, 1913, Dr. W. O. Plimpton, aged 56 years. Friends are invited to attend the funeral services at Westport, Conn., on Saturday, Nov. 22, at 10:15 A. M. Carriages will be in waiting on arrival of train leaving Grand Central Station 8:03 A. M. and 125th St. Station at 8:14 A. M.

POPLE.—At his late residence, 37 South Prince St., Flushing, N. Y., on Wednesday, Nov. 19, 1913, George Pople, in the 90th year of his age. Funeral services at St. George's Church, at Flushing, N. Y., on Sunday, Nov. 23, at 3 P. M.

PUTNAM—CRAMER.—William J. C. Putnam-Cramer, suddenly, on Nov. 18, at Kansas City, Mo.

ROSS.—Nov. 18, Rev. James Ross, aged 62 years. Can be seen Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 8th Av. and 19th St.

SMITH.—On Wednesday evening, Julia Cooper, widow of Thomas James Smith, in her 87th year, at the home of her son-in-law, Charles J. Pourroy, 500 West 163d St. Services at 10 o'clock Friday morning. Burial at Lake Geneva, Wis.

SOUTHWORTH.—Brooklyn, Nov. 19, Mary E., widow of James E. Southworth. Funeral services Friday, 2:30 P. M., from her late residence, 230 Carroll St., Brooklyn.

STEINFELS.—On Nov. 19, Ellese H., beloved widow of the late Herman Steinfels and mother of Maurice, Seraphin, Schwartz, Flora Stengel, Gertrude Morphin, Dorothy Goldsmith, and Rose Steinfels. Funeral from her late residence, 480 Central Park West, Friday, Nov. 21, 10 A. M.

STERN.—At Rochester, N. Y., on Wednesday, Nov. 19, Blanche Vogel Stern, wife of Charles Stern and daughter of Heyman and Mathilda Vogel of New York. Funeral services will be held at her late residence in Rochester on Friday, Nov. 21, at 2 o'clock.

THOMPSON.—On Monday, Nov. 17, 1913, at her late residence, 36 East 67th St., Elizabeth Thompson, daughter of the late David and Sarah Pindell Thompson. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Thursday morning, Nov. 20, at 10 o'clock, at 36 East 67th St.

UNTERMEYER.—On Nov. 19, at his residence, 215 West 98th St., in his 65th year, Henry Untermeyer, beloved husband of the late Carrie Moss and father of Melville, Walter, Rita E. Werner, Notice of funeral from Temple Rodeph Sholom, 63d St. and Lexington Av., on Friday morning, Nov. 21, at 9:30.

WILLIAMS.—Daniel. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, Friday, 2 o'clock, auspices Actors' Fund.

In Memoriam.

CHANDLER.—William E. He entered into eternal life Nov. 20, 1912. Grant him, O Lord, eternal peace!

OAKLEY.—In memory of Sarah Oakley, who departed this life on the evening of Wednesday, Nov. 20, 1912.

UNDERTAKERS.

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TO BOOK PUBLISHERS

On Sunday, the 30th of November, The New York Times will publish

REDEMPTION OF 2S TO BE EXPEDITED

Money Bills Provide for Rapid Exchange of Those Bonds for Threes—Reserve Safeguards.

BILLS TO COMMITTEE TO-DAY

Divided Camps to Try and Agree on Less Vital Differences Between Their Measures.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Both halves of the divided Committee on Banking and Currency completed to-day their separate drafts of the Owen-Glass bill. To-morrow the full committee will meet in an effort to agree on some of the less important features of the bill. It is hoped that a report embodying chiefly disagreements on fundamentals may be reached by Friday, and if the Senate is in session that day the bill will at once be presented. The report may not be filed, however, before Saturday.

Both sides of the committee have perfected amendments to the bill to provide for a more rapid redemption of the 2 per cent. bonds now used as a basis for the issue of national bank notes. Both provide for this to be accomplished largely through the instrumentality of the regional reserve banks, which will be expected to buy heavily in the 2 per cent. market. Their holdings will then be replaced by 3 per cent. bonds or continue to be used as a basis for circulation.

The Democratic provision is for the substitution of 3 per cent. twenty-year bonds, which the regional banks would hold if their vaults, unless in some emergency they needed to sell them in order to replenish their supply of gold. On the same general principle the Republican wing of the committee provided for the substitution of 3 per cent. one year Treasury notes, with a contract by which the regional banks would be compelled to renew the Treasury notes every year for a period of twenty years. These notes also could be sold for gold, and presumably they could be used in place of currency for large transactions.

The Democratic wing of the committee also authorized the Federal Reserve Board to impose a tax on note issues as a preventive against inflation.

Under the Republican plan, member banks in the country must keep a 4 per cent. reserve in their own vaults, 3 per cent. with the regional reserve bank, and 4 per cent. either in their own vaults or in the vaults of a correspondent. The 4 per cent. to be deposited with the regional reserve bank may be transferred in instalments of 1 per cent. every six months. City banks must keep 5 per cent. in their own vaults, 6 per cent. in the vaults of the regional institution, and the remaining 4 per cent. either in their own vaults or with a correspondent.

The Republican faction has increased the reserve requirement of the regional banks against deposits to 55 per cent., with a proviso that this reserve may be reduced to 25 per cent., subject, however, to a tax of 1 per cent. on every 2½ per cent. of deficit below the 55 per cent. line.

The full committee met informally to-day to discuss the parliamentary programme. Charles A. Conant reviewed the work of the Democratic wing to-day and probably will examine the technical aspects of the Republican measure to-morrow.

Many members of both houses feel that the possibility of adjournment for a short period before the beginning of the regular session was destroyed by fear that the Democratic Party would be assailed for a mileage "grab." Senator O'Gorman said to-day that at the next session a bill would probably pass abolishing the mileage basis and substituting a provision for the payment of actual traveling expenses of Congressmen.

CRITICISES CURRENCY BILL.

Talbert Says Political Influence Is Behind the Measure.

Joseph T. Talbert, Vice President of the National City Bank, speaking on the currency bill last night at the dinner of the National Founders' Association, at the Hotel Astor, criticised what he termed the political influence behind it, and said that he believed President Wilson would "cast out those who had darkened his counsels and sought to becloud his judgment."

"The critics of the bankers have charged that the bankers are prompted by selfishness alone," he said. "I do not deny that as a class bankers are as selfish as ordinary business men, but they are no more so. I do not know of a single instance where any banker in a central or country reserve city has voiced any objection to the bill on the ground that it would cause a heavy shrinkage in his deposits.

"But we shall never have such a system nor any system that is worthy of confidence so long as any consideration which determines the character of its final structure shall be of a political nature, nor so long as the credits created under it shall not be based absolutely and unequivocally on gold; nor so long as there remains the lingering shadow of a doubt that there shall be redemption of bank notes upon demand, and that that redemption shall be in gold."

T. W. BUTTS INDICTED.

Lawyer Held in Jail on Another Civil Action.

Thomas W. Butts, the bankrupt lawyer and a member of the firm of Butts & Vining, 51 Chambers Street, was indicted yesterday by the Grand Jury on the charge of grand larceny. At the present time the defendant is held in Ludlow Street Jail in a civil suit, and he was brought yesterday before Commissioner Glichrist for examination in bankruptcy proceedings.

Elihu Root, Jr., the receiver in the case, wished to get information from him as to his realty proceedings, so that he might start a suit in the New Jersey Chancery Court. Butts professed himself anxious to tell all he could, and said that he was the Treasurer and Director of the New Brunswick Realty Company, which owns 315 acres and a half interest in six acres more near New Brunswick. He admitted that for convenience nearly all the common stock of the concern was issued to Mary C. Stewart, a clerk in the office of Butts & Vining.

While the bankruptcy proceedings are pending, it was stated yesterday, Butts cannot be taken from the custody of the deputy sheriff at Ludlow Street Jail.

(RUBINAT)

LLORACH

Celebrated Natural Laxative Water from Spain.

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Recommended for constipation, dyspepsia, liver and kidney complaints.

Small Quantity (Wine-Glassful) suffices.

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Sold by all Druggists. Accept Yellow Label Only.

LUYTIES BROTHERS, N. Y. Sole Agents for U. S. and Canada.

GEN. BOOTH RETURNS.

Pleased with His American Trip—May Meet His Brother.

Gen. Bramwell Booth, Commander in Chief of the Salvation Army, returned to this city last night from Chicago after a trip in which he inspected his army in the Middle West and Canada. Some 1,000 Salvation Army officers from all parts of the country were in line in the concourse of the Grand Central Station when the General arrived and they greeted him with Salvation Army songs.

A committee consisting of Col. Alexander M. Damon, Field Secretary for the United States; Commissioner John Lawley of London, secretary to the General; Col. William H. Peart, Col. W. H. Cox, in charge of the Salvation Army publications, and Col. John Dean, in charge of the Salvation Army training school, met the Commander in Chief. He was escorted by his sister, Miss Evangeline Booth. He was led before the line of Salvation Army officers, while the Salvation Army band played. Gen. Booth mounted the stairs leading to the balcony in the station, and as the officers of his army came to attention, he made them a short speech.

"I am glad to see you," he said. "I like the looks of you, and before I am through with you I think you will like me, too. My message to you is, Salvation forever."

Then he was taken to the Salvation Army headquarters at 120 West Fourteenth Street. There, through his secretary, he told newspaper reporters that he was much pleased by his welcome in this country, and especially that accorded to him in Chicago. His health, he said, was very good, and he expected to sail for Europe on Wednesday on the France.

Asked whether it was possible that he and his brother, Ballington Booth, who is now head of the Volunteers of America, might be reconciled, Gen. Booth said:

"I certainly hope that circumstances during my stay in New York will permit of my meeting my brother, Ballington Booth, and I shall endeavor to make arrangements to that end."

Asked whether there was any likelihood of a union of the organizations headed by himself and his brother Ballington, Gen. Booth replied:

"As I do not know how my brother would regard such a proposal, I am at present unable to speak on the matter, since it is necessary for him to be the leading party in effecting such an arrangement."

On Wednesday morning the Salvation Army will march from the headquarters to the pier of the French Line to escort Gen. Booth to the liner France, on which he will sail for his home in England.

ATTACK A SULZER 'REFORM.'

Work of Charity Investigators Denounced at Buffalo Conference.

BUFFALO, Nov. 19.—At to-day's session of the fourteenth New York State Conference on Charities and Corrections the report of the Committee on Public Institutions, as presented by the Chairman, George A. Lewis, a former member of the Board of Parole for State Prisons, made a vigorous attack upon ex-Gov. Sulzer and the Committee of Inquiry Into Public Institutions appointed by him.

Chairman Lewis characterized the committee's work as "reform by dynamite" and "sensational raids," and declared that the funds misappropriated in connection with State highway work amounted to more than enough to place State institutions on the footing they occupied a year ago.

Among the acts of the committee that Mr. Lewis criticised was its recommendation for the abolition of the Industrial Farm Colony for Vagrants, its condemnation of the plans for the Letchworth Village at Thiells, and the New York Training School for Boys at Yorktown Heights, and, finally, the reduction of the appropriation for additional facilities for improvements of State institutions from $1,218,280 in 1912 to $1185,700 for 1913.

DIVORCE FOR MRS. GILBERT.

Wife of New York Lawyer Gets Reno Decree for Desertion.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 19.—To Jennie E. Gilbert was granted a final decree of divorce here yesterday from Lucius L. Gilbert, a New York lawyer with offices in the Mutual Life Building, upon her allegation of desertion in Plainfield, N. J., on Nov. 11 of last year. The defendant responded to the summons by making merely a formal appearance, without contesting the suit.

The couple were married in Brooklyn on March 6, 1906, subsequently moving to Plainfield, where the wife testified her husband left her, never returning. She testified that she had been a faithful wife and had given him no cause for action. The couple have no children. Mrs. Gilbeck will leave for New York this week.

TELEPHONE RATES TO BE EXAMINED

Company Agrees to Have Property Valued by Interstate Commerce Board.

READJUSTMENT IF NEEDED

Proposal of Merchants' Association Aims to End Contests Over Particular Cases.

Proceedings have been started by the Merchants' Association for a general readjustment of charges for telephone service in this city, based on a physical valuation of the property of the New York Telephone Company, and assurances of the willingness of the telephone company to co-operate freely in such a scheme of readjustment have been given by F. H. Bethell, Vice President of the company. It was suggested by the Merchants' Association, in view of the fact that such a course had been recommended by Commissioner Decker of the Public Service Commission of the Second District, but that it had been stated that the commission itself had no funds available for such a valuation, that the Interstate Commerce Commission be utilized instead. To this Mr. Bethell, in behalf of the telephone company, agreed.

In his letter to Mr. Bethell, President William A. Marble of the Merchants' Association said in part:

> We believe that such a comprehensive inquiry would give general satisfaction to the public. It should also be acceptable to your company, as it would relieve it of the constant burden of expense, harassment, and labor incident to contesting a continuous succession of rate proceedings, each of which precipitates others.
>
> It is clear that before the equity of any general schedule of rates can be determined, the value of the property used in the public service must be ascertained. We are of the opinion, however, that it would be unwise for any business association or private agency to undertake or vouch for the necessary valuation, inasmuch as its conclusions, however accurate, would not be conclusive with a large part of the public. We believe, therefore, that such valuation should be made by a public agency whose findings would be accepted without question.

In his reply to Mr. Marble's suggestion, Vice President Bethell of the New York Telephone Company said in part:

> In reply to your question, it gives me pleasure to say that we have never questioned the commission's right to investigate property, that we have cheerfully furnished them with all information asked for, and that we are co-operating now with the representatives of the commission in all matters in which co-operation is asked for. If the public better understood some of our difficulties it would, I think, more fully appreciate the fact that we desire service to furnish adequate service to furnish adequate service at reasonable rates, and that it would in consequence be glad to suspend judgment until the investigations of the Interstate Commerce Commission have been concluded.
>
> While we wish to do all that we can to assist in a solution of any questions relating to our business which may be outstanding in the State of New York, nevertheless, in view of the fact that the Interstate Commerce Commission is now engaged in an investigation into our affairs, we feel that you will agree with us that we are not quite in a position to suggest to them such a course of action as you have proposed. At the same time, I wish to assure you that we will gladly co-operate in carrying out any reasonable course of action which the Interstate Commerce Commission may wish to pursue, and that in no case will we question the jurisdiction of the commission in the premises.
>
> I will further say that if upon completion of the work of the Interstate Commerce Commission the association elects to petition the Public Service Commission to review our entire schedule of rates, and, so far as those rates may be found unreasonable, to readjust them, such action by the association would have the cordial assent of this company, inasmuch as this company earnestly desires not only to make its rates fair, but to have their fairness conclusively shown by unquestionable authority, and definitely accepted by the public.

Mr. Bethell also points out that the Interstate Commerce Commission has already done much work on telephone and telegraph valuation.

Odd Accident Kills Football Player.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 19.—Morty Marx, aged 16, died here to-day of injuries received in a football game last Friday. Playing with an amateur team, he plunged head first into a telephone pole.

SUES VANDERBILT TRAINER.

Miss Schenck, Named as Co-respondent, Wants $50,000 Damages.

Charles H. Wilson, the trainer for Alfred G. Vanderbilt, whose first wife divorced him in 1900, is now being sued for $50,000 damages by Florence Rosser Schenck, who was named as the co-respondent in the divorce proceedings. The plaintiff declares that Wilson married her in London, England, on May 8, 1908, and that Valeska Suratt and A. D. Treece were the witnesses of the ceremony. Miss Schenck says that Wilson had falsely represented that his first wife had already procured a divorce and that she was purposely deceived. The papers in the case say that Wilson has since married, but the maiden name of his present wife does not appear.

Miss Schenck's attorneys are Rogers & Rogers. They said yesterday that Miss Schenck met Wilson in October, 1906, when she was only 18 years old. Then she was living with her parents in Norfolk, Va. Wilson was then about 43 years old. He told her, the story runs, that he was of independent means, that he managed the affairs of Mr. Vanderbilt at Newport, and that he persuaded her to make a trip with him to Richmond by promising to marry her there.

During the journey, Miss Schenck says, Wilson told her he could not marry her then because his wife had not yet got her divorce, but that he would make her his wife as soon as the decree was granted. Then, by more persuasion, Miss Schenck says, Wilson induced her to live with him, and they traveled together as man and wife, finally reaching London, where the marriage ceremony was performed.

The summons and complaint in the suit were served on Wilson at the Horse Show.

MRS. GARGAN MAY WED.

Court Says Her Husband, Serving Life Term, Is Civilly Dead.

Supreme Court Justice Maddox in Brooklyn yesterday decided that a woman whose husband is serving an indeterminate prison sentence, with life imprisonment as the maximum, is released from her marital obligations and free to marry again.

Mrs. Margaret M. Gargan, a school teacher, is 28 years old. She married John C. Gargan, a bookkeeper, in 1900. A year later Gargan shot and killed his wife's father, Martin Hynes, and his wife's brother, Harry C. Hynes, in a family quarrel. Supreme Court Justice Kelly sent him to prison under an indeterminate sentence, the minimum of which is twenty years and the maximum life, for murder in the second degree.

On Oct. 1 Mrs. Gargan and William Weisheimer of Woodhaven applied in Brooklyn for a marriage license. Clerk Scully, upon learning from Mrs. Gargan that her husband was in prison and that she had not obtained a divorce, refused to grant the license. Mrs. Gargan then asked for the writ of mandamus.

Justice Maddox holds that a person sentenced to prison for life, even under a sentence like Gargan's, is thereafter civilly dead.

The decision directs the City Clerk to issue the marriage license as though Gargan was actually dead. If the Corporation Counsel desires to appeal from the order, the Court says, an application for a stay may be made.

HOLLINS PARTNERS TESTIFY

H. B. Hollins, Busch and Kutzleb Say They Have No Resources.

Harry B. Hollins, Briton N. Busch and Walter Kutzleb, three of the members of the bankrupt brokerage firm of H. B. Hollins & Co., were examined yesterday in bankruptcy proceedings before Commissioner Glichrist. They all testified that to all intents and purposes as a result of the failure of their firm they were penniless.

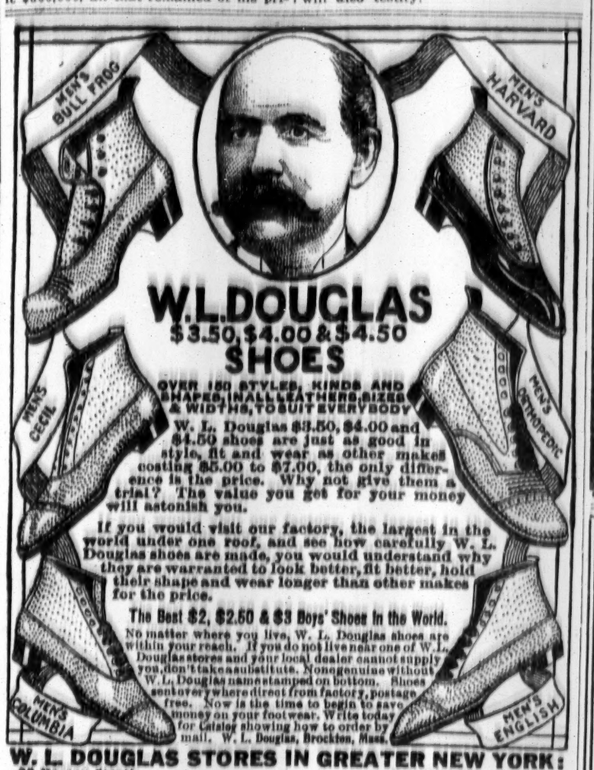
In answer to the questions put by T. Tileston Wells, attorney for the receiver, Mr. Hollins stated that he had no real estate, private yachts, horses, stocks or bonds. He has, he admitted, $150 in the bank, but he was quite willing to turn that over to the receiver.

He had reached this condition, Mr. Hollins testified, since last September. The new partnership arrangement of the reorganized Hollins firm was then formed, and Mr. Hollins had put into it $300,000, all that remained of his private fortune. At that time Walter Kutzleb, J. A. Aull and Anthony Walburg were admitted to partnership, and Mr. Kutzleb put in $100,000.

The original partnership consisted of Mr. Hollins, H. R. Govin and Briton N. Busch, but Mr. Govin retired when the new arrangement was made. It is understood that dissensions broke out between the new and old members of the firm.

Mr. Busch, when he took the stand, stated that he had been in the firm for fifteen years, and that all his present resources consisted of $200 deposit in a bank. He had life insurance policies to the amount of $40,000, but he has borrowed money on these, and he is prepared to hand them over to the receiver with such few shares of Curb stock and bonds as he owns, but which are worth very little.

Mr. Kutzleb also admitted that he was practically without resources. He will be recalled when the hearing is resumed on Monday. At that time it is expected that the other two members of the firm, Mr. Aull and Mr. Walburg, will also testify.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$3.50, $4.00 & $4.50
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OVER 150 STYLES, KINDS AND SHAPES, IN ALL LEATHERS, SIZES & WIDTHS, TO SUIT EVERYBODY
W. L. Douglas $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50 shoes are just as good in style, fit and wear as other makes costing $5.00 to $7.00, the only difference is the price. Why not give them a trial? The value you get for your money will astonish you.
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2044 Third Avenue.	1770 Pitkin Avenue.
1402 Third Avenue.	JERSEY CITY—94 Newark Avenue.
2903 Third Avenue, corner 120th Street.	NEWARK—851 Broad Street.
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Whole Quarter Boot for Women

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Dry Gin

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ALEX. D. SHAW & CO NY

Ten Egyptian Oasis Cigarettes
-best you ever smoked

Try them and see

Buy a package of Oasis Egyptian Cigarettes.
Costs you five cents
—but carefully selected tobacco,
tested manufacturing skill
and our determination to win—and hold—
the Egyptian cigarette smoker, is our share in the transaction.

10 for 5¢

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Premium Store, 7th Avenue and 16th Street

STATE AUTO MEN TO FORM SOCIETY

Dealers Meet To-day in Albany —Uniform Laws Commission in Session.

Representatives from all the automobile dealers' associations in the large cities of the State will meet in Albany to-day to form a State Association. At this meeting plans of organization will be perfected and a constitution and by-laws prepared which will be presented to the members of the various associations represented in the near future. The Automobile Dealers' Association, Incorporated, of this city will be represented at the meeting by Arthur M. Day, its President; John F. Plummer, R. H. Johnston, and Charles A. Stewart, its General Manager. The Brooklyn Motor Vehicle Dealers' Association will send its President, H. L. Carpenter, and Emanuel Lascaris, President of the Automobile Importers' Alliance, will represent the interests of the dealers in foreign cars. The meeting to-day was foreshadowed some months ago by the plan promulgated here to form a national association of automobile dealers, with the opposition of hostile legislation, the establishment of a credit bureau and mutual protection among its objects.

***

The movement for uniform automobile laws in the various States will take concrete form to-morrow morning in the first meeting of the Motor Vehicle Legislation Commission at the Hotel Belmont. A majority of the New England and Middle States will be represented by commissioners and various matters pertaining to motor car law making, such as registration, licensing, speed limits, and speed limits are expected to be discussed. S. W. Taylor is Chairman of the commission for this State, appointed by the Governor.

At its next meeting, to be held on Nov. 26, the Metropolitan Section of the Society of Automobile Engineers will discuss silent and rather chains and inlet manifolds. A paper on the first subject will be read by John B. Gautier, who has made a special study of the subject, and who, from residence in England, is thoroughly familiar with foreign as well as American practice. Arthur B. Browne will present a paper on inlet manifolds, a subject intimately related to the vexing fuel problem. It is planned to offer at the December meeting of the section papers on heavy fuel carburetors and vaporizers.

Recent figures compiled from the State's registration figures show the steadily increasing proportion of motorists in California. Some counties have one automobile for every 30 or 40 of population. There are 64 counties in the State 187 different makes of motor cars.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Military Manuals Not for "Schools" —Decision on Fish.

According to a decision by the Board of United States General Appraisers handed down yesterday "the school of officers" of the Fourth Infantry of the Ohio National Guard is not a "school of learning" within the meaning of the Tariff act of 1909. The issue came before the customs tribunal in the form of a protest by D. L. Bargar of Cleveland, who objected to the imposition of a duty of 20 per cent. ad valorem on manuals of military instruction as books under Paragraph 410.

The board sustained several protests relating to the classification under the act of 1909 of fish of various kinds packed in cans. The Imperial Packing Co. of Duluth; Henry T. Hempstead & Son, G. B. Barbam, G. S. Bush & Co., Inc., American-Hawaiian Steamship Company, the Tolstad-Burger Company, John H. Boden & Co., Inc., and F. H. Sloan & Co.

The G. S. Brackett Company of Minneapolis asked for an allowance on frames imported from Canada. The firm said that there was a shortage in the number of bottles covered by the invoice. The board held that as the firm failed to establish whether the shortage occurred in this country or Canada, no relief could be granted.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York:

ALBANY, Nov. 19.—The new companies incorporated to-day include:

Biological Products Corporation of Brooklyn, drugs, chemicals, pharmaceutical, $5000; Edith Emanuel Newman, Benjamin Reass, William H. Jackson, all of 391 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

Kleinschmidt Electric Company, Inc., of Manhattan, supplies, $100,000; Richard Kleinschmidt, Robert J. Houston, Ralph C. Houston, Harry J. Allerton, 483 Manor Avenue, Woodhaven; Percy Fox, 1 Madison Avenue, Manhattan.

Fox-Terminal Realty Company, 10 East 40th Street, Inc., of Manhattan; realty and construction, $50,000; Walter C. Sterrik, Scott Melanahan, H. Preston Coursen, 135 Broadway, New York.

Isaacson-Iron Steel Company, Inc., of Buffalo; fruit and produce brokerage, $10,000; Harry A. Sharp, John E. Schlatter, Eugene L. Turner, 90 West Market Street, Buffalo.

H. M. Rinaman Company, Inc., Norwood, carriages, autos, horses, accessories, $25,000; Harry M. Rinaman, Harry Farmer, Edward E. Wright, all of Norwood.

A. B. C. Button Company, Inc., of Manhattan, $10,000; Charles E. Farmer, Harry M. Goodfriend, Leon M. Pickett, 1,119 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

The Ide Vere Shorthand Publishing and Supply Company, Inc., of Brooklyn, $10,000; Anna E. Ide, May Ide, Douglas A. Leven, 261 Broadway, New York.

These foreign corporations were to-day authorized to do business in this State:

Cotton Gathering Corporation of Dover, Del., $5,250,000; Representative William A. Brady, 559 West Twenty-sixth Street, New York.

La Grange Pearl Button Company of La Grange, Missouri, $30,000; representative, Richard Drydale, 48 Leonard Street, New York.

Kirby Lumber Company of Houston, Texas, $10,000,000; representative, Lee Carruthers, 1 Madison Avenue, New York.

Albert J. Weatherhead, Jr., Company, of Paterson, N. J.; timber and mining, $10,000; representative, Albert J. Meyers, 8 Bridge Street, New York.

Dissolution proceedings were filed to-day by:

Vacuum Wonder Washer Company, Inc., of Syracuse; incorporated Dec. 7, 1912, with $50,000 capital; George F. Lesmis, President; Harry E. Woolever, Secretary.

James Buchanan & Co. of New York, incorporated Nov. 24, 1905, with $10,000 capital; Charles Hain, President; Henry W. Goodrich, Secretary.

A. B. C. Importation Company, Inc., of New York, incorporated June 12, 1913, with $5,000 capital; Alfred Fulton Wallis, Harris, Rudolph J. Scheerer, incorporated.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Cotton goods exporters have little confidence in present trade conditions of India. There is practically no further news in the market regarding the recent panic in that country, but the absence of such information is held to mean that at least no change for the worse has occurred.

The introduction of front-lace models in staple corset lines is one of the features of the current season that has more or less embarrassed the operatives. They find it difficult satisfactorily to make both front and back lace models. The change in many instances from standard cloths to cotton or silk tricot, peau de suede and mesh materials has also been a hindrance to production.

The popularity of the mackinaw jacket as an outing coat was conclusively shown at the Yale-Princeton football game last Saturday. It was noted that many of the coats worn by men were similar to the high-color effects adopted by the women.

EMBROIDERY TRADE SUIT.

Local Firm Alleges Non-Delivery of Machines After Partial Payment.

The Senner & Kaplan Co., manufacturers of embroideries, have filed a suit in the Supreme Court for $25,000 against the Robert Reiner Importing Co. of Weehawken Heights, N. J., for alleged failure to deliver a number of embroidery machines ordered by them. The plaintiffs allege that on March 27, 1912, they entered into an agreement with the defendant to purchase one Schiffli machine and eleven automatic machines. They also say that they paid $500 on account, but that the plaintiff failed to live up to the contract.

Robert Reiner of the defendant firm, said yesterday that a slight delay in the arrival of a steamer from Hamburg had made it impossible for his firm to deliver the machines at the date set in the contract. In the answer filed by the Reiner Company through its attorneys, Diamond & Abrahams, after denying the material allegations in the complaint, a counter claim was set up for $3,000. This amount was the balance due on account of the purchase price of the Schiffli machine, $800 having been paid at the time of the execution of the contract.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

According to a report from the Consul at Vancouver, a project is under way there for reclaiming some 20,000 acres of land lying southward from Golden along the Columbia River.

In a railway agreement just concluded between China and Japan it is stipulated that the Japanese shall provide money for the construction of two branches of the South Manchuria Railway. Other important railway developments are pending in China.

Following the report on the needs of Guayaquil, it was recently announced from Quito that the Ecuadorian Chamber of Deputies had approved a loan of $1,000,000 gold for sanitation works in Guayaquil.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Wheat exports from New York last week dropped slightly, aggregating 1,230,000 bushels, against 1,387,000 in the preceding week. Beef exports showed considerable gain, however, totaling 1,060 barrels and 818 horses, compared with 1,000 and 370, respectively, in the week before.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Alfred Benjamin-Washington Company will be held on Nov. 25 at 130 Lafayette Street to vote on the question of reducing the number of directors from 9 to 7.

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

Stove Coal Wanted Badly.

"With weather conditions more conducive to a liberal use of domestic coal," says The Coal Trade Journal, "the demand for anthracite has increased in the last ten days. All sizes have been helped, but so far as the local situation is concerned, the call is still principally for stove sizes.

"Hopes of a stronger situation in bituminous coal as a result of the Atlantic coast storm have fallen flat, and the market shows signs of increasing weakness."

***

Suggests Caution in Deliveries.

With the approach of the holiday season the National Jewelers' Board of Trade suggests that members of the trade take more care in delivering the orders they fill. In view of the fact that very valuable articles can be carried in small packages and can be concealed easily, the board says that messengers should be cautioned against speaking to strangers and doing other things that might lead to attempts at robbery. Already two attempts to rob messengers of local firms have been reported to the board for investigation.

***

Like Designers' Announcements.

The plan adopted by the style committees of the various designers' conventions of announcing publicly their recommendations of cut and fabrics of women's ready-to-wear garments has been met with approval in the local fabric markets. When the manufacturers and wholesalers know that the designers favor certain kinds of cloths because they lend themselves to the adopted styles, they say it means less guessing as to what will be "right" for the season. This means, of course, that they will find fewer "stickers" in their stocks at the end of the season and a better profit in their pockets if they take the hints the designers give.

***

Cook Resigns from Knox Hat Co.

Edward Knox Cook, Vice President and General Manager of the Knox Hat Manufacturing Company, has been forced to resign by a nervous breakdown. Mr. Cook has been at the head of the manufacturing end of the concern for a number of years, and succeeded to the Vice Presidency only last Summer. The report that Mr. Cook would dispose of his interests in the firm was denied at the local office of the company yesterday. Albert Thetford, who has been associated with Mr. Cook for some time, will succeed him as General Manager. It could not be definitely learned who would succeed Mr. Cook as Vice President.

***

Insufficient Profits in Collars?

Considerable amusement was caused among local collar manufacturers yesterday by a prominent retailer's assertion that profits in retailing men's collars were not commensurate with the cost of doing business, and that the stores should raise prices. This dealer suggested that manufacturers charge $1.20 a dozen for collars instead of the present figure of $1.10, and that retailers then sell them at 17 cents each, or three for 50 cents. According to this prominent local agent, this plan would give the makers an additional profit of 10 cents a dozen and the retailers an extra profit of 40 cents a dozen. The consumer would bear the added cost.

***

Change in R. H. Macy & Co.

It was announced yesterday that Nathan Straus, Sr., would retire on Feb. 1 from the business of R. H. Macy & Co. and devote his time to other interests, among which were the Abraham & Straus store in Brooklyn and the firm of I. Straus & Sons, importers and manufacturers of cut glass and crockery. On the same date Percy S., Jesse I., and Herbert N. Straus, who will continue to operate the Macy store, will withdraw their interests from the firms of Abraham & Straus and I. Straus & Sons. Nathan Straus, Jr., and Grant Straus will leave the Macy firm with their father. It is understood that Jesse I. Straus will assume the senior partnership in R. H. Macy & Co.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

CHARLES MAHR, liquor dealer, of 2,662 Third Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $9,000 and stock and assets of $1,000, consisting of stock when he was dispossessed, $1,000, and cash, $50. Most of the liabilities are to the Bern Cut Company, $12,000 subscription for stock, and Jacob Bern, $15,000, secured by shares of stock of the Bern Cafe Company.

JOHN H. V. SAUERBREY, a city fireman, residing at 72 West 140th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,000 and assets of $1,000, consisting of diamond rings, watches, and clothing.

WILLIAM O'BRIEN, salesman, of 208 East Eighty-sixth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,010 and assets of $3,000 in real estate.

H. SANDBERG & CO.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Oct. 29 against H. Sandberg & Co., manufacturers of ladies' waists at 29 West Eighteenth Street, on the petition of creditors, on settlement at 25 cents on the dollar, payable in two notes.

WEATHERLOW & KORN.—Judge Hough has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to Weatherlow & Korn, Chelsea Hall, Inc., dealers in furniture at 1,265 Broadway, on their petition on February 11, 1913. Liabilities were $20,000 and assets of $21,000.

SIGMUND A. WEISS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Sigmund Weiss, dry goods dealer of 2,081 Third Avenue, show liabilities of $11,000 and assets of $1,000, consisting of stock, $6,000; accounts, $2,000, and cash from his insurance companies.

CHARLES FLAX & SONS.—Judge Hand has appointed Charles Flax receiver for Charles Flax & Sons, jewelry goods, at 170 Wooster Street; bond, $1,000.

BROWNSTEIN & MERLIS.—Judge Hough has appointed Richard S. Ditts receiver for Brownstein & Merlis, dealers in furs at 20 Waverly Place. Mr. Ditts has qualified and has agreed to serve without compensation.

SIEGEL & ROTCHNER.—Judge Hand has appointed C. C. Saul receiver for Siegel & Rotchner, publishing goods, at 210 Fifth Avenue; bond, $500. Liabilities are $2,000 and assets $1,100.

BEATTIE CAFE COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed Matthew A. Henkel receiver for the Beattie Cafe Company at 2,060 Third Avenue; bond, $1,000. Mr. Henkel has been vested with authority to carry on the business for ten days.

M. SCHACK & SON.—Judge Hough has declined to discharge from bankruptcy M. Schack & Son, dealers in furs and hides at 30 Rockwell, formerly at 330 Broadway. Creditors whose petition was filed on Dec. 10, 1911. Their liabilities were $13,013 and assets $38,000.

HENRY C. MERRITT.—Referee Stephen H. Thayer has appointed Benjamin M. Friedman of Mount Vernon receiver in bankruptcy for Henry C. Merritt, formerly Supervisor of East Chester.

PERRY PAPER COMMERCIAL COMPANY.—Judge Hough, referee in bankruptcy, of 31 Cedar Street, who has charge of the bankruptcy proceedings against the New York Commercial Company, importers of Japanese paper, has declared a dividend of 20 per cent. payable on Dec. 1.

JOHN G. SCHILDKNECHT.—In the bankruptcy proceedings against John G. Schildknecht, dealer in leather at 26 Frank-lin Street, the Hamburg Leather Company, a creditor, has made a decision on December 6 to show cause why Bella McMinn should not be examined as to what will be "right" for the season. This means, of course, that they will find fewer "stickers" in their stocks at the end of the season and a better profit in their pockets if they take the hints the designers give.

***

Geck Resigns from Knox Hat Co.

Edward Knox Cook, Vice President and General Manager of the Knox Hat Manufacturing Company, has been forced to resign by a nervous breakdown. Mr. Cook has been at the head of the manufacturing end of the concern for a number of years, and succeeded to the Vice Presidency only last Summer. The report that Mr. Cook would dispose of his interests in the firm was denied at the local office of the company yesterday. Albert Thetford, who has been associated with Mr. Cook for some time, will succeed him as General Manager. It could not be definitely learned who would succeed Mr. Cook as Vice President.

***

Insufficient Profits in Collars?

Considerable amusement was caused among local collar manufacturers yesterday by a prominent retailer's assertion that profits in retailing men's collars were not commensurate with the cost of doing business, and that the stores should raise prices. This dealer suggested that manufacturers charge $1.20 a dozen for collars instead of the present figure of $1.10, and that retailers then sell them at 17 cents each, or three for 50 cents. According to this prominent local agent, this plan would give the makers an additional profit of 10 cents a dozen and the retailers an extra profit of 40 cents a dozen. The consumer would bear the added cost.

***

Change in R. H. Macy & Co.

It was announced yesterday that Nathan Straus, Sr., would retire on Feb. 1 from the business of R. H. Macy & Co. and devote his time to other interests, among which were the Abraham & Straus store in Brooklyn and the firm of I. Straus & Sons, importers and manufacturers of cut glass and crockery. On the same date Percy S., Jesse I., and Herbert N. Straus, who will continue to operate the Macy store, will withdraw their interests from the firms of Abraham & Straus and I. Straus & Sons. Nathan Straus, Jr., and Grant Straus will leave the Macy firm with their father. It is understood that Jesse I. Straus will assume the senior partnership in R. H. Macy & Co.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

CHARLES MAHR, liquor dealer, of 2,662 Third Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $9,000 and stock and assets of $1,000, consisting of stock when he was dispossessed, $1,000, and cash, $50. Most of the liabilities are to the Bern Cut Company, $12,000 subscription for stock, and Jacob Bern, $15,000, secured by shares of stock of the Bern Cafe Company.

JOHN H. V. SAUERBREY, a city fireman, residing at 72 West 140th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,000 and assets of $1,000, consisting of diamond rings, watches, and clothing.

WILLIAM O'BRIEN, salesman, of 208 East Eighty-sixth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,010 and assets of $3,000 in real estate.

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COMMODITIES MARKETS

Wheat was quiet yesterday, but demand was sufficient to advance prices from ¾ to ⅝c. Corn showed fair strength at times and closed with gains extending from ½ to 1⅛c a bushel. Oats, however, eased off slightly under late selling. In the cotton market the November option gained 10 points with declines of from 7 to 12 points in other options. Provisions and cotton oil were firm.

WHEAT.

The wheat market lacked animation, but the tendency of values was upward, and prices at the close were at about the best of the day, with net gains of ¾@⅝c. The Argentine situation appeared to have less force as a market factor. The domestic statistical position appears rather bearish on the surface, as receipts continue to run ahead of expectations in the Northwest, and stocks are still accumulating. Minneapolis has raised 370,000 bushels during the last four days, while Duluth stocks increased 1,000,000 bushels.

The Liverpool market was very steady, and it seemed to be the general impression that future course of values would be determined by the action of the Russian Government. Stocks abroad are still quite liberal, but buyers, especially in the United Kingdom, have apparently been looking forward to the usual spring rise from a bullish new crop scare. Country offerings are fairly liberal, and mills here are basing their operations on the belief that foreign buyers will have to make their purchases in the American market. Sales for the day were of fair proportions, and at all positions probably aggregated about 60 loads.

In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was nominal at 97½c, cost, insurance, and freight. New York export basis, and 96c, free on board. No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 93½c, to arrive.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
December	96 1-16	95⅝	96 1-16	96 1-16	92⅞
May	95⅞	95⅜	95 15-16	96 1-16	92⅞

CHICAGO PRICES.

December	87½	85¾	86⅝	86¾	85
May	91⅛	89⅝	90⅝	90⅞	87⅝
July	88⅛	87⅛	87⅞	87⅝	87⅝

CORN.

Prices in the corn market were firmer throughout the greater part of the day on covering, easing off slightly late, and closing at a net advance of ⅛@⅛c. The weather in the West was still somewhat unsettled and warmer, which was against the best interests of the movement of new corn, but was said to be favorable for the winter wheat crop. Cash offerings from the country were light, and premiums in Argentina and in Buenos Aires had a sympathetic influence on values, as exports from Argentina have already exceeded estimates.

In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 83c, elevator, domestic.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.
December	71⅞	70⅝	71	70⅞	47⅜
May	73⅝	72⅜	73⅛	72⅝	48⅝
July	70⅝	69⅞	70¼	69⅞	45⅝

OATS.

The oats market was firmer early in sympathy with wheat and corn and on moderate receipts at primary points, but eased off late under selling by prominent commission houses, closing net unchanged to ⅛c lower. The local cash market was steady, standard white selling quoted at 40 to 47½c; No. 3 white, 37 to 47½c; No. 3, 36½ to 40c; No. 4, 44½ to 46½c; No. 2 clipped white, 47 to 48c, and fancy clipped white, 47 to 48c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.
December	36⅝	35⅞	36⅜	36⅜	31⅛
May	41⅝	41⅛	41⅝	41⅝	36⅛
July	41⅝	41⅛	41⅜	41⅜	36⅛

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was only moderately active, but a firmer feeling prevailed, and prices closed at about the top. Receipts of hogs were again quite liberal, and the hog market was only about steady, but strong interests seemed to be identified with the buying side, and values were influenced to some extent by the firmness in corn. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 53,000; estimated for Thursday, 44,000. Kansas City received 19,000, and Omaha 9,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.	Prev. Year.
January	11.09	11.00	11.02	10.97	10.00
May	11.26	11.12	11.22	11.10	10.35
Ribs—					
January	11.10	11.00	11.07	10.92	10.07½
May	11.22	11.10	11.22	11.06	10.00
Pork—					
January	20.97	20.70	20.87	20.82	19.45
May	20.90	20.67	20.90	20.82	18.90

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was inactive, with comparatively little interest manifested in the market, but the undertone was steady, and at the close November was 9 points higher, while other positions showed gains of 1 to 4 points.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot			7.00@7.00	7.00
November	7.10	7.10	7.09@7.10	7.01
December	7.10	7.10	7.09@7.10	7.01
January	7.16	7.14	7.14@7.15	7.08
February			7.18@7.20	7.17
March	7.21	7.18	7.20@7.21	7.26
April			7.18@7.20	7.17
May	7.40	7.40	7.42@7.44	7.36
July	7.60	7.48	7.49@7.50	7.48

COTTON.

The cotton market was quiet yesterday, as though waiting for the action of the Revision Committee, which met after the close last night, or for the census report on ginning, which is due at the opening on Friday morning. Fluctuations were more or less irregular, but the final tendency of prices was easier on rumors that the revision would not be as bullish as many traders had predicted earlier in the month. December was relatively weak and closed at a net decline of 12 points, while November was nominally 10 points higher, and other months from 7 to 9 points net lower.

The market opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 1 point, and sold on the call from there steadily easier, with December relatively due to a settlement in connection with reference to the return of cotton to the Memphis Cotton Exchange. This return to the Memphis market was to have taken place to-day, but it was announced yesterday that it was intended to postpone the return for a week. It was very soon learned that it was intended to represent the commercial cross which would be created by the return of cotton to Memphis before and following the holidays, and rapidly the market gradually rallied from the opening prices of to-day. The closing tone on the contract was within 7 points of December, although the very near months were selling at a premium over the distant positions.

Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged to 1-16c lower.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November			12.01@12.01	12.11
December	12.11	12.00	12.00@12.01	12.10
January	12.17	12.08	12.08@12.09	12.18
February			12.11@12.13	12.21
March	12.22	12.13	12.13@12.15	12.23
April			12.11@12.13	12.21
May	12.16	12.01	12.01@12.03	12.10
June			12.00@12.02	12.10
July	12.10	12.01	12.01@12.03	12.10
August	12.13	12.06	12.06@12.08	12.14

COFFEE.

It was the consensus of opinion among local coffee operators that the failures reported in Brazil on Tuesday marked the culmination of the recent financial difficulties among coffee operators in that country, and that there would probably be considerable cabling to Brazil, which reported a firmer feeling in Brazil, the authority stating that it looks as if the liquidation is over.

The fact that exporters are still willing to sell coffee at concessions over new figures and a tendency to discourage speculative operations on the buying side and the undertone was thought to be firm. Some operators thought it probable that even a moderate advance would result in more liberal offerings from Rio. The Hamburg market was closed from Tuesday to Thursday, and the Antwerp market was 1 franc lower. In Santos the spot market was 50 reis lower, but Santos futures were 25 reis higher to 25 reis lower.

In the local spot market Rio grades were advanced ⅛c in sympathy with futures. Rio is being quoted at 9¾c, while Santos grades were unchanged.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November			6.20@6.21	6.11
December	6.24	6.21	6.21@6.22	6.12
January			6.21@6.22	6.13
February			6.21@6.22	6.13
March	6.16	6.10	6.10@6.12	6.07
April			6.08@6.09	6.00
May	6.00	6.00	6.00@6.01	6.00
June			10.00@10.00	10.00
July	10.17	10.17	10.16@10.20	10.07
August			10.20@10.20	10.12
September	10.00	10.00	10.00@10.00	10.00
October			10.01@10.02	10.00

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—The following are current wholesale market prices for Western beef cuts in New York City: Ribs, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 14½c; No. 3, 13½c; loins, No. 1, 22c; No. 2, 20c; No. 3, 16c; rounds, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 14½c; No. 3, 13½c; chucks, No. 1, 12c; No. 2, 10½c; No. 3, 9½c.

SUGAR.—The refined sugar market was steady and unchanged yesterday. There was a fair demand for granulated, and prices remained as last quoted. The London beet sugar market was steady to firm. The current advance, being quoted 9s 3d for November and 9s 4½d for December, and 9s 6d for May.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The molasses market was featureless. While receipts are light, however, the sales movement is becoming more normal. Prices were firm and unchanged. Syrups were quiet and unchanged.

RICE.—This market was quiet and about unchanged.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was inactive, with trading done mostly in small lots to cover immediate requirements.

OILS.—Refined petroleum and linseed oil were steady and unchanged.

NAVAL STORES.—The turpentine market was firm. There was a fair demand, prompted by the steadiness of Southern markets. Tar and resin were steady and unchanged.

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday 8,570 pkgs. Demand for high-grade fresh creamery is absorbing the supply reasonably well. Creamery, extras, 31@32c; firsts, 28@30c; seconds, 26½@27½c; thirds, 24@24½c; held, extras, 31@32c; firsts, 28@30c; seconds, 26@27½c; State dairy, finest, 28@29c; good to prime, 26@27c; common to rain, 23@25c; process extras, 27½@28c; firsts, 24@25c; seconds, 23@23c; imitation creamery, firsts, 24@25c; factory, held, 23@24c; firsts, 23@23½c; seconds, 22@22½c; thirds, 20@20½c; packing stock, held, No. 1, 22c; current make, No. 2, 21½@22c; No. 3, 20@20½c.

CHEESE.—Receipts yesterday, 1,939 boxes. Trading a little more active and market firmer on the highest grades of whole milk cheese; other grades unchanged. Prices unchanged. Specials, 17½@17¾c; extras, 17@17½c; fancy, 16½@16¾c; fresh, colored, specials, 17½@17¾c; white, 16½@16¾c; colored, average fancy, 16½@16¾c; white, 16@16½c; State, whole milk, colored, specials, 17½@17¾c; white, 16½@16¾c; colored, average fancy, 16½@16¾c; white, 16@16½c; State, whole milk, undergrades, 12@15½c; skims, fresh, choice, 8@9c; fair to good, 6@7c; Wisconsin, whole milk, daisies, fresh, best, 16½@16¾c; twins, best, 16½@16¾c; daisies, held, best, 16@16½c; Pennsylvania, whole milk, flats, fresh, fancy, 16½@16¾c; State, skims, fresh, specials, 12½@12¾c; skims, fresh, choice, 11@11½c; skims, poor to fair, 6@10c; State, full skims or fairly defective, 4@5½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 9,486 cases. Market generally quiet. High grades of fresh gathered are scarce. Near by eggs of the qualities generally shown are dull. Fresh gathered extras, 40@42c; extra firsts, 38@39c; firsts, 36@37c; seconds, 32@34c; thirds and poorer, 28@30c; dirties, No. 1, 28c; No. 2 and poorer, 25@27c; checks, good to choice, 23@24c; undergrades, mixed, $@27@29c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy season's charges paid, 29@30c; firsts, season's charges paid, 26@28c; seconds, season's charges paid, 24@25c; seconds, special marks, 27½@28c; seconds, 25½@26½c; firsts, on dock, 26@26½c; lower grades, charges paid, 20@22c; dirties, 21@23c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, henneries white, fine to fancy, 38@40c; gathered whites, fine to finest, 36@38c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by whites, fair to good, 30@32c; mixed or otherwise seriously defective, 42@43c; Western, gathered white, 30@32c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, henneries browns, 30@32c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 29@30c.

BUSINESS MARKETS

CHICAGO INSPECTS SUBWAYS

Aldermen from Western City Study Interborough and Hudson Systems.

A delegation consisting of most of the Aldermen of Chicago inspected the Subway system in this city yesterday. Their investigation covered the lines of the Interborough Company and the Hudson & Manhattan tubes.

Eugene Block, Chairman of the Aldermanic Committee on Local Transportation in Chicago, was in charge of the party, and associated with him were: Aldermen Lipps, Richert, Bergen, Twiss, Hazen, Clancy, Mayer, and Toman. H. H. Evans, Secretary to the commission; James J. Reynolds, a member of the Harbor and Subway Commission; George Weston of the Board of Supervising Engineers, and City Controller Traeger of Chicago were also members of the party.

Yesterday morning Frank Hedley, Vice President and General Manager of the Interborough Company, and George Keegan met the delegates with a private car at the Grand Central Station of the Subway, took them first to Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, and then to the west side and the Bronx Park terminals of the present line. In the afternoon they were taken over the Hudson and Manhattan Railway system. To-day the visitors will be the guests of the Public Service Commission on a trip to see the new subway extensions. On Friday the visitors will inspect the Pennsylvania Station and the Grand Central Terminal. Then they will go to Boston to continue their transit investigations there.

Big Excursion to South America.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—John Barrett, Director General of the Pan-American Union, announced to-day that the largest commercial excursion yet undertaken from the United States to South America would leave New York on Feb. 6 under the auspices of the Illinois Manufacturers' Association. Nearly 100 prominent business and professional men of Chicago and the Middle West will sail on the steamship Vaubar for a sixty-four-day cruise to Buenos Aires and intermediate points. Mr. Barrett said he expected Senator J. Hamilton Lewis, George Ade, the author; John T. McCutcheon, the cartoonist, and Samuel Felton, the railroad President, to be members of the party.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments for amounts of more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Bergen, Joseph E.—Bergen, $1,471.

Bergman, Joseph E.—Bergman et al., $165.

Boles, Ramon S. A.—Agostini, $125.

Blankstein, Gertrude—H. Reichhart, $2,000.

Brehmer, Ralph S.—B. Schoenmaker Co., $101.

Brecher, Pincus—H. Morgenstern, $650.

Brown, Emma V.—Building & Engineering Co., $240.

Campbell, Wm. S.—J. F. Stricker, $310.

Cash, Elma A.—American Mortgage Co., $300.

Caress, Michael—D. Norton, $638.

Cohen, Abraham—M. Fenzel, $100.

Diamond, Alfred J.—I. Brucker, $202.

Dillenbeck, Nathan—Fleischmann et al., $115.

Fleischmann, Joseph—Brooklyn Builders Supply Co., $1,202.

Fowler, Stephen and Rose—H. Ressler, $158.

Fuchs, Jacob—Hoffman, $217.

Gallagher, Chas. F.—F. H. Gumpe, $169.

Gallup, Emma V.—Lyons, $252.

Gallup, Emma V.—Lyons, $101.

Gilchrist, Harry—Henry Phipps Estates, Inc., $240.

Gunther, Norman, and Ella Mae—H. A. Stacker, $240.

Hartington, Frank A.—D. Simmons et al., $127.

Hartington, Jacob—I. Hoffman, $310.

Hirschman, Alexander—Hirschman, $200.

Hirschman, Moses A.—Kaden et al., $200.

Hirsch, Joseph F.—L. Adler, $124.

Holleck, Wm. C.—Whitelaw-Tarlton Co., $1,507.

Hoffman, Wm. M.—George Ringler & Co., $1,091.

Hyatt, Geo. B.—Paterna Construction Co., $101.

Kelly, Martin—W. W. Young, $1,101.

Kramer, Sigmund A.—Hershcopf, $242.

Levy, Hyer F.—Realty Adv. & Supply Co., $101.

Lieber, Leon N.—Bierman, costs, $116.

Lieber, Peter F.—Ratzenstein, $2,000.

Lutton, John F.—W. Farnsworth, $218.

Marshall, Marian H.—Olin J. Stephens, Inc., $100.

Morris, Edw. H.—F

Opp rtune Bond Purchases

Four years ago the cost of a certain $1000 first mortgage 4% railroad bond was $920. The railroad then earned a surplus over charges of $360,000.

To-day the railroad is earning a surplus of $1,250,000, but the cost of the bond is now only $720 and the income therefrom is about 5¼%.

Now is the opportune time to purchase these bonds.

Send for particulars.

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The strength of this investment is emphasized by the fact that it is legal for savings banks in seven states where the laws governing savings banks investments are extremely severe. In addition, this investment is acceptable as security for emergency circulation and postal savings deposits.

Those desiring a very conservative form of investment, yielding a desirable income should obtain full particulars by sending for Descriptive Circular G-57.

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Investors of all classes who care to acquaint us with the general character of their bond investments may secure from us specimen blanks applicable to their particular circumstances.

All holders of securities must comply with Government regulations. The use of the prescribed blanks is essential. Failure to comply in the above respects may invalidate the investor's otherwise legitimate exemption under the provisions of the law.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Decline a Little in Day of Increased Dullness Marked by Rumors.

A little less trading was done yesterday than on either of the two earlier days of the week, and while prices declined, the movement was very limited. Even in the few stocks in which the bulk of the day's trading operations were carried on the losses were smaller. It might have been otherwise if the financial community had taken seriously the rumors of impending insolvencies which were industriously circulated. Something of these reports had been heard for several days, but yesterday indications were afforded that they were being systematically spread abroad with the apparent purpose of unsettling the stock market. The Stock Exchange was well advised in inviting information which would place it in a position to lay the matter of the circulation of these reports before the District Attorney.

Such rumors spread from the low channels in which they originated to higher levels of the financial community, and in their progress necessarily do harm. That they did so little harm yesterday not improbably was due to the market's being in so thoroughly a liquidated position that it was free from the danger of taking fright at such reports. That does not alter the dastardly character of the work which was attempted, nor should it lessen the energy with which the Stock Exchange, which has already taken official cognisance of the matter, should pursue it with a view to discouraging by what means may be at its disposal a repetition of similar efforts in the future. Without reference to any of the houses which were so brazenly talked of yesterday, it is no doubt true that there are many concerns which in these months of idle Stock Exchange sessions have earned little or nothing, but this very condition preassumes an absence of extensive commitments which in a stagnant market might become a menance. This is an aspect of the matter which should help to set at ease those who were inclined to worry over yesterday's irresponsible rumors.

News bearing on the financial situation differed little in tenor from that of recent days. Money became still a little easier; the foreign markets which suffered some declines did little or nothing here and our own trade news, which yesterday had principally to do with the iron and steel trade, dwelt mostly on the decline in orders and in production, which has become a marked feature of the steel trade in recent weeks. Some further improvement in New Haven stock came as a natural sequel to the successful placing of the new note issue which is to provide funds for the payment of the notes which shortly mature. These New Haven notes bearing 6 per cent. interest and offered at 99¾, which are to run six months or less, were all placed very early in the day. Indeed their sale was assured even before formal announcement of the issue was made. There was a little further rise in the proposed debenture bonds, the putting out of which has been postponed until the Massachusetts courts have had an opportunity to pass on the questions which stockholders of the road have raised in respect to this issue. The management is very hopeful of sustaining the legality of the proposed debentures, but in any event it now has another six months in which to make permanent provision for the obligations which mature the first of next month and the payment of which is now being anticipated by the company.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. The renewal rate was 2½ per cent.

Time money rates were 4¼@5 per cent. for sixty days to six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5¾@6 per cent. for the best names.

Clearing House exchanges, $291,478,636; balances, $15,695,111; Sub-Treasury credit balances, $821,862.

The local banks have lost $1,920,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 5¼ per cent. for short and 5 per cent. for three months' bills; Berlin, 4½ per cent.; Paris, 3¾ per cent. Money was 4@4½ per cent. in London, and 2½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 51½ pfennigs. The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 32¼ centimes.

Foreign exchange was quoted as follows:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

Demand sterling—High. $4.8560; low, $4.8550; last, $4.8555.
London—Cable, $4.8605.
Paris—Cable, 5.20⅜ less 1-16; check, 5.21¼.
Berlin—Cable, 94¾ plus 1-32; check, 94 11-16 plus 1-64.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.21⅞ plus 1-32; check, 5.21¾ less 1-16.
Holland—Cable, 40.09; check, 40.06.
Belgium—Cable, 5.23⅜ less 1-16; check, 5.24⅛ less 1-16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.81; 90 days, $4.80¾.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.80¾; 90 days, $4.78⅝.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.25 plus 1-32½ 90 days, 5.26¼ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.25 less 1-32; 90 days, 5.26⅛.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 93 15-16; 90 days, 93⅞.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 93 13-16; 90 days, 93 7-16.
Amsterdam—Commercial, 60 days, 39.07; 90 days, 39.50.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c premium; St. Louis, 10c premium; St. Paul, 15c premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, 31¼c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was ½d lower in London, at 27¼d, and ⅛c lower in New York, at 59c per ounce.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street, by Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

50 shares Orleans County Quarry Company, New York corporation, $100 each, $4 lot.

Germania Oil Company and John H. G. Stuurman, Jr., balance of account as of Dec. 20, 1912, $15,653.98, for certificates,) including as part of said open account collateral demand note dated May 31, 1907, for $5,555.08, also note included in said open account, a collateral note dated April 16, 1907, for $1,500, (all collateral on the two notes aforesaid has been disposed of or is uncollectible.) $3.

E. Woltman note dated July 18, 1902, for $2,500, (maker absent from State,) $1.

The Robert B. McLea Company, New York corporation, balance on open account about $24,973.13 and accrued interest, $4.

25 shares Messing Land Company, Tonawanda, N. Y., $100 each; 2,000 shares Guyer Mining and Development Company, $1 each; 1 share Southern Savings Life and Accident Insurance Company, Norfolk, Va., $100; 5,000 shares Silver Eagle Gold and Silver Mining Company, $50 each; 50 shares Crawford Coal Company, Pennsylvania, $100 each; 300 shares Home Petroleum Company, $100 each; 300 shares Blood Farm Petroleum Company, $100 each; 60 shares Newbrough Hard Rubber Company, $100 each; 31½ shares West India Improvement Company, $100 each; $1,000 Crawford Coal Company, first mortgage 10 per cent bond due 1874, $17.50.

190 shares United States Steel Corporation, $100 each, 53⅝.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Slump in Railway Net.

September earnings of all the steam railroads in the United States as reported to the Interstate Commerce Commission were about as bad as those reported a few days ago for the preceding month. Traffic continued to show gains over the corresponding month of last year, but the gains were smaller than the increases in operating expenses. Aggregate revenues were $277,558,000, an increase for all lines of $9,185,000, but operating costs advanced in the same time $14,128,000, while nearly $1,000,000 more was added to the month's tax bill. The largest single item of increase was in transportation expenses, where was reflected the higher wages paid to nearly all classes of railway employes. The total net earnings for all the companies were only $79,933,000, a decrease of $6,322,000 from the net for September of 1912, when a much smaller volume of business was turned over.

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Unavoidable Financing.

If they do not raise one dollar for improvements or equipment purchases, twenty-three railroads in the United States are obligated to raise next year more than $390,000,000 to provide for the maturity of outstanding obligations, a large part of which are short-term note issues put out to tide the companies over to a period of easier money. Statisticians estimate that these companies should be in a position to raise $250,000,000 more for additions to their existing facilities, or $650,000,000 all told. The maturities in the current year were nearly as large, $380,000,000, and they were taken care of without serious trouble, although in some instances the corporations had to pay a high rate for accommodation. Bankers hope that investment conditions in 1914 will be so much better than in 1913 that it will be possible to pay a large share of the short-term issues maturing with long-term bond issues, which would reduce the maturities of later years.

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Copper Definitely Declines.

Copper was considered yesterday as being definitely on a 15½-cent basis. It had been selling in small lots at this figure for some time, but news that the larger sales agencies were quoting this price was needed to establish the recognized market. Announcement was made that one of the important distributing companies had retreated from the former price of 16¾ cents, and consumers were quoted as saying that this recognition of the lack of snap in the trade ought to arouse some interest among manufacturers and induce a fair amount of buying at the lower price. It is generally conceded in copper circles, however, that a real expansion of demand is not likely to occur until general business improvement sets in.

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Credulous Traders.

For the second time within a fortnight a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission had been quoted as favoring an advance in freight rates. For the second time much ado has been made about the change in sentiment among the commission members by people who trade in securities. And for the second time, unfortunately for such traders, the Commissioner quoted has come out with a formal denial of the remarks credited to him. A little application of common sense to reported interviews with Interstate Commerce Commissioners, in which they presume to forecast the outcome of a case in which they are to act as judges, would have convinced any one that something in the remarks had been misunderstood.

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Steel Steady Despite Conditions.

The weekly review of steel trade conditions were, on the whole, the most unfavorable that have been issued since the present recession of business began, but there was practically no reflection of sentiment in the price of Steel common. The general summary of activity at the mills indicates that operations are steadily declining, and this information is supplemented by advices from trade centres telling of further reduction of quotations. Steel bars are reported as selling at Chicago at $1.20 a hundred pounds, a figure representing a falling-off of $2 a ton in a week. In stock market gossip the comparative steadiness of Steel is credited to the probability that many phases of the situation already have been discounted, and that it will take some severe shock, like a sudden general cut in prices or a reduction of wages, to affect the shares substantially.

STEEL TRADE DROOPING.

Production Is Contracting While Buyers Await Lower Prices.

Further contraction in the operations of steel and iron companies has been noted in the trade this week. Buyers continue to hold off, presumably in the expectation of getting their orders filled later at prices lower than they are now. The Iron Age says:

The slowing down in iron and steel operations continues and in the case of some steel companies has been more sharply accentuated in the past week. Buyers of steel products are said to be awaiting developments, which is another way of saying that they are expecting lower prices and therefore do not consider this the time to make contracts.

It is not easy to measure the extent to which manufacturing consumers of finished steel have curtailed output. Automobile companies are known to have reduced forces considerably. Agricultural machinery interests, judging from the falling off in their bar specifications, are operating at a good deal less than full capacity. This is apparently not due to an unfavorable outlook for next year's crops, for prospects as gauged by planting are good; but rather to the belief that lower prices for their raw materials can be had later, and that general business conditions do not warrant full headway now.

The situation as to imports is unchanged. Eastern representatives of one European steel company have had scores of inquiries for prices from new sources without closing any business. Domestic mills are under fire for foreign offers and of import possibilities but all hesitate to make the plunge, preferring home products of known quality even at a higher price.

The Iron Trade Review says:

No signs of a turn from the general sluggish condition of the iron and steel markets are to be observed. Makers continue to readjust their operations to the reduced scale of buying, and production on all sides this month will show a considerable decline. Buyers are still engaging their requirements in a most reserved fashion and their purchases remain of the hand-to-mouth character. Fundamental conditions in the industry from every test appear very sound, and stocks have been liquidated to relatively light proportions, so that the situation seems to be susceptible to quick stimulation when buying on any sizeable scale is resumed.

New York Commercial Co. Dividend.

A dividend of 15 per cent., payable on Dec. 1, was declared yesterday by John J. Townsend, of 45 Cedar street, referee in the bankruptcy proceedings of the New York Commercial Company, a firm importing crude rubber. Mr. Townsend at the same time said that another dividend of 10 per cent. would be declared soon.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed by the company April 12, 1913, in which the liabilities were placed at $5,945,659. Two hundred and thirty creditors were named.

Bank of France's Metal Holdings.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France, when issued to-morrow, will show increases of 2,851,000 francs in gold and 2,174,000 francs in silver holdings.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Market Quiet and Reactionary with the Oil Stocks the Feature.

The outside security market was quiet and reactionary in tone. The oil stocks were again the feature of the trading, but their movements were narrower than on Tuesday. Standard Oil of New Jersey sold up 1¼ points to 881 on the early dealings, but later receded to 878, at which price it closed, showing a net loss of 1¼ points for the day. United Cigar Stores closed ⅝ lower on small sales. Riker-Hegeman new stock, the par value of which is $5, made its first appearance and was dealt in to the extent of 2,500 shares at 7¼ to 7, the latter the closing price.

Transactions reported were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	Br.-Am. Tob.	24½	24½	24	24
200	Br.-A. T., new	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼
90	Con. Rub. T.	88	88	88	88
200	Man. Transit.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,500	Riker-Hegeman, new.	7¼	7¼	7	7
125	Stan. Oil, N. J.	880	881	878	878
600	U. C. S. Co. A.	87½	87½	87	87
50	U. S. Light & Heat pf.	18	18	18	18
25	Willys Over.	61	61	61	61

MINING STOCKS.

500	*Big Four	9	9	9	9
500	Braden Cop.	0⅝	0⅝	0⅝	0⅝
250	B. C. Cop.	2⅝	2⅝	2¼	2¼
200	*Butte & Lon.	55	55	55	55
500	*Can. G. Sil.	15	15	15	15
4,090	*Caribou Cob.	60	61	60	60
1,000	Comb. Frac.	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
1,000	*C. O. D. Con.	4	4	4	4
50	Davis-D. Cop.	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,000	*Dia. Bik. B.	2	2½	2	2½
500	El Paso Con.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
225	First Nat'l.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,200	Gold E. Con.	1 7-16	1½	1 7-16	1½
500	Gold Hill.	3-16	3-16	3-16	3-16
1,000	Iron Blossom	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,100	Jim Butler.	72½	73½	72	72
100	Kerr Lake.	4½	4½	4½	4½
500	La Rose Con.	1¾	1¾	1 13-16	1¾
300	Mason Valley.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
200	McKinley-D.	1¼	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
1,500	*Nevada Hills	52	52	50	50
300	Nipis. M. Co.	8¼	8¼	8	8
100	Rescue Eula.	10	10	10	10
2,800	*Tono. Mer.	59	59	58	58
500	Tularosa	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
700	*W. E. Con.	1 9-32	1 9-32	1 9-32	1 9-32

LISTED PROSPECT—MINING COMPANY.

2,200	W. End Ext.	4	5	4	4

BONDS.

$6,000	N. Y. City 4½s, 1960	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
5,000	N. Y. City 4½s, 1962	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex dividend.

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INDUSTRIALS.

Bid and asked prices of issues not traded in were:

	Nov. 19.		Nov. 18.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil, new	11½	12	11½	12
Am. Writing Paper				1⅛
Bay State Gas	5-16	5-16	3-16	5-16
Borden's Cond. Milk	115	116	115	116
Borden's C. Milk pf.	103	106	103	106
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	90	94	90	94
Emerson-Brant.	22	26	22	26
Emerson-Brant. pf.	77	88	77	88
Havana Tobacco	3	6	3	6
Havana Tobacco pf.	9	12	9	12
Houston Oil	13	16	13	16
Houston Oil pf.	50	60	50	60
Int. Rubber Tr. ctfs.	6½	7½	6½	8
Lehigh Val. C. S. Co.	180	190	180	190
Marconi of America	3⅞	4¼	4	4⅜
Maxwell Motors	5	6	2¼	3
Maxwell Mot. 1st pf.	20¼	22	20½	22
Maxwell Mot. 2d pf.	6½	7½	6½	7½
Mays Oil	21	23	21	23
Riker-Hegeman	150	160	150	160
Rubber Tr. & Ref.	2¼	2¾	2¼	2¾
R. J. Reynolds	235	250	235	250
Tobacco Products pf.	82½	85	83	85
United Cigar Stores of Am.	110	115	110	115
U. S. Light & Heat	4½	5	4½	5
Willys Overland pf.	84	90	84	90

MINING STOCKS.

Arizona Belmont	4	5	4	5
Batley	6½	7½	6½	7½
Beaver Con.	33	35	33	35
Buffalo Mines	1¾	2	1¾	2
Crown Reserve	1 3-16	1 5-16	1 3-16	1 5-16
Con. Arizona Smelt.	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Copper Mines	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½
Florence	20	25	20	25
Greene-Cananea	6	7	6	7
Greene-Cananea, new	28	32	30	32
Greenwater	5½	6	4	6
Mines of America	2	2½	2	2½
Miapah Extension	28	31	28	31
Monadnock-Tom.	95	97	95	97
New Utah Bingham	45	55	45	55
Ohio Copper	7-16	½	7-16	½
Preston East Dome.	1	2		2
Peterson Lake	25	28	25	28
Stewart	1 9-16	1⅝	1 9-16	1⅝
Temiskaming	12½	12¾	12¼	13¼
Tonopah Belmont	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝
Tonopah Extension	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
Tonopah Mining	4⅞	5	4 13-16	4⅞
Tri-Bullion	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
Tuolumne Copper	¾	⅞	¾	⅞
Yukon Copper	¾	⅞	¾	⅞
United Copper pf.	3	5	3	5
Victor Tonopah	23	27	25	27
Wet. Silver Mines	8	9	8	9
Yukon Gold Mines	2	2¼	2	2¼

BONDS.

Braden Copper 6s	135	140	135	140
Braden Cop. new 6s	135	140	135	140
Chicago Elevated 5s	95¼	96	95¼	96
Con. Rubber Tire 4s	64	67	64	67
Mason Valley 6s	60	67	60	67
St. L. P. & N. West 5s	102½	102½	102	102½
Western Pac. 5s	76½	77½	76½	77½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Wednesday. Bid	Asked	Tuesday. Bid	Asked
Anglo-Am. Oil	22½	23½	22½	23½
Atlantic Refining	715	722	718	725
Borne-Scrymser	290	300	290	300
Buckeye Pipe Line	158	162	160	163
Chesebrough Mfg.	650	660	650	660
Colonial Oil	115	125	115	125
Continental Oil	192	197	192	197
Crescent Pipe Line	57	60	56	60
Cumberland Pipe L.	72	76	72	75
Eureka Pipe Line	335	342	335	345
Galena-Signal Oil	178	182	178	182
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	137	143	136	142
Indiana Pipe Lines	125	128	125	128
National Transit	40	42	40	42
New York Transit	310	315	315	315
Northern Pipe Line	113	117	112	116
Ohio Oil	139	141	140	142
Prairie Oil & Gas	412	416	410	415
Solar Refining	220	225	220	230
Southern Pipe Line	235	240	235	240
South Penn. Oil	246	249	248	252
S. W. P. Pipe Lines	150	155	152	157
Standard Oil (Cal.)	200	202	201	204
Standard Oil (Ind.)	304	307	303	307
Standard Oil (Kan.)	395	410	390	400
Standard Oil (Ky.)	605	615	605	610
Standard Oil (Neb.)	300	320	300	320
Standard Oil (N. J.)	870	880	878	881
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	160	162	159	161
Standard Oil (Ohio)	300	310	295	300
Swan & Finch	285	300	290	300
Union Tank Line	85	87	85	87
Vacuum Oil	187	190	177	180
Washington Oil	35	39	35	40
Waters-Pierce Oil	2,000	2,300	2,100	2,300

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Nov. 19. Bid.	Asked.	Nov. 18. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	158	144	138	145
American Cigar pf.	86½	88	86½	88
British-American	23½	24½	24½	24½
British-Am., new	21	24	24½	25
Conley Foil	280	295	280	295
Johnson Tin & M.	165	185	165	185
J. S. Young	140	155	140	155
Mexican Tobacco	180	190	180	190
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	215	225	215	225
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	130	140	130	140
R. J. Reynolds	240	250	240	250
R. J. Reynolds pf.	100	104	104	104
Tobacco Products	90	120	90	120
Tobacco Products pf.	82½	85	83	85
United Cigar Stores	86¾	87½	87¼	88
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	110	113	110	115

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, May, 1957	103⅞	104¼	103⅞	104¼
4½s, Nov., 1957	103⅞	104¼	103⅞	104¼
4½s, May, 1917	101¼	102	101¼	102
4½s, Nov., 1917	101¼	102	101¼	102
4½s, March, 1930-60	100	100¼	100	100¼
4½s, March, 1962	99½	99¾	99½	99¾
4s, Sept., 1960	99¼	99½	99¼	99½
4s, May, 1959	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
4s, Nov., 1958	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
4s, May, 1957	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
4s, Nov., 1956	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
4s, Nov., 1955	94¾	95¾	94¾	95¾
4s, Nov., 1936	95	97	95	97
4s, 1918-1919	98¾	99½	98¾	99½
3½s, Nov., 1954-55	85	85½	85	85½
3½s, May, 1954	85	85½	85	85½
3½s, 1950-1954	84½	85½	84½	85½

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday, the present month and the fiscal year, as follows:

	Nov. 18.	Month.	Fiscal year.
Customs	$937,156	$12,357,603	$128,281,754
Internal rev. ordinary	1,264,440	18,606,847	125,457,554
Corp'n tax	17,212	128,302	2,540,578
Miscellaneous	81,137	3,524,013	20,232,721
Total r'c'pts	2,299,946	34,616,856	276,518,608
Expenditures	3,566,622	33,151,771	281,683,909
Surplus		1,465,085	
Deficit	1,266,666		5,167,282

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Bank of Commerce	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝
5	Consol. Coal	96	96	96
15	Consol. Power pf.	108	108	108
135	Penn. Water & P.	04¼	04¼	04¼

BONDS.

$1,000	Balt. Elec. 5s, stmp.	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
6,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	97	97	97
2,000	City Balt. 3½s, 1930	90¼	90¼	90¼
200	City Balt. 4s, '61	99	99	99
400	City Balt. 4s, '61, S. L.	96	96	95
3,000	City Balt. 4s, '61, P. L.	95	95	95
4,000	Consol. Gas 4½s	03¼	03¼	03¼
5,000	Consol. Power 4½s	88	88	88
1,000	Ga., Car. & Nor. 5s	102½	102½	102½
2,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	90½	90½	90½
3,000	Nort. Ry. & Lt. 6s	90¾	90¾	90¾
2,000	U. Ry. & E. inc. 4s	80¼	80¼	80¼

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
905	Alaska Gold	20¼	20¼	20¼
110	Alloues	33	33	33
100	Amalgamated	70¾	70¼	70¾
60	Am. Zinc	16¾	16¾	16¾
7	Anaconda	34	34	34
120	Arizona Comm'l	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
100	Bonanza	42c	42c	42c
65	Butte & Ballaklala	4½	4½	4½
855	Butte & Superior	80	80	80¼
50	Calumet & Arizona	62¾	62½	62½
2	Calumet & Hecla	405	405	405
50	Copper Range	80½	80	80¼
150	Seal Butte	10½	10	10
20	Franklin	8	8	8
60	Granby	70	69¾	69¾
16	Greene-Cananea	30	30	30
20	Hancock	14	14	14
150	Indiana	8¾	8¾	8¾
25	Island Creek pf.	82	81½	81½
95	Kerr Lake	4 9-16	4 9-16	4 9-16
800	Keweenaw	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
166	Lake	61¾	61¾	61¾
10	La Salle	3½	3½	3½
50	Mason Valley	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
50	Mass Con.	4¼	4¼	4¼
5	Mayflower	6	6	6
95	Mohawk	41	41	41
240	Nipissing	8	7⅞	8
10	North Butte	25	25	25
101	Pond Creek	17⅞	18	18
10	Ray Con.	18½	18	18
5	Shannon	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
30	Shattuck	20½	20½	20½
525	Superior & Boston	2¾	2¾	2¾
40	Trinity	44¼	44¼	44¼
800	Utah Apex	1¾	1¾	1¾
20	Victoria	1¾	1¾	1¾
60	Winona	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
10	Wolverine	42	42	42

RAILROADS.

94	Boston & Albany	200½	200½	200½
10	Boston Elevated	85	85	85
40	Boston & Maine	52½	52	52½
6	Maine Central	98	98	98
1,158	N. Y., N. H. & H.	79½	78¾	79¼
1,801	N. Y., N. H. & H. Rights	1-32	00c	05c
2	Union Pacific	150¾	150¾	150¾
85	West End St. R. R.	67¾	67¾	68

TELEPHONES.

587	American	119	118½	118½
7	New England	134½	133¾	133¾

MISCELLANEOUS.

10	Am. Ag. Chem.	42¾	42¾	42¾
25	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	90½	90¼	90½
6	Am. Sugar	108¾	108¾	108¾
5	Am. Sugar pf.	115	113	113
94	Am. Woolen	25¾	25¾	25¾
25	Am. Woolen pf.	75¾	75¾	75¾
5	A. G. & W.	8	8	8
22	Cumberland P. pf.	96¼	96¼	96¼
2	Edison	206½	206½	206½
85	General Electric	140¾	139½	140
14	Mass. Gas	92	92	92
4	Mass. Gas pf.	92¼	92¼	92¼
2	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	67½	67½	67½
3	Pullman	152½	152½	152½
10	Reece Button	15¾	15¾	15¾
25	Reece Folding	34	34	34
23	Swift	105	104¾	105
2	Torrington	26¼	26¼	26¼
25	Torrington pf.	26½	26½	26½
25	United Shoe	47¾	47½	47¾
20	United Shoe pf.	47¾	47¾	47¾
415	United States Steel	56	55¾	55¾
5	U. S. Steel pf.	105¾	105¾	105¾

BONDS.

$20,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	84¾	84¾	84¾
10,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	94	94	94
1,000	C. C. & G. L. 4s	93½	93½	93½
500	Cent. Vt. 1st 4s	85½	85½	85½
12,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, '15	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
1,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	80¾	80¾	80¾
45,000	N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 6s	103¼	103	103

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bay S. Gas	16	17	First Nat.

7% vs. 5% and why.

At present prices investments are recognized as "cheap." Their safety remains unimpaired. Good bonds can therefore be purchased to yield 5% or slightly over.

Consider then the exceptional advantages of a short-term note, secured by first and refunding mortgage bonds exceeding the par amount of the notes, and yielding 7%.

Earnings increasing year by year, convertible at any time during the next three years into long-term bonds, and at a price equal to or better than the bargains of to-day.

These features, among others, are embodied in the Three-Year Bond Secured Notes of a prominent Public Utility Company, which we offer (strictly subject to prior sale and advance in price) to yield 7%.

The notes are in denominations of $100, $500 and $1,000.

Write us for Circular T.25

A. H. Bickmore & Co.
111 Broadway, New York

6%

A 6% Municipal improvement bond at 100 and accrued interest maturing serially from one to twenty years from one to twenty

Exempt from Income Tax.

WM. R. COMPTON CO.
Pine St., Cor. William St.
Pine St., Cor. William St.
NEW YORK

WANTED

100 American Gas & Electric Pfd.
100 American Pub. Utilities Pfd.
100 Duluth Edison Electric Co. & Pfd.
100 Empire Co. 7% Debs. & Pfd.
100 Illinois Traction Pfd.
100 St. Joseph Lead.
100 Wisconsin Light & Power.

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Private Wires to Boston & Philadelphia.

Robert Gair Co. Pfd.
Elliott, Beaudry & Co. Pfd.
Electric Vehicle Co. Pfd.
City Light & Traction 1st 5s 1952
Fairfield Co. Gas Elec. 5s 1923

Elliott Woodward & Co.
Tel. 6725 Hanover. 74 Trinity Pl., N.Y.

DEBENTURES
DEBENTURES
DEBENTURES
DEBENTURES
DEBENTURES

Biker & Hegeman Co.
MULLER & NASH
55 Broad St. Tel. Broad 3115
MULLER & NASH
55 Broad St. Tel. Broad 3115

Franklin TRUST CO.
Member Federal Reserve System
Accounts of Individuals, Firms, Corporations and Banks Solicited
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS
Fifth Ave. & 44th St.

United States Mortgage & Trust Company
Legal depository for the funds or bank note reserves of National banks in the City of New York, or other banking districts.
Broad at 73d St. 55 Cedar St. 125th St. at 8th Av.

The California-Idaho Co.
TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE AND COLLATERAL TRUST SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF THE ABOVE COMPANY:

Default in the payment of the first of the coupons in the 5% bonds of the above company, due October 1, 1913, and the refusal of the undersigned, as Trustee, to declare the principal of the bonds due, in the exercise of its discretion under the Mortgage and Trust Deed securing said bonds, and the conditions and circumstances attending the foregoing, as the result of an investigation of the affairs of the company, made by the undersigned, at the request of the holders of a large amount of said bonds, and the refusal of the company to make the changes in its management and methods of business which the undersigned, as the result of such investigation, deemed necessary, have made it the duty of the undersigned, as Trustee, to take such steps as may be necessary to protect the interests of the holders of said bonds.

The undersigned, as Trustee, has therefore entered into a Protective Agreement with the holders of a large amount of said bonds, and has been requested by the holders of a majority of said bonds to take charge of the protection of the interests of all holders of said bonds, and has become entitled to a protective agreement which has been filed with THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, the depositary named therein.

It is the judgment of the Committee representing the interests of the bondholders that the interests of the bondholders require concerted and immediate action for their protection, and holders of bonds are therefore invited to promptly deposit their bonds with the depositary.

All bonds must be deposited on blank forms and must bear the coupon matured October 1, 1913, and all subsequent coupons. Transferable certificates of deposit will be issued by said depositary for the bonds and coupons deposited.

The Committee has arranged with THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, upon terms approved by the Committee, to advance at its office in Wall Street, New York, to any depositing bondholder so requesting, the amount of the October 1, 1913, coupon upon the security of the bonds and coupons deposited by such holder.

Copies of the Protective Agreement may be obtained upon application to the depositary or from the Secretary of the Committee.

Dated New York, November 11, 1913.

ALVIN W. KRECH, (New York,) Chairman;
PAUL STAHL, (Lee, Belgium,)
W. R. WHIGHAM, (London.)
W. G. AUSTENFELD, Jr., (Philadelphia,)
R. E. DeRIGAUD, (Boston,)
R. WALTER LEIGH, (New York,)
Committee.
WILLIAM GRIENOUGH, Secretary,
55 Wall Street, New York.
L. C. KRAUTHOFF,
WINSLOW S. PIERCE, Counsel.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY 40-YEAR GUARANTEED 3½ PER CENT. GOLD TRUST CERTIFICATES, SERIES "D," DUE 1944.

Pursuant to the terms of an agreement dated December 1st, 1904, the undersigned invites tenders of the above certificates for sale, dated October 1, 1913, and for the delivery as of December 1st, 1913, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $100,000, the sum now payable to the Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders stating specific numbers of certificates offered should be addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund Pennsylvania Company 40-year Guaranteed Gold Trust Certificates, Series "D," and will be received until 12 M. November 20, 1913. Accepted certificates must be delivered on December 1st, or security furnished that day, if required that delivery will be made within ten days.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee,
C. J. RHOADS, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., November 15, 1913.

MALICE IN RUMORS OF BANK FAILURES

Credit of Wall Street Houses Covertly Attacked In Anonymous 'Phone Inquiries.

EXCHANGE TO INVESTIGATE

President Mabon Calls False Reports Criminal and Seeks to Prosecute Their Originators.

What appear to have been malicious efforts to create distrust throughout the financial district on the heels of the failure of E. H. Hollins & Co. assumed such proportions yesterday that the New York Stock Exchange was forced to take cognizance of them. President Mabon said last night that if evidence pointing to the men or men behind the rumors of impending bankruptcy could be obtained the Exchange authorities would at once take the matter up with the District Attorney.

Most of the stories of the last three days have centred around the names of three large firms. Inquiry of men at the head of these houses brought instant denials, with evidence to disprove the reports.

Some one familiar with the success which attended the telephone warnings issued by David Lamar has called up several newspaper offices in the last few days to ask if the failure of certain houses has become known. So quickly do rumors affecting a firm's solvency become general knowledge that them reports permeated the entire district before noon on the day they were started, and they soon became very annoying to the houses mentioned.

Shortly before 11 o'clock yesterday a small crowd of reporters and others gathered in the corridor of the building in which they had been directed to assemble, near the elevator entrance to the floor of the Stock Exchange, to hear an announcement if one should be made by the Chairman. When he learned how widespread these rumors had become President Mabon took steps to quash them. "I am going to find out who is behind this," he said, "and the originator of these reports will be prosecuted if we can get at him." Mr. Mabon said last night that the attention has been directed to the alleged activities of some person or persons who are trying to create a panic and undermine confidence, and seeking to bring about the failure of certain banking and brokerage houses. "We have communicated with the District Attorney, and I am going to find out who is behind this, and the originator of these reports will be prosecuted if we can get at him." Mr. Mabon said last night that the attention has been directed to the alleged activities of some person or persons who are trying to create a panic and undermine confidence, and seeking to bring about the failure of certain banking and brokerage houses. "We have communicated with the District Attorney, and I am going to find out who is behind this, and the originator of these reports will be prosecuted if we can get at him."

MORE BANK RESOURCES.

Gain of $424,705,818 — Deposits Rise $290,350,355—Reserves Less.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—National banks gained in resources $424,705,818 during the past three months and in deposits $290,350,355. Their total resources are now $11,301,553,162.20, half of which is in loans and discounts, over a billion in bonds and securities, and over $710,000,000 in specie.

This is according to a statement issued by the Controller of the Currency to-day, based on reports of 7,500 national banks showing their condition on Oct. 21.

The total reserve held by all the national banks on that date was $1,475,487,722, an average of 29.04 per cent., or $52,045,357 above the reserve the banks were required to hold. Treasury officials regard this as a gratifying showing for the entire country.

The reserve held by the central reserve cities was $839,783,898, a deficiency of $4,500,882. On Aug. 9 last the same cities held a reserve of $811,454,004, which was $6,620,184 in excess of the legal requirement. The reserve of these cities in October was a fraction better than a year ago, when it was $871,145,255 or $9,981,420 below the legal requirement.

The situation was the same with respect to the amount of reserve held by the national banks in other reserve cities, which held on Oct. 21 $478,414,747, compared with $478,447,800 on Aug. 9 last, and $477,756,700 on Nov. 26, 1912. In these cities the October reserve showed a deficiency of $676,852, as compared with a surplus of $5,035,594 on Aug. 9, and a deficiency of $10,003,833 on Nov. 26, 1912.

The reserves of country banks on Oct. 21 were larger than on Aug. 9 and also a year ago, and were $56,921,341 in excess of the legal requirement, being $114,310,077. In August the country banks had a reserve of $568,035,917 a legal excess of $44,220,534. A year ago their reserve was $550,997,180 in excess.

New York City banks report decreases since Aug. 9 of $30,372,715 in their loans and discounts, $31,050,737 in cash, and an increase of $70,102,171 in individual deposits, compared with a year ago their loans increased $36,010,000, their cash $13,057,822, but their deposits decreased $27,280,139.

The other reserve city banks in the Eastern States report gains over August, amounting to $14,864,100 in loans, $6,600,000 in cash, and $37,800,160 for deposits.

The country banks in the Eastern States report gains over August, amounting to $14,864,100 in loans, $6,600,000 in cash, and $37,800,160 for deposits.

TO SETTLE FLOOD CLAIMS.

Austin Company Will Pay Portion of Damages by Dam Bursting.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Nov. 19.—It is announced to-day that the Darlene Pulp and Asbestos Company, of this city and Austin, Pa., will settle the claims for damages resulting from the bursting of the Austin dam, which caused the flood that drowned 78 persons and did property damage estimated at more than $500,000. The company proposes to prepare a statement showing in ample detail the condition of the company, and will forward a copy to each shareholder as soon as the work is completed.

One explanation given in gossip of the Street of the Texas decline of 34 points in Canada Realization, shared in to-day, was that a former officer of the company had disposed of his holdings.

FOR INSURANCE OF WORKERS

Gov. Glynn Optimistic After Talk on Proposed Compensation Act.

ALBANY, Nov. 19. A conference held to-day over the proposed Workmen's Compensation Act made Gov. Glynn optimistic about getting such legislation through the Legislature this year. Conflicting interests spoiled Gov. Sulzer's plans for this act last year. The chief differences arose between labor interests and casualty companies. Gov. Glynn is seeking to have the two sides accept his views.

The Governor would provide for casualty insurances in case plans favored by the labor interests fail. The bill will provide for insurance through a State fund, mutual companies and casualty companies and through self-insurance by the corporation concerned. A State Board of Industrial Insurance would approve all negligence damage awards. A tentative bill along this line will be drawn up to-morrow for approval.

Those who conferred with the Governor to-day were Peter J. Brady, Allied Printers' Trade Council; John F. Ogden, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen; Thomas F. Ryan, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen; Thomas G. Fitzgerald, Federation of Labor; William Fitzgerald, Amalgamated Association Street Railway Employes; John Fitzgibbons, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, and John T. McDonough, counsel for organized workmen of the State.

ASKS FAIR PLAY FOR THE NEW HAVEN

Chairman Elliott Questions Justice and Wisdom of Government's Rate Policy.

BURDEN PILED ON BURDEN

Tells New Haven Commerce Board of His Road's Urgent Need of Public's Co-operation.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 19.—An appeal for the co-operation of the public with the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad in the trying period of its history through which it is passing was made by Chairman Howard Elliott of that road in an address to the local Chamber of Commerce here this evening.

Recalling a recent remark by President Worthington of the Chicago & Alton that "kinds words of sympathy are not out of place at a funeral, but sympathy is a poor substitute for nourishment, and what the railroads need now is nourishment in the shape of increased rates," Mr. Elliott said:

"None of us want to attend any funerals, but the railroad is not well and the people are doctors that must help to cure him.

"In dealing with railroad regulation and rate limitations much weight is given to the fact that gross earnings of the railroads show increases, leaving one to infer that such increase in gross means financial success. This is not necessarily true. Not only has revenue per unit of service decreased in recent years, but expenses have even increased.

"The railroad is a distributing agent as well as a collecting one. It collects from the people money for transporting them and their goods. It distributes most of this money in the form of wages taxes, and in payments for materials and supplies. But year after year the difference between its collections and distributions has been saved to make improvements and to attract new money. The railroads must be allowed to earn enough to maintain the credit of their properties, to make improvements and to pay interest on the money invested in the business. Some economies can be made in the operation of railroads, but the railroads are now practicing the most rigid economy consistent with safety and efficiency. Some economies can be made in the operation of railroads, but the railroads are now practicing the most rigid economy consistent with safety and efficiency.

"Railroad regulation may be necessary to prevent unjust discrimination and to secure adequate facilities, and competition is the best regulator of railroad charges, but railroad regulation should be based on the principle that the railroads are agents of the people, and co-operation between railroads and public authorities is necessary to secure the best results. Railroad regulation should be based on the principle that the railroads are agents of the people, and co-operation between railroads and public authorities is necessary to secure the best results.

"Railroad regulation should be considered from the standpoint of the service to be rendered to the public, and should at the same time permit a good return on the money invested in the business. Railroad regulation should be considered from the standpoint of the service to be rendered to the public, and should at the same time permit a good return on the money invested in the business.

"The railroads are willing to be regulated, but they want to be regulated by a reasonable law, administered by a commission which will consider the railroads' problems as well as the people's problems. The railroads are willing to be regulated, but they want to be regulated by a reasonable law, administered by a commission which will consider the railroads' problems as well as the people's problems.

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Obligations to be Met by Corporations Before the End of 1916.

Almost Half of the Total Is Due Before the End of 1914.

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Of the maturities for the three years, those of the railroads are the largest in amount, and those of the industrials and public service corporations are commercial or operating obligations. The bonds of the railroads are largely those issued for the purpose of providing for the cost of additions and betterments to the property, and the bonds of the industrials and public service corporations are largely those issued for the purpose of providing for the cost of additions and betterments to the property.

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FINANCIAL NOTES.

R. F. Hamilton & Co. announce the election of officers at the first meeting of the directors of the Adams Express Building Co., now a subsidiary company of the Adams Express Co., which owns the new structure recently completed at Broadway and Fifty-second Street. The officers are: President, Edward Hamilton; vice-president, Frederick Hamilton; secretary and treasurer, Robert Hamilton.

As soon as the last day for depositing the Louis & Nashville refunding 4s of 2003 and bonds will be accepted only under such penalty as we may fix. Dated November 20, 1913. After to-day bonds will be accepted only under such penalty as we may fix.

Speyer & Co. SPEYER & CO.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 19, 1913.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Nov. 19, 1913	109,635
Same day last year	305,823
Total year to date	75,328,316
Same period last year	116,366,368
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	66.69 —.16
Same day last year	81.81 —.09

	High.		Low.	
Range year to date	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10
Same period last year	85.83	Sep. 30	76.24	Feb. 1

	—Call Money.— High.	Low.	Ren'al.	—Sterling Exchange.— High.	Low.	Close.
Nov. 19, 1913	3	2½	2¾	$4.8560	$4.8550	$4.8555
Same day last year	6	5¼	5¾	4.8485	4.8470	4.8485
Range year to date	10	1	...	4.8790	4.8480	.....
Same period last yr.	9	1½	...	4.8785	4.8470	.....

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
20	25	1,300	Alaska Gold Mines	20½	20½	20	20	—½
8	8½	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	8½	8½	8¼	8¼	—¼
70½	70¾	6,600	Amalgamated Cop	70¾	70¾	70	70	—¾
24	25	200	Am. Beet Sugar	24½	24½	24½	24½	
25¾	25¾	3,200	Am. Can	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾	
90½	91	200	Am. Can pf	90½	90½	90½	90½	
43¼	45	200	Am. Car & Fdry	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼	+ ¼
37½	37½	100	Am. Cities	38	38	38	38	
88	88	100	Am. Cotton Oil	88	88	88	88	
4½	4¾	300	Am. Hide & Leath	4½	4½	4	4½	+ ¼
80	80	100	Am. Locomotive	29½	29½	29½	29½	+ ½
63¾	63	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	62¾	63	62¾	62¾	+ ½
96½	96¾	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	
165	165	100	Am. Snuff	164½	164½	164	164	—1
108	109	100	Am. Snuff pf. new	109	109	109	109	
118½	119	1,400	Am. Teleph. & Tel	119	119	118¾	118¾	—¼
231½	235	100	Am. Tobacco	232½	232½	232½	232½	+1½
99½	100	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	100	100	100	100	
24½	25	100	Anaconda Min. Co	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	—¼
41	42½	100	Assets Realization	42	42	42	42	
97	98	100	Atch. Top. & S. F	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	—¼
116	117	300	Atlantic Coast Line	117	117	116¾	116¾	—¼
39	40	100	Baldwin Loco	39	39	39	39	
92½	93	200	Baltimore & Ohio	92½	92½	92½	92½	
29	30	100	Bethlehem Steel	29½	29½	29½	29½	
86½	86¾	100	Brook. Rapid Tran	86¾	86¾	86¾	86¾	—¼
128	130	100	Brook. Union Gas	128	128	128	128	
10	10	100	California Pet. pf	10	10	10	10	
224½	224¾	1,700	Canadian Pacific	224¾	224¾	223¾	224¾	—¼
24	24½	1,300	Central Leather Co	24½	24½	24	24	—¼
117	118	100	Chicago & Alton pf	117	117	117	117	
117½	118	200	Chicago Gt. Wester	117½	117½	117½	117½	
100	100	100	Chic. & North. pf	100	100	100	100	
18½	19	100	Chino Copper	18½	18½	18½	18½	
117	117	400	Col. Fuel & Iron	117	117	116½	116½	—½
127	128½	600	Consolidated Gas	127½	127½	127	127	—½
104	104½	100	Corn Products Ref	104	104½	104	104½	
16½	16¾	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	16½	16½	16½	16½	
134	135	100	Del. & Hudson	134½	134½	134½	134½	
105	105½	1,000	Distillers' Securities	105	105½	104½	104½	—½
1,400		200	Erie	39½	39½	39½	39½	
1,400		200	Erie 1st pf	50	50	50	50	
140	141	200	General Electric	140½	140½	140½	140½	
17½	17¾	100	General Motors	17½	17½	17½	17½	
107	107½	100	General Motors pf	107	107	107	107	
1,400		200	Goodrich (B F) Co	50	50	50	50	
1,400		100	Great Northern pf	127½	127½	127½	127½	
1,400		100	Gt. N. ore ctfs prop	51½	51½	51½	51½	
1,400		100	Guggenheim Explor	58½	58½	58½	58½	
1,400		100	Illinois Central	117½	117½	117½	117½	
1,400		100	Interborough-Met	14½	14½	14½	14½	
1,400		100	Interborough-Met pf	39	39	39	39	
1,400		100	Int. Harvester Co	120	120	120	120	
1,400		100	Int. Harvester pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	
1,400		100	Int. Paper	19½	19½	19½	19½	
1,400		100	Int. Paper pf	80	80	80	80	
1,400		100	Int. Pump	43	43	43	43	
1,400		100	Int. Pump pf	106	106	106	106	
1,400		100	Iowa Central	13	13	13	13	
1,400		100	Iowa Central pf	43	43	43	43	
1,400		100	Kansas City Sou	24	24	24	24	
1,400		100	Kansas City Sou pf	50	50	50	50	
1,400		100	Kennecott Copper	39½	39½	39½	39½	
1,400		100	Lackawanna Steel	39½	39½	39½	39½	
1,400		100	Lake Erie & West	19	19	19	19	
1,400		100	Lake Erie & West pf	37	37	37	37	
1,400		100	Lehigh Valley	147½	147½	147½	147½	
1,400		100	Louisville & Nash	147½	147½	147½	147½	
1,400		100	Manhattan Elevated	147½	147½	147½	147½	
1,400		100	Maryland Coal pf	41	41	41	41	
1,400		100	Mexican Petroleum	97½	97½	97½	97½	
1,400		100	Minneapolis & St L	29	29	29	29	
1,400		100	Minn. St. P. & S. S. M	138½	138½	138½	138½	
1,400		100	Missouri Pacific	39½	39½	39½	39½	
1,400		100	Nat. Biscuit	119½	119½	119½	119½	
1,400		100	Nat. Biscuit pf	119½	119½	119½	119½	
1,400		100	Nat. Enam. & Stmp	49½	49½	49½	49½	
1,400		100	Nat. Lead	48½	48½	48½	48½	
1,400		100	Nat. Lead pf	119½	119½	119½	119½	
1,400		100	New York Central	106½	106½	106½	106½	
1,400		100	N. Y. Chic. & St. L	29	29	29	29	
1,400		100	N. Y. N. H. & H	79	79½	78½	78½	—½
1,400		100	N. Y. Ont. & West	32½	32½	32½	32½	
1,400		100	Norfolk & Western	106½	106½	106½	106½	
1,400		100	Northern Pacific	109½	109½	109½	109½	
1,400		100	Pacific Mail	29½	29½	29½	29½	
1,400		100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	30	30	30	30	
1,400		100	Pacific Tel. & Tel pf	82	82	82	82	
1,400		100	Penn. Coal & Coke	3,140	3,140	3,140	3,140	
1,400		100	Pennsylvania	109½	109½	109½	109½	
1,400		100	People's Gas	119	119	119	119	
1,400		100	Pittsburgh Coal pf	94	94	94	94	
1,400		100	Pittsburgh Steel pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	
1,400		100	Pressed Steel Car	44½	44½	44½	44½	
1,400		100	Pressed Steel Car pf	97	97	97	97	
1,400		100	Pullman Co	183	183	183	183	
1,400		100	Ray Con. Copper	17½	17½	17½	17½	
1,400		100	Reading	165½	165½	165½	165½	
1,400		100	Republic I. & S.	39½	39½	39½	39½	
1,400		100	Republic I. & S. pf	105	105½	105	105½	
1,400		100	Rock Island Co	19½	19½	19½	19½	
1,400		100	Rock Island Co pf	39	39	39	39	
1,400		100	Sloss-Sheffield	57½	57½	57½	57½	
1,400		100	Southern Pacific	97½	97½	97½	97½	
1,400		100	Southern Railway	24½	24½	24½	24½	
1,400		100	Southern Railway pf	70	70	70	70	
1,400		100	Tennessee Copper	39½	39½	39½	39½	
1,400		100	Texas & Pacific	24½	24½	24½	24½	
1,400		100	Third Avenue	39½	39½	39½	39½	
1,400		100	Twin City Rapid Tr	106½	106½	106½	106½	
1,400		100	Union Pacific	151½	151½	149½	150½	
1,400		100	Union Pacific pf	87½	87½	87½	87½	
1,400		100	United Fruit Co	130	130	130	130	
1,400		100	United Rys. Invest	14½	14½	14½	14½	
1,400		100	United Rys. Invest pf	46½	46½	46½	46½	
1,400		100	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	19½	19½	19½	19½	
1,400		100	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe pf	70	70	70	70	
1,400		100	U. S. Rubber	53½	53½	53½	53½	
1,400		100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	106½	106½	106½	106½	
1,400		100	U. S. Steel	86½	86½	85½	85½	
1,400		100	U. S. Steel pf	119½	119½	119½	119½	
1,400		100	Utah Copper	48½	48½	48½	48½	
18,650			MINING STOCKS.					
500		500	Adventure	10	10	10	10	
200		200	Goldfield Con.	1.42½	1.42	1.42½	1.45	
500		500	Jim Butler	17½	17½	17½	18	
500		500	Jumbo Ext	00	00	00	00	
500		500	North Star	48	48	48½	48½	
500		500	Ophir	10	10	10	10	
500		500	Oro	.08½	.08½	.08½	.08½	
200		200	Rescue Eula	10	10	10	10	
200		200	Tonopah Ext.	1.55	1.55	1.55	1.55	

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds.

Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, 1930	99	Fan 2s, r	96½	100
2s, 1936	99	Fan 2s, s	99	100
2s, 1938	99	Fan 2s, t	99	100
2s, 1939	99	Fan 2s, u	99	100
2s, 1940	99	Fan 2s, v	99	100
2s, 1941	99	Fan 2s, w	99	100
2s, 1942	99	Fan 2s, x	99	100
2s, 1943	99	Fan 2s, y	99	100
2s, 1944	99	Fan 2s, z	99	100
2s, 1945	99	Fan 2s, aa	99	100
2s, 1946	99	Fan 2s, ab	99	100
2s, 1947	99	Fan 2s, ac	99	100
2s, 1948	99	Fan 2s, ad	99	100
2s, 1949	99	Fan 2s, ae	99	100
2s, 1950	99	Fan 2s, af	99	100
2s, 1951	99	Fan 2s, ag	99	100
2s, 1952	99	Fan 2s, ah	99	100
2s, 1953	99	Fan 2s, ai	99	100
2s, 1954	99	Fan 2s, aj	99	100
2s, 1955	99	Fan 2s, ak	99	100
2s, 1956	99	Fan 2s, al	99	100
2s, 1957	99	Fan 2s, am	99	100
2s, 1958	99	Fan 2s, an	99	100
2s, 1959	99	Fan 2s, ao	99	100
2s, 1960	99	Fan 2s, ap	99	100
2s, 1961	99	Fan 2s, aq	99	100
2s, 1962	99	Fan 2s, ar	99	100
2s, 1963	99	Fan 2s, as	99	100
2s, 1964	99	Fan 2s, at	99	100
2s, 1965	99	Fan 2s, au	99	100
2s, 1966	99	Fan 2s, av	99	100
2s, 1967	99	Fan 2s, aw	99	100
2s, 1968	99	Fan 2s, ax	99	100
2s, 1969	99	Fan 2s, ay	99	100
2s, 1970	99	Fan 2s, az	99	100
2s, 1971	99	Fan 2s, ba	99	100
2s, 1972	99	Fan 2s, bb	99	100
2s, 1973	99	Fan 2s, bc	99	100
2s, 1974	99	Fan 2s, bd	99	100
2s, 1975	99	Fan 2s, be	99	100
2s, 1976	99	Fan 2s, bf	99	100
2s, 1977	99	Fan 2s, bg	99	100
2s, 1978	99	Fan 2s, bh	99	100
2s, 1979	99	Fan 2s, bi	99	100
2s, 1980	99	Fan 2s, bj	99	100
2s, 1981	99	Fan 2s, bk	99	100
2s, 1982	99	Fan 2s, bl	99	100
2s, 1983	99	Fan 2s, bm	99	100
2s, 1984	99	Fan 2s, bn	99	100
2s, 1985	99	Fan 2s, bo	99	100
2s, 1986	99	Fan 2s, bp	99	100
2s, 1987	99	Fan 2s, bq	99	100
2s, 1988	99	Fan 2s, br	99	100
2s, 1989	99	Fan 2s, bs	99	100
2s, 1990	99	Fan 2s, bt	99	100
2s, 1991	99	Fan 2s, bu	99	100
2s, 1992	99	Fan 2s, bv	99	100
2s, 1993	99	Fan 2s, bw	99	100
2s, 1994	99	Fan 2s, bx	99	100
2s, 1995	99	Fan 2s, by	99	100
2s, 1996	99	Fan 2s, bz	99	100
2s, 1997	99	Fan 2s, ca	99	100
2s, 1998	99	Fan 2s, cb	99	100
2s, 1999	99	Fan 2s, cc	99	100
2s, 2000	99	Fan 2s, cd	99	100
2s, 2001	99	Fan 2s, ce	99	100
2s, 2002	99	Fan 2s, cf	99	100
2s, 2003	99	Fan 2s, cg	99	100
2s, 2004	99	Fan 2s, ch	99	100
2s, 2005	99	Fan 2s, ci	99	100
2s, 2006	99	Fan 2s, cj	99	100
2s, 2007	99	Fan 2s, ck	99	100
2s, 2008	99	Fan 2s, cl	99	100
2s, 2009	99	Fan 2s, cm	99	100
2s, 2010	99	Fan 2s, cn	99	100
2s, 2011	99	Fan 2s, co	99	100
2s, 2012	99	Fan 2s, cp	99	100
2s, 2013	99	Fan 2s, cq	99	100
2s, 2014	99	Fan 2s, cr	99	100
2s, 2015	99	Fan 2s, cs	99	100
2s, 2016	99	Fan 2s, ct	99	100
2s, 2017	99	Fan 2s, cu	99	100
2s, 2018	99	Fan 2s, cv	99	100
2s, 2019	99	Fan

EXPORTERS NEED MERCHANT MARINE

Charles H. Sherrill Points Out the Probable Result of an Anglo-German War.

REBATES ALSO HURT THEM

Foreign Shipowners Put Rates All In Favor of Competitors—Branch Banks Needed.

With approximately 82 per cent. of the American merchandise annually sent to other countries now going to them in ships flying the German and English flags, what would our exporters do in the event of a war between those countries? This question was put up to the members of the American Manufacturers' Export Association yesterday by Charles H. Sherrill, former United States Minister to Argentina, at the first of the monthly luncheons to be given this Fall and Winter by the Association.

Mr. Sherrill then answered his question by saying that the possibility of such a war and its resultant financial loss to American exporters could efficiently be guarded against only by the establishment and maintenance of an American merchant marine large enough to handle the bulk of the domestic merchandise consigned to other countries. At present, he asserted, only about 8 per cent. of this merchandise was carried in American bottoms. While Mr. Sherrill did not say that he thought war between Germany and England was imminent, he said that sixteen months abroad had shown him that the press of the two countries talked a great deal of the possibility of it, and that the politicians gave war talk little chance to rest. He then pointed out in detail how the American export trade would be handicapped by such a war, saying that unless an American merchant marine were prodvided while peace prevailed there was a strong possibility that merchandise would pile up on the piers of the American shipping ports and result in a serious commercial panic.

"About the easiest way American business interests can acquire $600,000,000 a year," he continued, "is by getting back into their hands the carrying of merchandise entering the export trade of the country. The earnest support of the members of this association and other manufacturers catering to export trade is required to bring about this much-needed merchant marine.

"In two years, while I was in Argentina, one new vessel came into the port of Buenos Aires under the American flag. Where once our merchant marine service was great enough to command the respect of the world, it has now declined to a point where it is practically the laughing stock of the other nations.

"Even without a possibility of war between Germany and England there is a great need of American merchant ships. At this very moment, as they have for years, the foreign combines and steamers are tricking American importers through a system of rebates so extensively practiced that it makes the former efforts of our railroads along this line look trivial. The idea of the owners of both German and English vessels is to stimulate the business of their countries by offering to the American exporter rates on merchandise bought abroad, and thus shipped to his foreign markets, that are a great deal lower than they will give him on merchandise produced in the United States and then shipped from American ports. The rebating practices of the foreign shipping syndicates must be checked if our exporters are to compete on even terms with exporters in other countries. The solution of the problem is again the establishment and maintenance of an efficient merchant marine flying the American flag."

Mr. Sherrill also referred to the American manufacturers' need of seeking additional foreign markets for their products to meet the increased competition they will get here from foreign producers under the new tariff. He also referred to the Currency bill, saying that he hoped it would pass if only for the purpose of getting a law which provided for the establishment of branches of American banks in foreign countries. The establishment of such branches, he said, was practically as essential to the future development of our export trade as the establishment of the much-needed merchant marine service. He said that the foreign banking interests, many of which were interested in concerns competing with American producers, were not overfriendly to our exporters, and he cited instances where business had been lost for the American trade through the lack of adequate and disinterested banking facilities.

Dr. M. de Moreira, who some time ago succeeded Secretary of Commerce Redfield as President of the association, but who has since been succeeded by C. E. Jennings of this city, also spoke. Dr. de Moreira recently returned from an extended trip to Brazil, and while there was greatly impressed by the increased cordiality of relations between that country and this since the visit here of Dr. Lauro Müller, the Brazilian Secretary of State, earlier in the year. This cordiality, he said, included both State and business relations.

Dr. de Moreira spoke also of his attempts to found an American Chamber of Commerce in Brazil, with headquarters in Rio de Janeiro. This idea was suggested, he said, by the great amount of commercial complaint, and inquiry that was handled by the American Consul General in that city, much of which were too trivial ordinarily to be submitted to that source for consideration. The establishment of the proposed chamber would, he thought, lighten considerably the work of the Consulate, and would permit of complaints being made in the name of the organization instead of the firm involved. In serious cases the necessary work could be done by the chamber in conjunction with the Consul General.

"Dr. Müller was pleased with the possibility of the formation of the proposed chamber," he continued, "and it also met the approval of Consul General Lay and Ambassador Morgan. The by-laws of the proposed chamber should be based on those of the American Chamber of Commerce in Paris, and prominent Brazilian firms doing an export business with this country should be admitted to membership. The project will be quite expensive in the beginning, but the results it would produce would doubtless more than offset the initial cost. The support of the members of this association in the matter is earnestly desired."

Other speakers were C. E. Jennings, President of the association, who briefly reviewed its activities in the last six months, and R. J. Easton, Chairman of the Membership Committee. Mr Easton made an earnest plea for co-operation in increasing the membership and, incidentally, the work of the association. Secretary Douglas read a letter of regret from Secretary of Commerce Redfield, who was unable to be present.

About a hundred representative exporters and guests attended the luncheon. Among those seated at the guest table were Charles H. Sherrill, the Rev. H. C. Stuntz, resident Methodist Episcopal Bishop of South America; E. P. Thomas, E. P. D. Waterman, Ed. Wilte, C. E. Jennings, Franklin Johnston, E. H. Huxley, James A. Farrell, and G. W. Doonan of the local branch of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

Need of Inland Waterways.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 19.—That an inland waterway along the Atlantic Coast would offer a haven for coastwise trade during war with a foreign power was an argument advanced in favor of that project by Capt. W. V. E. Jacobs of the United States Revenue Cutter Service at the sixth annual convention of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association to-day. The construction of such waterways as would make possible the avoidance of dangerous shoals also would be a valuable asset to the nation, he said, in that they would be the means of preserving human lives and property.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—With low pressure prevailing throughout the northern and western portions of the country, temperatures have become abnormally high east of the Rocky Mountains, except in the South Atlantic States, and they are from 15 to 25 degrees above the seasonal average in the Central Valleys, the south upper lake and the lower lake region.

In the South the weather will be fair Thursday and Friday. It will be somewhat colder Thursday in the lake region and the upper Mississippi Valley and on Friday in the Ohio Valley, the Middle Atlantic States, and New England. It will be colder in the Northwest and West Friday and Saturday.

The prevailing winds: North Atlantic, brisk south and southwest; Middle Atlantic, moderate to brisk south and southwest; South Atlantic, moderate, mostly south, except off the Florida Coast; East Gulf, moderate east to southeast.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Local rains Thursday; Friday partly cloudy and somewhat colder, moderate to brisk southwest winds.

Western New York—Local rains and somewhat colder Thursday; Friday partly cloudy, brisk west winds.

New Jersey—Cloudy Thursday, probably local rains at night or Friday; somewhat colder Friday; moderate southwest and west winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Local rains Thursday or Thursday night; Friday partly cloudy and somewhat colder, moderate southwest and west winds.

New England—Local rains Thursday; Friday partly cloudy, probably local rains in Maine, somewhat colder, moderate to brisk south and southwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	34	54	4 P. M.	49	59
6 A. M.	32	54	6 P. M.	49	60
9 A. M.	37	55	9 P. M.	45	60
12 M.	43	60	11 P. M.	44	58

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 56; for the corresponding date last year it was 40; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 45.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 52; at 8 P. M. it was 59. Maximum temperature, 63 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 50 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity, 67 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 67 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.10 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.98 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
12:22—160 Southern Boulevard; Jacob Doll $2,000
1:10—570 W. Broadway; E. Earle and others ..... Unknown
8:50—153 Stanton St.; Samuel Zakwtansky $25
11:20—312 Manhattan Av.; John Newcomb ..... Slight
11:40—243 E. 20th St.; Mrs. McMee.. Trifling
P. M.
12:15—2,213 8th Av.; Henry F. Fission ..... Trifling
12:30—123d St. and Manhattan Av.; Van Buren & Co. ..... Slight
12:40—2,076 5th Av.; Philanthropic Hospital $25
P. M.
12:30—123d St. and Manhattan Av.; Van Buren & Co. ..... Trifling
12:40—2,075 5th Av.; Helen Thorpe Hospital $25
1:10—7 Wall St.; owner unknown. Trifling
3:50—304 W. 147th St.; owner unknown. Trifling
4:20—710 Lexington Av.; Mr. Poland. Trifling
4:50—1,000 Crotona Av.; Mr. Donsen. $100
5:20—1,926 2d Av.; Anna Sterrell. Trifling
6:00—507 E. 120th St.; Mrs. Wenzel. Trifling
7:00—502 West 45th St.; Commercial Decorating $50
8:05—1,009 East 158th St.; Israel Rosenburg ..... Trifling
8:50—203 Bleecker St.; Coda Retcher. Trifling
9:00—72 East 87th St.; S. Newman.. Trifling

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission held its first meeting on the fourteenth floor of the Municipal Building yesterday. The President, Commissioners, Secretaries, other officers and clerks moved in there on Monday with the exception of the employes in the Application Bureau, the Examiners, the record room men and those in the Sample Question Office. All of these will remain at 299 Broadway for a few days longer.

The commission yesterday amended the classification of positions in the Non-Competitive Class by including therein the following places in the Board of Inebriety at the asylum named, with maintenance: Farmer and caretaker, $720 a year; helper, $480 a year; helper, $2 a day.

The commission has approved the following:

Notification from the Board of Water Supply of the reassignment to duty of Frank J. Martin, Inspection, Southern Aqueduct Division (Pension Office).

Notification from the Board of Water Supply of the appointment of Thomas F. Nolan, Hurley, N. ., as caretaker, at $720.

Notification from the Commissioner of Parks, Brooklyn and Queens, of the reassignment to duty of Georgianna M. Hawkins as attendant in his department.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces a competitive examination at the New York Custom House for skilled laborer, qualified as electrician's helper, for men only, on Dec. 3, to fill a vacancy at $720 a year, here or elsewhere in the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., and vacancies as they may occur in positions requiring similar qualifications. Competitors will be examined in spelling, arithmetic, letter writing, penmanship, copying from plain copy, training and experience. A least one year's experience as an electrician's helper is prerequisite for consideration for appointment. Applicants must have reached their eighteenth but not their twenty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

The Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The following transfers at the request of the officers concerned are ordered:

Capt. L. S. Carson, from First Cavalry to Twelfth Cavalry; Capt. R. E. McNally, from Ninth Cavalry to First Cavalry.

A board to consist of Major C. R. Reynolds and Capts. C. L. Cole and F. E. Wright, Medical Corps, is appointed to meet at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for the examination of officers of the Medical Corps for promotion.

A board to consist of Lieut Col F. P. Reynolds and Capts. W. D. Davis and L. J. Owen, Medical Corps, is appointed to meet at Honolulu, Hawaii, for the examination of officers of the Medical Corps for promotion.

A board to consist of Lieut. Cols. M. W. Ireland and P. F. Straub and Capt. L. L. Smith, Medical Corps, is appointed to meet at Manila, P. I., for the examination of officers of the Medical Corps for promotion.

The following named officers of the Coast Artillery Corps are assigned to the company indicated, effective Dec. 20:

Captains—H. P. Wilbur, to 107th Company; J. McBride, Jr., to Seventy-seventh Company; and G. A. Wieczorek to 102d Company.

First Lieutenants—J. G. Hotz, to Thirty-eighth Company; W. P. Currier, to Forty-fourth Company; E. A. Brown, to Ninety-sixth Company; J. C. Donovan, to Forty-third Company; A. Kimberly, to 165th Company; C. L. Williams, to Fifty-ninth Company; R. E. Vose, to Seventy-second Company; J. W. Lyon, to 153d Company; R. O. Edwards, to 123d Company; J. H. Pirie, to 119th Company; J. N. Reynolds, to 139th Company; L. D. Pepin, to 163d Company; W. C. Knight, to Seventeenth Company; R. E. M. Goodrich, to Fifty-third Company; J. B. Maynard, to Twentieth Company; J. Frank, to 111th Company; W. R. Bell, to Seventy-seventh Company; J. T. Rowe, to Fifty-eighth Company; F. L. Martin, to 150th Company.

The following named officers of the Coast Artillery Corps will proceed to the headquarters of the coast defenses indicated, Dec. 20:

First Lieutenants—P. V. Kieffer, coast defenses of the Delaware; W. S. Wilson, coast defenses of Boston; G. Ruhlen, Jr., coast defenses of Long Island Sound; G. A. Mix, coast defenses of Charleston; M. S. Keene, coast defenses of the Potomac; O. H. Bradley, coast defenses of San Diego.

The following named officers of the Coast Artillery Corps will report to the Coast Artillery School for duty as instructors, Dec. 20:

First Lieuts. G. A. Wildrick and T. F. McNeill.

The following named officers of the Coast Artillery Corps are relieved from duty as instructors at Coast Artillery School, Fort Monroe, Virginia, and assigned to company indicated, Dec. 20:

Capt. H. J. Morse, to Eighth Company; First Lieut. G. L. Gearhart, to 135th Company.

The Navy.

Lieut. D. P. Wickersham, to the Minnesota.

Lieut. L. E. Rogers, detached the Hannibal; to the Florida.

Lieut. C. M. Yates, to command of the F2.

Lieut. F. T. Chew, detached command F2; to duty fitting out K3 and in command when commissioned.

J. N. Bassin, M. R. C., commissioned Assistant Surgeon.

Chief Boatswain S. McCarthy, detached command the Ontario; to the Illinois.

Machinist G. E. Russell, detached Newport News Ship Building and Dry Dock Company; to the West Virginia.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Whipple, Stewart, Paul Jones, Perry, and Truxtun, at San Diego; Vestal, at Pensacola; Brutus, at Lambert Point; Celtic and Wyoming, at Villefranche.

Sailed—Cummings, from Charleston for Key West; Nereus, from Philadelphia for Norfolk.

The South Dakota will proceed to the Navy Yard, Mare Island, from San Diego, Nov. 2.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS.

1. The following-named members of the department will report to Engineer of Steamer Thomas S. Richards at the seventh Regiment Armory, Park Avenue and Sixty-seventh Street, for practice at 10 o'clock A. M., Thursday, Nov. 20, 1913: John T. Foote, Engine 18; T. S. Richards, Engine 227; William Clancy, Engine 76; C. W. Roe, Jr., Engine 13; Ernest A. Dammeyer, Engine 92; S. A. Woolley, Engine 287, (second section); Marion Ferguson, Engine 224; William A. Walsh, Engine 230; F. Ehrensinger, Engine 237; Frank Munn, Engine 244; John J. O'Keefe, Engine 250; Ralph Hornbois, Engine 36; I. W. Chattaway, Engine 271; Joseph Stack, Engine 230; Charles A. Widmer, Jr., Engine 242; William F. Gallagher, Engine 215; Ernest Bernen, Hook and Ladder 11; Alex. J. Muir, Hook and Ladder 22; Ellsworth S. Clemments, Hook and Ladder 30; Jules A. Unrath, Hook and Ladder 40; August M. Forster, Hook and Ladder 108; William H. Breuer, Hook and Ladder 115; Joseph Miller, Hook and Ladder 115; N. J. Bruno, Hook and Ladder 128; Arthur Cole, Hook and Ladder 118; Alexander Ungerer, Hook and Ladder 23, and Charles Brown, Hose 6.

2. Batteryman Stephen P. Burke, Bureau of Fire Alarm Telegraph, Borough of Manhattan, is hereby promoted to the position of telegraph operator therein, with compensation at the rate of $1,200 per annum, to take effect at 8 A. M., Nov. 20, 1913. He will report to the Chief in charge of said bureau for assignment to duty.

3. Special leave of absence, without pay, for five days, from 8 A. M. Nov. 19, 1913, is hereby granted to Probationary Fireman Henry H. Groner, H. & L. Co. 5, prior to his resigning from the department.

4. The resignation of Probationary Fireman Henry H. Groner, H. & L. Co. 5, is hereby accepted, to take effect at 8 A. M. Nov. 24, 1913.

5. Special leave of absence, without pay, for 5 days, from 8 A. M. Nov. 19, 1913, is hereby granted to Fireman (fourth grade) Joseph F. Bradley, Engine Co. 16, prior to his resigning from the department.

6. The resignation of Fireman (fourth grade) Joseph F. Bradley, Engine Co. 16, is hereby accepted, to take effect at 8 A. M. Nov. 24, 1913.

7. The resignation of Fireman (fourth grade)) Patrick J. Neary, Engine 6, is hereby accepted, to take effect at 8 A. M., Nov. 23, 1913.

8. The resignation of Probationary Fireman John Morgan, Engine 6, is hereby accepted, to take effect at 8 A. M., Nov. 20, 1913.

9. The resignation of Probationary Fireman William V. Quigley, Engine 240, is hereby accepted, to take effect at 8 A. M., Nov. 20, 1913.

10. The following member of the department, having been tried this day before the Hon. George W. Olvany, Deputy Fire Commissioner, for violation of Rules and Regulations, 1912, and found guilty, the following fine and penalty is hereby imposed by the Fire Commissioner: Fireman (first grade) Patrick J. Sutton, Hook and Ladder 38, charge, absence without leave; fined three days' pay.

11. Special leaves of absence, without pay, are hereby granted to the following members of the department: Fireman (first grade) Richard Baade, Engine 231, for twelve hours from 8 P. M., Nov. 20, 1913; Lieut. Michael Dorey, Engine 59, for eighty-four hours from 8 A. M., Nov. 22, 1913; Fireman (fourth grade) Rudolph Brown, Engine 229, for twelve hours from 8 A. M., Nov. 20, 1913.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS.

Transfers and Assignments—Transfers, (Mutual)—Patrolmen John R. Walsh, from 14th Precinct to 23d Precinct; John P. Soden, from 22d Precinct to 14th Precinct. Detective Bureau, from 32th Precinct to 88th Precinct, Lieut. George Schoenleber, Acting Detective Sergeants, (first grade) John Inc, Detective Sergeants, (second grade,) John G. Klein, George D. Harnitz, Henry C. Dukenshire, Patrick H. Glery, John Mangin, Daniel J. Curtayne. Assignments, (Temporary)—To Detective Division, detailed to District Attorney's office, New York County: Patrolmen Cornelius W. Williams, 21st Precinct, for 5 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 19, 1913; Patrolmen: Marshall Truitt, 1st precinct; Halo Cassett, 19th Precinct, and Hughes, 16th Precinct, for 5 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 18, 1913; Joseph Diiillo, 14th Precinct, for 5 days, from 4 P. M., Nov. 19, 1913; Michael B. Fleming, 43d Precinct, for 5 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 18, 1913; Timothy Sullivan, 149th Precinct, to Detective Division, detailed to District Attorney's office, Kings County, for 3 days, from 9 A. M., Nov. 19, 1913.

Leaves of absence, with full pay: Capts. Arthur A. Carey, 143d Precinct, for 1 day, from 12:01 P. M. Nov. 27, to be deducted from vacation; John Wiegand, 148th Precinct, for 4 days, from 12:01 A. M. Nov. 25, to be deducted from vacation. Without pay: Patrolmen Fred Meyer, 5th Precinct, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M. Nov. 19; Edward J. Leahy, 30th Precinct, for 2 days, from 4 P. M. Nov. 18; John Boylan, 14th Precinct, for 2 days, from 10 P. M. Nov. 26; Frank L. Burke, 31st Precinct, for 1 day, from 10 P. M. Nov. 21; William Stinnott, 31st Precinct, for 3 days, from 4 P. M. Nov. 26; Morgan J. Callahan, 42d Precinct, for 2 days, from 8 A. M. Nov. 10; Robert A. Regnam, 144th Precinct, for 1 day, from 10 P. M. Nov. 26; Louis H. Heldt, 164th Precinct, for 1 day, from 12 P. M. Nov. 18; Albert V. Hill, 166th Precinct, for 1 day, from 4 P. M. Nov. 19; John Reis, 166th Precinct, for 1 day, from 12 P. M. Nov. 19; Louis Metzger, 166th Precinct, for 1 day, from 10 P. M. Nov. 19; Bernard F. Cassidy, 174th Precinct, for 2 days, from 12 P. M. Nov. 27; Charles L. Finch, 274th Precinct, for 1 day, from 10 P. M. Nov. 19.

Relieved from suspension and restored to duty: Patrolman Frederick C. Grobler, 31st Precinct, to take effect 12:18 P. M. Nov. 18.

Suspended from duty without pay: Patrolman Frederick C. Grobler, 31st Precinct, to take effect 12:21 P. M. Nov. 18.

Amendment: So much of Paragraph 6, S. O. 258, c. s.: John F. McCarthy instead of James F. McCarthy, and Paragraph 7: James M. Cusack instead of John M. Cusack.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

FITZSIMMONS, FELIX, (died Jan. 27, 1912;) net estate, $7,821.14; bank accounts, $8,806.85; left $100 each to the St. Vincent de Paul Society, the St. Francis Hospital, the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin, the Mission of the Holy Name, and St. Anthony's School.

FRIESNER, ISIAH, (died July 10, 1912;) net estate, $71,298.37; bank accounts, $8,042.35; personal effects, $100; interest in copartnership business and good will of J. Muslmer & Co., 88-90 Gold Street, $68,732.87.

KEANE, LAWRENCE G., (died April 22, 1912;) net estate, $19,048.71; equity of $9,000 in 346 East Eighty-seventh Street; bank accounts, $3,011.67; stocks, $2,400; bonds, $1,030; 13 shares Central Consumers' Wine and Liquor Company; 10 shares Central Brewing Company of New York; 2 shares Huron Cigar Company; 4 bonds Central Consumers' Wine and Liquor Company; one-half copartnership interest in saloon at 1,510 Third Avenue, $1,317.52; one-half copartnership interest in saloon at 1,724 Third Avenue, $2,021.17.

McCREERY, HUGH, (died July 23, 1912;) net estate, $4,643.90; premises 1,247 Simpson Street, the Bronx, $3,500; equity in 1,229 Simpson Street, the Bronx, $1,500; equity in lot at Intervale Avenue and Freeman Street, the Bronx, $10,000; equity in 1,489 Vyse Avenue, the Bronx, $3,000; equity in 1,491 Vyse Avenue, the Bronx, $13,000; total realty, less mortgages, $31,000; bank accounts, $4,182.84; household furniture, $250; insurance policy, $1,000; claims, &c., $7,040; 50 shares of the Elmhurst Construction Company, $5,000; plumbing business at 224 East Fifty-seventh Street, $250.

WRIGHT, CHARLES F., (died Dec. 27, 1908;) net estate, $232,546.90; stocks, $237,-480.50; 1,630 shares American Telephone and Telegraph Company; 30 shares General Electric Company.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

ADAMS, AMBROSE T., (died Nov. 6;) left $20,000 realty and $4,500 personalty; all wearing apparel, a case of razors, a ring, and $5,000 to son, Edward P. Adams of Dorchester, Mass.; residue in equal shares to daughters, Florence A. Adams, Mildred A. Adams, and the wife E. Thiel.

BAER, CARRIE, (died Sept. 1;) left less than $500 personalty to husband, Leopold Baer.

BRIODY, MARGARET M., (died Nov. 6;) left $10,000 realty and $250 personalty to husband, Michael Briody.

ENNIST, ISABELLA, (died Nov. 4;) left more than $1,000 personalty; $100 to Pine Bush Cemetery, Kingston, N. Y.; $100 to nephew, Harold Wynkoop Smeeton; residue to husband, Floyd Honsaker Ennist.

OSBORN, VICTOR M., (died Sept. 27;) left more than $10,000 personalty in trust for wife, Penelope D. Osborn, during her life; upon her death the principal passes to the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

STIEFFEL, LOUIS, (died Sept. 11;) left about $11,100 personalty to wife, Kate Stieffel.

BRAINS WANTED

This advertisement appeared in The New York Times under the heading "Help Wanted, Female," on Tuesday, Nov. 11:

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Brains enough to answer some letters without dictation; office west side New York; answer in own handwriting; state salary. P 74 Times.

Of the 23 replies received all were from those with "brains." Capable office assistants always obtained by advertising in

The New York Times
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:51|Sun sets..4:39|Moon rises..11:09

THE TIDES.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:01	12:20	5:54	6:50
Governors Island	12:05	12:30	6:25	7:23
Hell Gate	1:55	2:20	8:06	9:03

Arrived—Wednesday, Nov. 19.

SS Rhein, Bremen, Nov. 6.
SS Dalblair, St. Lucia, Nov. 11.
SS Carrillo, Port Limon, Nov. 10.
SS Trent, Colon, Nov. 11.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, Nov. 17.
SS Duneric, Algiers, Oct. 26.
SS Prins Joachim, Colon, Nov. 11.
SS Lennox, Jacksonville, Nov. 17.
SS El Alba, Galveston, Nov. 13.
SS Ogeechee, Mobile, Nov. 11.
SS Pennsylvania, Puerto Mexico, Nov. 12.
SS C. F. Tietgen, Christiansand, Nov. 8.
SS Georgic, Liverpool, Nov. 28.
SS Antares, Chicoutimi, Nov. 13.
SS Wells City, Bristol, Oct. 30.
SS Argenfels, Boston, Nov. 18.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Algonquin	S. Domingo	Nov. 10
Jelling	Cienfuegos	Nov. 10
Westfield	Belfast	Oct. 30
Brinkburn	Penarth	Nov. 1
Thüringen	Rotterdam	Nov. 4
Pennsylvanian	Puerto Mexico	Nov. 12
Copenhagen	Porto	Nov. 5
Fiorfel	Halifax	Nov. 18
El Rio	New Orleans	Nov. 15
Comanche	Jacksonville	Nov. 17
Santa Marta	Santa Marta	Nov. 11

DUE TO-MORROW.

Pennsylvania	Hamburg	Nov. 8
Majestic	Southampton	Nov. 12
Weehawken	Seville	Nov. 6
Maracaibo	La Guayra	Nov. 10
City of Savannah	Savannah	Nov. 18
El Sud	Galveston	Nov. 15
Ancon	Colon	Nov. 14

DUE SATURDAY.

France	Havre	Nov. 16
Adriatic	Liverpool	Nov. 15
Philadelphia	Southampton	Nov. 15
Barbarossa	Naples	Nov. 8
Nicaro	Palermo	Nov. 7
Perugia	Palermo	Nov. 7
Pretorian	Liverpool	Nov. 7
Oranje Nassau	Gonaives	Oct. 18
Colorado	Galveston	Nov. 15
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Nov. 18
Seguranca	Havana	Nov. 18

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Cleveland, Gibraltar	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mexico, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Allemania, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Stellie Olav, Christiansand	——	2:00 P.M.
Cedric, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
Times, Havana	——	1:00 P.M.
Grayson, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Norte, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

St. Louis, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Commewijne, Trinidad	11:30 A.M.	11:00 P.M.
Pres. Grant, Hamburg	——	11:00 A.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Amerika, Hamburg	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pannonia, Naples	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Florizel, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Cosmo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Guantanamo, Tampico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carrillo, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
P. Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Chicago, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
California, Glasgow	——	3:00 P.M.
G. Kurfuerst, Bremen	——	10:00 A.M.
Europa, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Canada, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
Minnetonka, London	——	12:00 M.
Trent, Jamaica	——	1:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Lampasas, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
El Rio, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Belvedere, Havana	——	2:00 P.M.
El Sol, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., NOV. 19.

SS Maidalena, Southampton, via New York, was 708 miles E. at 10:33 A. M.; due 21st, forenoon. White Star Line.

SS Barbarossa, Genoa to New York, was 659 miles E. at noon; due 21st, afternoon. North German Lloyd.

SS Pennsylvania, Hamburg to New York, was 521 miles E at noon; due 21st, forenoon. Hamburg-American Line.

SS Iroquois, London to New York, was 2,265 miles E at 1 P. M.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS El Rio, New Orleans to New York, was 158 miles S. at 5 P. M.

SS Minnesotan, Puerto Mexico to New York, was 326 miles N. E. of Puerto Mexico at 8 P. M.

SS Comal, Mobile to New York, was 30 miles W. of Egmont Key at 7 P. M.

SS El Dia, Galveston to New York, was 321 miles W of Tortugas at 7 P. M.

SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 242 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 208 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS City of Everett and Barge 89, Port Arthur to New York, was 178 miles S. of Diamond Shoals Lightship at 8 A. M.

SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 25 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Boringuen, Brunswick to New York, was 181 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Algonquin, Turks Island to New York, was 187 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, crossed Diamond Shoals at 5:45 P. M.

SS Maracaibo, Mayaguez to New York, was 310 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Ancon, Cristobal to New York, was 466 miles S. at 7 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Baron Tweedmouth, at Pagoumini, Nov. 17.
SS Rotterdam, at Port Said, Nov. 19.
SS Montserrat, at Cadiz, Nov. 18.
SS Savoie, at Havre, Nov. 19.
SS Vasari, at Rio Janeiro, Nov. 17.
SS Buffalo, at Hull, Nov. 18.
SS Louisiane, at Havre, Nov. 16.
SS Le Coq, at Havre, Nov. 19.
SS Virginia, at Pernambuco, Nov. 19.

Sailed.

SS Oceanic, from Southampton, Nov. 19.
SS Verona, from Palermo, Nov. 18.
SS Germania, from Naples, Nov. 17.
SS Campine, from Antwerp, Nov. 18.
SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, from Southampton, Nov. 19.
SS Rhein, from Livernool, Nov. 19.
SS Magdalena, from Southampton, Nov. 19.
SS Byron, from Barbados, Nov. 18.
SS Prinz Eitel Friedrich, from Port Morant.

Passed.

SS Ultonia, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.
SS Birkenfels, New York for Calcutta, passed Perim.
SS Kohistan, New York for Rotterdam, passed Lizard.
SS Calabria, New York for Genoa, passed Sagres.

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 20, SS St. Louis.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 17, SS Kaiser Wilhelm II.; at 5 P. M. Nov. 21, SS Amerika, and at 5 P. M. Nov. 24, SS Grosser Kurfuerst.

France—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 20, SS St. Louis.

Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. Nov. 22, SS Pannonia, and at 11:30 A. M. Nov. 22, SS Belvedere.

Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 18, SS Vaderland.

Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Nov. 22, SS Pannonia.

Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 17, SS Ryndam, and at 5 P. M. Nov. 24, SS Rotterdam.

Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. Nov. 20, SS Hellig Olav.

Norway—Close at 10:30 A. M. Nov. 18, SS Bergensfford, and at 11:30 A. M. Nov. 20, SS Hellig Olav.

Italy—Close at 5 P. M. Nov. 19, SS Cleveland; at 9:30 A. M. Nov. 20, SS Pannonia, and at 11:30 A. M. Nov. 22, SS Belvedere.

Transpacific Mails.

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan ..... Nov. 20
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Mexico Maru ..... Nov. 20
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Ixion ..... Nov. 21
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Niagara ..... Nov. 21
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Manchuria ..... Nov. 22
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Iraba Maru ..... Nov. 27
Japan, Korea, China and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Russia ..... Nov. 28
Hawaii, Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport ..... Nov. 30

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

Lawsuit Settled After 40 Years.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 19.—In sustaining the demurrer to the bill of complaint in the suit of Simeon Jarrell's heirs against J. A. Cole of Peru, Ind., and Clinton Crane of Cincinnati, Judge Keller, in the United States District Court here last night, settled the case, which has been in this court since 1873. The Jarrell heirs sued to gain possession of timber lands in Boone County, West Virginia, alleging the property was obtained from Simeon Jarrell in 1870 through fraud. The property involved, which originally sold for $400, now is valued at $100,000.

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COURT CALENDARS

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF Appeals—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ. Court opens in Room 124, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. 87—Waltham Watch Co v. Keene. 172—Chappell & Co, Ltd, v. Fields. 15—Matter of Cash-Payworth. 81—Thompson v. Automatic Fire Protection Co. 78—United States v. Wiebert. 74—Handel v. United States. 60—In re Savarese. 34—Crown Cork & Seal Co v. Am Cork Spec Co. 35—Same v. Brooklyn Bottle Stopper Co. 36—Same v. Johnson. 173—Same v. Am Cork Spec Co. 174—Same v. Brooklyn Bottle Stopper Co. 40—Companie Generale Transatlantique v. Rivers. 52—Richmond Light & R R Co v. Blau. 65—Uhl v. U S.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Court opens in Room 40, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar. Case on. Blum v. Franklin Ins Co. No day calendar.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Rey, J. Court opens in Room 47, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar. Case on. Darnell v. L I R R. No day calendar.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J. Court opens in Room 66, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Equity calendar. Case on. Board of Education v. Maxson. No day calendar.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J. Court opens in Room 72, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Equity calendar. Case on. Oriental Tissue Co v. L De Jonge & Co. No day calendar.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Court of Appeals day calendar for Thursday: 571—People v. Gaffon. 581—Calhoun v. Commonwealth Trust Company. 184—Rouse v. Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway. 175—Demos v. New York Evening Journal. 190—Coffin v. Barber. 191—Snell v. Snell and another. 193—Garner v. Thomas.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division.—Ingraham, P. J.; Clarke, Scott, Dowling, and Hotchkiss, JJ. Enumerated motions. 248—Kline v. N J & N Y R R Co. 249—Hooper v. Roehm. 262—Kiang v. Presser. 263—Reid v. Jefferson Bank. 264—In re Grand Boulevard and Concourse. 266—Harper v. Cohan. 267—People v. Ventimiglia. 268—Earle v. Kohn. 269—Curtis v. N Y, N H & H R R. 270—Cohen v. Harper. 272—Weiden v. N Y, N H & H R R. 273—Oswald v. Underpinning and Foundation Co. 274—Dill & Collins v. Morison. 276—Blumenfield v. Federal Ins Co. 279—Harding v. Conklin.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Cohalan, J. Litigated motions. 1—Powers v. Universal Film Mfg Co. 2—Parker v. Same. 3—Parker v. Kennedy. 4—Hoffman v. Freyhan. 5—Mechanics Bank & Trust Co v. Met Trust Co. 6—Page v. Page. 7—Matter of Carpenter (Stanton). 8—Matter of Schefer (McLean). 9—Matter of D'Angelo (Cruger Av). 10—Same v. Same. 11—Matter of King. 12—Same v. Same. 13—Same v. Same. 14—Same v. Same. 15—Same v. Same. 16—Peterson v. Wallace. 17—Same v. Same. 18—Same v. Same. 19—Harton v. Same. 20—Same v. Messenger. 21—Same v. Same. 22—Shelford Estates v. Hartens. 23—Rich v. Rosenthal. 24—Matter of Brook Av (Rochester). 25—N Y Art Pub Co v. Fowler. 26—Fowler v. Manufacturers. 27—Peerless Tailoring Co v. same. 27—Coffin v. Nat'l City Bank of N. Y. 28—Weinberg v. Gotesman. 29—Ludwig Baumann & Co v. Zirch. 30—Same v. Same. 31—Same v. Same. 32—City N Y v. Darling. 33—Neuman v. Weisbard. 34—Hoe & Co v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 35—Mitteldeutsche Privat Bank v. Rosenthal. 36—Cash-Wolff v. Jacobs. 37—Shuman v. Shuman. 38—Vergnolle v. Waldo. 39—Matter of Leipzig. 40—City N Y v. Irwin. 41—Tuzzeo v. American Ice Co. 42—Matter of Gallatin. 43—Matter of Pratt. 44—Same v. Same. 45—Shrady v. Appley. 46—Mutt v. Cohen. 47—Disbrow v. Walker. 48—Thompson v. Atkinson. 49—Stursness v. Farrelly. 50—Same v. Same. 51—Hoe & Co v. 52—Same v. Same. 53—O'Brien v. O'Brien. 54—Halvey v. Pendas. 55—Schinatz v. A. Schinal & Bros. 56—Fuglione v. Whitehead. 57—Erb v. Goldstein. 58—Zeh v. Same. 59—Same v. Same. 60—Peters v. Hurlbert. 61—Matter of Allegrezza (Magenta St.). 62—Matter of Buozzo (Madonna St.). 63—Wright v. Wright. 64—Best & Co v. Jacobson Realty Co. 65—Met Sav Bank v. Rinaldo. 66—Tortora v. Cherpen. 67—Starr v. Hartman. 68—Sharkey v. Reisman. 69—Distelhurst v. Brooks. 70—French Evangelical Church v. Friedman. 71—People v. Hawthekian. 72—Matter of Fein. 73—Wisser v. Inter-Lake Tissue Mills Co. 74—Snow v. Goodman. 75—Tetmatich v. Jacobson. 76—Gallagher v. Kaufman. 77—Schaefer v. Mortgage Corp. 78—Schaus & Co v. Fulton Metal Co. 79—Schaefer v. Welch. 79—Voronoff Chart v. Hollander. 79—Schwenkin v. Kramer. Cont 79. 79—Dunn v. Thompson. 79—Ferrara v. Fleusia v. Cappel. 80—Milligan v. Lamberti. 81—Matter of Cotich. 82—Lane v. Charlton Greenside Co. 83—Levinson v. Wrecking Co. 84—Brandt v. Fischer. 85—Fleming v. Fleming. 86—Iowa v. Schirmer. 86—Gallagher v. Shean & Barton. 87—Universal Taxi Cab Co v. City of N Y. 88—Gaynor v. Trust. 89—Bitkin v. Bates. 90—Ulster v. Hartman. 91—Ehrlich v. Shubert Theatrical Co. 92—Feinstein v. Jacobson. 93—Horton v. Gunn. 94—Matter of Goldberger. 95—Grigsby v. Sixty-nine-Nat'l Packing Co. 96—Jones v. Burnell. 100—People ex rel Zegenhein v. Zegenhein. 101—Matter of Lang. 102—Hockenbach v. Mansfield Tire & Rubber Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Seabury, J. Litigated business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Giegerich, J. Motions. Demurrer, 195—Mesquites v. Patch. Preferences, 688—Esquet v. Goebel. 703—Mimmer v. Hayes. General Defendert, 500—Orr v. Causey. Mellenbaum v. Mellenbaum. 1154—Hamilton v. Stumpf v. Stubrad. 1420—Maloney v. Oliver & Barr. 1587—Orzinn v. Unger. 1925—Rabinowitz v. Pomeranz. 2046—Schildberger v. Schlesinger. 2047—Goldberg v. Cohen. 2048—Same v. Same. 2049—Same v. Same. 2050—Same v. Same. 2051—Same v. Same. 2052—Same v. Same. 2053—Same v. Same. 2054—Same v. Same. 2055—Same v. Same. 2056—Same v. Same. 2057—Same v. Same. 2058—Same v. Same. 2059—Same v. Same. 2060—Same v. Same.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Harlem Continues Active, Including Sales of New Apartment Near Central Park—Ice Company Gets Old Church—B. R. T. Buys Ninety Acres on Coney Island—Big Forty-second Street Lease.

Evidences of real estate activity have been very noticeable in Harlem recently and another indication of the realty interest there was shown yesterday in the sale of a new six-story apartment nearing completion at 24 to 30 West 111th Street, being a part of the former vacant Pinkney estate block, which has witnessed rapid improvement since its sale at auction about two years ago. The apartment named has been purchased by John Volz from the Tilmil Realty Company, composed of Williams & Grodzinsky. It covers a plot 100 by 72 feet, and adjoins a similar six-story house at 16 to 22, recently completed and purchased by Mr. Volz from the same sellers last April.

In part payment for his new acquisition Mr. Volz has given two five-story tenements with stores at 1,741 and 1,743 Avenue A, covering a plot 50 by 94 feet, adjoining the southwest corner of Ninety-first Street.

On the Lenox Avenue side of the block, at the northeast corner of 110th Street or Cathedral Parkway, the John A. Sonntag property has just been purchased by the Winston Holding Company, and plans prepared for improving the plot with two six-story apartment houses.

Buyers for Harlem Flats.

The five-story flat at 62 West 133d Street, on a plot 25 by 100 feet, has been resold by J. Anthony Minott for Jeanette G. Wetmore to Louis H. Rose. The seller acquired the property about two weeks ago.

The Herman Arns Company sold for the heirs of the estate of Albert and Fanny Levy the property 2,174 Eighth Avenue, 50 feet north of 117th Street, a five-story brick twelve-room triple flat, with store, on a lot 25 by 100 feet.

Old Chelsea Tenement Sold.

W. E. Good has purchased through William H. Archibald 360 West Twenty-fifth Street, a five-story tenement on lot 25 by 98.9. The property has been owned by the Boyd estate for over fifty years.

Resale on West 89th Street.

An investor has purchased from the John J. Tully Construction Company 306 West Eighty-ninth Street, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100.8 feet, 120 feet west of West End Avenue. The seller secured this property, together with 218 and 220 East Eighteenth Street, about three weeks ago, from John E. Ahrens, in an exchange for a group of flats in the Bedford section of the Bronx.

Buys Greenwich Village Dwelling.

The three-story dwelling at 10 Van Nest Place, (Charles Street,) on plot 20 by 95, has been purchased by H. A. Vieu for occupancy. Mr. Vieu has lived for twenty years in West Tenth Street, which the city acquired for the extension of Seventh Avenue. The Charles Street house was sold by J. Irving Walsh for Addis S. Brown.

Takes Title to Old East Side Church

The Ice Manufacturing Company took title yesterday to the old St. Matthew's Lutheran Church on the northeast corner of Broome and Elizabeth Streets, a plot 101 by 80.3 and irregular. The consideration was $180,000. The church was erected in 1841, the organization being the oldest Lutheran church in this city.

Builder Buys Bronx Corner.

W. E. & W. I. Brown, Incorporated, have sold for a client the lot on the southwest corner of 175th Street and Prospect Avenue, 25 by 138, to a builder, who will improve the plot with an apartment house.

B. R. T. Buys Big Coney Island Tract.

The largest purchase of Coney Island real estate which has been made in some time has just been closed, it was announced yesterday, in the sale of about ninety acres from the Harway Improvement Company to the Transit Development Company, a holding concern for the realty of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Railroad. About $250,000, it is said, was paid for the property. It is in the Gravesend Bay section.

What disposition will be made of this large tract has not been divulged, but it is believed that some extensive improvements will be made there in the near future. The property is bounded by Old Shell Road, Coney Island Creek, Avenue X, and West Thirteenth Street.

The four-track system planned for the Sea Beach Line in the subway arrangements will require a commodious terminal close to the West End line depot, and it is said that the property just purchased will solve the problem.

Brooklyn.

W. H. Goldey sold to an investor for Victoria A. Vant Wond the bungalow 1,103 Elmore Place, near Avenue J, 50 by 100, and for the Henry Meyer Building Company the dwelling 340 East Twenty-sixth Street, 20 by 100.

Studwell & Burkhard have sold 108 Monroe street, a two-story and basement brick dwelling for S. Lusk to Frank Woods for occupancy.

B. J. Sforza has sold for the Convent of the Sisters of Mercy the block front on the easterly side of Thirteenth Avenue, between Sixty-second and Sixty-third Streets. The plot has a frontage of 200 feet on Thirteenth Avenue, 85 feet on Sixty-second Street and 75 feet on Sixty-third Street.

Long Island.

T. B. Ackerson & Co. have sold at Brightwaters a water front plot 75 by 170 to William Woodward of Summit, N. J.; a water front plot 200 by 220 to Ambrose L. O'Shea of Manhattan, and a water front plot 75 by 225 to William Speidlane of Manhattan.

L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co. have sold to James Whalen of the United Cigar Stores Company a house located on the corner of Bayview Avenue and Willow Drive at Manhasset Park, Manhasset, L. I. Mr. Whalen will occupy the house at once.

R. L. Kilby has sold to the Estate Owners Corporation about fifty acres on the water front at West Patchogue, L. I. The property is within 500 feet of the Merrick Road, and has been fully developed. The consideration was about $50,000.

Paper Manufacturers Move Uptown.

One of the largest leases recently made for the Forty-second Street and Madison Avenue Company was closed yesterday by Douglas L. Elliman, who leased the entire Forty-second Street front of the fifth floor in the new building on the northwest corner of Forty-second Street and Madison Avenue to the Manufacturers Paper Company for a long term of years.

This company has been located at 41 Park Row for about thirty years. The lease calls for approximately 46,000 square feet and runs from May 1, 1914.

Important 57th Street Lease.

Dunstan, Incorporated, one of the oldest dressmaking concerns in the city, have disposed of their lease at 24 West Fifty-seventh Street and taken a long-term lease on 31 West Fifty-seventh Street, opposite their present location. T. J. Duggan, Vice President of the company, states that after extensive alterations the company will move into their new house about Jan. 15, 1914. George R. Read & Co., in conjunction with Anthony La Fort, negotiated the transaction.

Commercial Leases.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased the store at 235 West Fifty-eighth Street to S. J. Wise & Co.

L. Tanenbaum, Strauss & Co. have leased to P. Pohalski & Co., manufacturers of cigars, the entire building at 466 and 468 Broome Street, northeast corner of Greene Street, 50 by 100. The lease is for ten years.

Louis Schrag has leased for the Riker-Hegeman Company the store and basement in the building 105 and 107 West Twenty-seventh Street to H. Shulof & Co. for a term of years; also for Lena Rothschilds the store 228 Seventh Avenue to Harry Foster for a term of years.

McVickar, Gaillard Realty Company has leased for the Regal Shoe Company the parlor store at 40 West Thirty-fourth Street to the Upstairs Shop, Incorporated, for a term of years.

Dwellings Leased.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased for Major Francis G. Landon the dwelling at 131 East Sixty-fifth Street for the Winter, furnished, to Cecil Lyon of Morristown, N. J.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Mrs. Eugene Griffin the five-story American basement residence at 17 East Eighty-sixth Street to Joseph Larocque.

Charles E. Rickerson has leased 30 Montgomery Place, furnished, between Eighth Avenue and Prospect Park West, a three-story and English basement dwelling, for Mrs. Grace W. Duryea to J. L. Crosthwaite.

$150,000 Broadway Improvement.

Plans have been prepared by Gaetano Ajello for a business and theatre building to occupy the block front on the east side of Broadway, between 134th and 135th Streets.

The plot, which is to be improved by the A. C. and H. M. Hall Realty Company, has a frontage of 200 feet on Broadway and 90 feet on each street. There will be a theatre, with a seating capacity of 1,500, and most of the second floor will be converted into a dance hall. Along the Broadway front there will be stores. The cost is estimated at $150,000.

$200,000 School in Dyckman Tract.

An indication of the increasing population in the Dyckman section is seen in the filing of plans yesterday for a new school house which will be erected on the northwest corner of Academy Street and Vermilyea Avenue. It will have a frontage of 166 feet on the street and 103.6 feet on the avenue. The façade will be of brick, limestone and terra cotta. On the roof will be a playground. C. B. J. Snyder, the architect, has placed the cost at $200,000. The new building will be Public School 52, and will take the place of the frame building now in use.

Realty Board's Monthly Luncheon.

The first of a series of monthly luncheons was held yesterday under the auspices of the Real Estate Board of New York at 115 Broadway. Judging by the attendance the affair was a success, as it brought together between two and three hundred brokers, operators and real estate owners.

After the last course had been served, Lawrence Mayo D. McGuire, the recently elected President of the board, gave a brief outline of the work of the organization, and introduced Walter Lindner, solicitor of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, who delivered an address on "The practical application of the income tax to the real estate business."

Realty Notes.

Shaw & Co. were the brokers in the sale of 31 West 127th Street, a three-story brown stone dwelling.

A building loan of $375,000 was made yesterday by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company to the Beglad Construction Company, on the new apartment to be erected on the southeast corner of Riverside Drive and 150th Street, on a plot 103.4 by 125. The Lenox Hill Realty Company obtained a loan of $335,000 from the Lawyers' Insurance and Trust Company, on the apartment to be built on the south side of Sixty-third Street, 150 feet east of Park Avenue, on a plot 100 by 127.

William R. Willcox, formerly Chairman of the Public Service Commission, has been elected a Director of the New York Title Insurance Company, and also of the New York Mortgage and Security Company.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Bryan L. Kennelly.

94th St, 78 West, s s, 55 ft e of Columbus Av, 50x72.8, five-story flat; voluntary sale; bid in at $54,000.

80th St, 154 East, s s, 51.3 ft e of Lexington Av, 17x102.2, three-story building; trustees' sale; bid in at $16,000; also,

Madison Av, 2,070, w s, 83.4 ft s of 131st St, 16.7x75, three-story dwelling; trustees' sale, Wendland estate; bid in at $5,900.

Lydia Av, s e corner of Barnes Av, 50x100, vacant; voluntary sale; withdrawn.

Central Park West, 478 to 481, n w corner of 108th St, 100x100, two seven-story Melrose apartment houses; Hess Realty Co. against Frederick Tench and others; M. G. Holstein, attorney; G. J. Gillespie, referee; due, $16,066; taxes, &c., $2,353; subject to first mortgage $200,000; adjourned to Nov. 25.

By Joseph P. Day.

Two plots containing 8,182 and 17,280 square feet, respectively, between Northern Av and Riverside Drive and 190th and 192d Sts; court sale, estate of Frederick Bedford; bid in at $1,050.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

Madison Av, 1,824 and 1,826, w s, 40.11 ft s of 119th St, six-story tenement and stores; Helen Fuld against William Lefkowitz and others; Action I; Kurzman & F., attorneys; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $6,297; taxes, &c., $7,723; subject to mortgage of $38,500; to the plaintiff, for $22,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

168th St, East, s e corner of College Av, 100x100, vacant; W. F. A. Kurz and others against Actoctin Realty Co., Inc., and others; J. F. Frees, attorney; M. B. Clarke, referee; due, $5,642; taxes, &c., $800; subject to mortgage of $10,500; to the plaintiff, for $17,000.

Horton St, n s, 260 ft w of Main St, 100x100, City Island; Susan Combes against P. W. Doll; G. R. Class, attorney; J. M. Tully, referee; due, $9,193; taxes, &c., $823; to the paintiff, for $6,000.

By Henry Brady.

Gleason Av, 2,147, n s, 304 ft w of Castle Hill Av, 25x100.1; Marie McHugh, administratrix, against E. A. Wolfarth and others; W. J. McKeown, attorney; P. J. Everett, referee; due, $928; taxes, &c., $227; subject to a first mortgage of $3,500; adjourned to Nov. 28.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Henry Brady.

Northern Av, s e corner of 179th St, 92.6x100, six-story apartment house; New York Life Insurance Company against Birch Realty Co. and others, Action 1; H. M. Bellinger, Jr., attorney; A. D. Truax, referee; due, $19,597; taxes, &c., $1,982.

Northern Av, n e corner of 178th St, 92.6x100, six-story apartment house; same against same; Action 2; same attorney, same referee; due, $119,506; taxes, &c., $907.

By Joseph P. Day.

99th St, 68 West, s s, 125 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11, five-story tenement and stores; Franklin Savings Bank against Fannie Weisburger and others; W. M. Powell, attorney; Alfred Steckler, Jr., referee; due, $15,930; taxes, &c., $417.

113th St, 70 East, s s, 206 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.11, five-story tenement and stores; M. G. Cook and others against George Laubentracht and others; Adam Wiener, attorney; J. A. Farrell, referee; due, $10,042; taxes, &c., $492.

125th St, 256 East, n s, 49 ft w of 2d Av, 25x74.11, five-story tenement and stores; Simon Hersig, trustee, against L. S. H. Harper and others; A. G. Meyer, attorney; Henry Necarsulmer, referee; due, $20,299; taxes, &c., $218.

Marble Hill Av, 90, s e s, 100 ft s w of 228th St, 46.2x103.2x103.2, gore, two-story dwelling; K. L. Meuser against A. M. Van Order and others; T. J. Farrell, attorney; William Klein, referee; due, $4,610; taxes, &c., $623.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

Intervale Av, 1,135, w s, 423.11 ft s of 169th St, 25x124.9x28.1x125.5, five-story tenement and stores; Arnold Thayer and others, trustees, against Jacob Streifler Co. and others; J. F. Coffin, attorney; S. H. Weinhandler, referee; due, $25,287; taxes, &c., $1,000.

Morris Av, 1,084, e s, 108.11 ft s of 166th St, 20x95, three-story dwelling; Westbury Park against August Collett and others; R. L. Weaver, attorney; J. F. McGowan, referee; due, $4,053; taxes, &c., $164.

By Samuel Marx.

226th St, — East, s s, 155 ft e of White Plains Av or Road, 50x114; W. E. Diller against G. S. Livingston and others; Seybel & F., attorneys; William Bernard, referee; due, $1,157; taxes, &c., $128.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Academy St, n w corner of Vermilyea Av, for a five-story public school, 166x108.6; city, owner; C. B. J. Snyder, 500 Park Av, architect; cost, $200,000.

Undercliffe Av, e s, 581.76 feet north of 176th St, for a 2½-story frame dwelling, 21x35; Ittelco Realty Co., E. Collett, 135 West Tremont Av, President, owner; Hugo H. Avolin, 93 William St, architect; cost, $5,000.

Southern Boulevard, w s, 358.33 feet north of 163d St, for a three-story brick loft, 72.8x134.5; Kellwood Realty Co., James F. Meehan, 163d St and Southern Boulevard, President, owner; cost, $25,000.

Alterations.

(Items under $5,000 omitted.)

Gramercy Park, 17, to a four-story club; J. W. J. M., and S. Gerard, 725 5th Av, owners; Technology Club of New York, lessee; O. Hering and D. Pitch, 132 Madison Av, architects; cost, $10,000.

Pell St, S, to a four-story lodging house; estate of Hyman Schnitzer, 271 Broadway, owner; Ching Shong Dow and Chin Chuey, 39 Pell St, lessees; I. M. Felson, 498 Broome St, architect; cost, $5,000.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

HESTER ST, 79, 23.4x63.5; Mary F. Ronalds and others to Greenwich Savings Bank, 246 4th Av. Oct. 24, due as per bond; attorney, B. A. Sands. 46 Cedar St.....$18,500

34TH ST, n s, 175 ft w of 8th Av, 125x197.6; Hammerstein Opera Co. to Leo S. Bing, 2,170 Broadway, Nov. 19, prior mtg $350,000, due as per bond; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway.....$75,000

49TH ST, 550 West, 25x100; Otto Moedebeck to Maria Klingelhoffer, West New York, N. J., Nov. 12, 5 years; attorney, Joseph F. Feist, 408 West 42d St.....$1,200

111TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Lenox Av, 350x71.10; 111th Street Construction Co. to Samuel H. Stone, 237 West 74th St, and others, executors, Nov. 12, due May 18, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wolf & K., 203 Broadway.....$38,140

Bronx.

CLAY AV, w s, 295 ft s of 168th St, 44x90; A. J. Schwarzler to Luke Kouwenhoven, Steinway, L. I., Nov. 19, 5 years; attorneys, Fuller & P., 145 Nassau St.....$20,000

FAILE ST, 1,048, e s, 20.8x100; Emma Kempner to Lydia Uren, 1,871 Madison Av, prior mtg $10,500, Sept. 18 due as per bond; attorney, T. Uren, 1,871 Madison Av.....$270

LOT 22, Block 2, map of Morris Park; Frederick J. Veitch to Morris Park Estates, 25 Broad St, Nov. 14, due July 9, 1916; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$770

MORRIS AV, w s, 268.1 ft w of 179th St, 21.3x100; Louis Lublitz to Cornelius Walke Lauenstein, Dashing, N. Y., Nov. 19, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$7,000

MACOMB'S DAM ROAD, e s, 386.6 ft s of Goble Place, 55x72.10x63x100.9; William Hebre to Mary W. Clark, 60 First Place, Brooklyn, Nov. 7, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,000

RIVERVIEW TERRACE, w s, 173 ft s of Powell Place, 25x115.3x25.1x117; Kate Habeltz to Edward P. Lyon, 963 St. Mark's Av, Nov. 18, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,000

TINTON AV, 722, e s, 25.6x—; Daniel Harris to Julius Pester, 77 2d Av, 1 year, 6 p. c., Nov. 19; attorney, Mark Aaron, 277 Broadway.....$1,200

WASHINGTON AV, n e corner of 170th St, 50x100; L. & S. Construction Co. to New York Savings Bank, 81 8th Av, Nov. 19, due as per bond; attorneys, Webber & S., 15 Beekman St.....$40,000

144TH ST, 539 East, n s, 25x100; Louisa Zinckgraf to Charles A. Laumeister, 322 East 135th St, prior mtg $12,500, Nov. 18, due as per bond; attorney, F. E. Yung..$420

East 161st St.....$500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,464, store and basement; Auguste C. Buckmann to Herman Wachtel, 1,464 Amsterdam Av, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1913; attorneys, Bernheimer & S P. B. Co., 128th St. and Amsterdam Av.....$690

BROADWAY, 1,441, store and part of basement; Felix Isman, Inc., 56 East 87th St., Manhattan, to E. Schreyer & Son, 10 years from Oct. 1, 1913; address, 262 Broadway.....$8,000 to $9,000

BROOME ST, 259, corner store and basement; Samuel and Isaac Rakowitz to Samuel Solomon and another, 71 East 100th St, from Dec. 1, 1913, to April 30, 1918; attorneys, Bernheimer & S., 128 St. Ann's Av.....$2,100

CHERRY ST, 39, store and part of basement; John B. Golden to Joseph Salatora, 400 East 12th St, 3 years from Nov. 1, 1913; attorneys, H. Koehler & Co., 501 1st Av.....$300 and $360

HUDSON ST, 81, all; Diedrich Muller to Emil G. Grossmann, Nutley, N. J., 10 years from Dec. 1, 1913; attorney, E. M. Burkhard, 118 Broadway.....$3,700

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s w corner of 183d St, corner store; Janpole & Werner Holding Co. to Adolph L. Weiss, 600 West 183d St, 5 years from Jan. 1, 1914; attorneys, Gertner, S. & A., 277 Broadway.....$3,300

WATER ST, 501, all; Star Mortgage Co. to David Pearlman, 288 Madison St., 2 10-12 years from Dec. 1, 1913; attorney, Abraham A. Silberberg, 258 Broadway.....$1,700

WILLIS AV, 164, stores; Henry Heller and another to William J. Wade, 49 East 183d St, 5 years from May 1, 1915; attorneys, A. Hupfel's Sons, 842 St. Ann's Av.....$1,800

1ST AV, 418, store and part of basement; Harry and Mary Albanese to John Seery, 349 East 30th St, 4 years from Dec. 1, 1913; attornys, H. Koehler & Co., 501 1st Av.$540

3D AV, 1,208, corner store and basement; Harry B. Gutner to Kursch & Rubin, on premises, 3 years from May 1, 1914.$1,400

127TH ST, 36 and 38 East, 1st floor and basement; Clara A. M. Greer to Max and Nathan Turkeltaub, 1,391 Madison Av, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, Max Lesser, 320 Broadway.....$2,500 to $3,000

57TH ST, 31 West, all; Regina Rothschild to Dunstan, Inc., 24 West 57th St, 10 years from March 1, 1914.....$13,000

125TH ST, 61½ East, store; Hudson Realty Co. to Philip S. Buglione, on premises, 2 years and 6 months from Nov. 1, 1913, 2 years' renewal at $1,350.....$1,200

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROADWAY, 57 to 61; Lidgerwood Manufacturing Co. against Adams Express Building Corp., owner; United States Metal Products Co., contractor.....$5,553

BOWERY, 90; Solomon Smith against Royal Theatre Co., owner; Manhattan Co., contractor.....$63

BROOME AV, 1,502; Samuel Pivnick against James Bryant and J. Wilson Bryant, owner; David Levin, contractor.....$125

CENTRAL PARK West, 275 and 277; William Kirchhofer against Louis Stern, owner and contractor; Adjustment Realty Co., contractor.....$27

GRAMERCY PARK West, 6 and 7; Adolph Grant & Co. against New York City Mission and Tract Society, owner; Theodore Starrett Co., contractor.....$690

HOUSTON ST, 128 East; Hyman Rosenberg against M. Feinstein, owner and contractor; L. Wesley, contractor (correction).....$40

MADISON AV, s e co 30th St, 123.5x100; Lidgerwood Manufacturing Co. against Charles Kaye, owner; United States Metal Products Co., contractor.....$1,022

MADISON AV, 1,538 and 1,540; Eagle Artificial Stone Co. against Reliable Amusement Co., Helen Goldberger, Isaac Becker and Bernard Feinstein, lessees and contractors; Rosalie J. Greenbaum, owner (renewal.).....$448

MADISON AV, 1,225; William Kirchhofer against Nathan Hirsch, owner; Louis Korn and Adjustment Realty Co., contractors..$87

OAK TERRACE, 606 and 608; Max Simon against K. & J. Construction Co., owner and contractor; Aaron Shulman, contractor.....$350

PARK AV, 929 and 931; Braunfels, Browning Co. against 929 Park Avenue Co., owner and contractor.....$78

PARK AV, n e cor 76th St, 51.2x100; Lidgerwood Manufacturing Co. against German Hospital and Dispensary, Grenet; United States Metal Products Co., contractor..$497

PECK SLIP, 43; Otis Elevator Co. against General Fish Co., owner; Coyne & Mayer, contractors.....$220

STANTON ST, 149; Barnet Siegel against Jacob Froelich, owner; A. Silberstein & Son, contractors.....$415

WENDOVER AV, 540 to 544; Wolf Weinraub against Cunard Realty Co., owner and contractor.....$270

5TH AV, n w cor 38th St, 26.9x117xirreg.; Lidgerwood Manufacturing Co. against Frank V. and John H. Burton, owners; United States Metal Products Co., contractor.....$215

5TH AV, 363 and 364; Simon & J. Martin Co. against estate Mary B. Harrison, owner; Theodore Starrett Co., contractor.....$456

5TH AV, 862; McGowan & Connally Co., Inc. against estate of Mary B. Harrison, owner; Theodore Starratt Co., contractor.....$9,207

5TH AV, 362 and 864; William P. Youngs et al against estate of Mary B. Harrison, owner; Theodore Starrett Co., contractor.....$287

8TH AV, 613 and 615; Joseph P. Shelly against Drury Lane Theatre, Inc., owner; Elight Overfield Co., contractor.....$102

25TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 25x98.9; Abraham Stein against Rose Boyd, owner and contractor.....$144

42D ST, 7 East; Standard Utility Co. against Joseph Milbank, owner; W. P. Ellison, Inc., contractor.....$225

59TH ST, 38 West; B. A. & G. N. Williams against 38 West 59th St., owner; Charles H. Bellows Cut Stone Co., contractor..$678

88TH ST, 2 West; William Kirchhofer against Louis Stern, owner; Louis Korn and Adjustment Realty Co., contractors..$198

111TH ST, 536 West; Evans Brothers, Inc. against New Amsterdam Holding Company, owner; Kurland & Guraky, contractors.....$106

115TH ST, 114 East; Ike Greenbaum against Jennie Pisco, owner; Borris Mandel, contractor.....$60

122D ST, 514 West; Jacob Cohen against Bella Harris, owner; Sigmund Fuchs, contractor.....$125

LIS PENDENS.

AMSTERDAM AV, n e corner, 207th St, 99.11x50 ft; Annie Regan against Loretta M. Regan (action to set aside assignment and transfer of lease); attorneys, Decker, Allen & Storm.

BANK ST, 20; Irving Lippman against Frank C. Brixen as trustee, et al. (amended partition); attorney, C. K. McGuire.

HENRY ST, 29; Louis Schreiber against Rachel Klausner et al. (action to declare mortgage void); attorney, J. D. Berman.

LIBERTY ST, s e corner, Greenwich St, 54.8x44.4x irreg.; N. Y. Life Ins. Co. against Edw. F. Robinson et al. (foreclosure of mortgage); attorney, G. W. Hubbell.

MULBERRY ST, 288; Henry Hull against Emilie E. Boldtmann et al. (foreclosure of two mortgages); attorney, J. E. Bullwinkel.

182d AV, 154; A. Fred Silverstone against Louis H. Berman et al. (foreclosure of mortgage); attorneys, Goldfogle, Cohn & Dorf.

230TH AV, w s, 50.11 ft. s of 107th St, 25x75 ft; Katherine L. Meuser against Ray Y. Klrschbaum et al. (foreclosure of mortgage); attorney, T. J. Farrell.

24TH ST, n s, 283.4 ft. w of 7th Av, 16.8x80 ft; German Kahn et al. against Marie Frank et al. (foreclosure of mortgage); attorney, J. J. Dreyer.

54TH ST, n s, 323.4 ft. e of 2nd Av, 23.2x100.5 ft; German Savings Bank in the City of New York against Markus Weil et al. (foreclosure of mortgage); attorneys, Amend & Amend.

144TH ST, 37 West; Meister & Bache Realty Co. et al. against Esther Schulman et al. (foreclosure of mortgage); attorneys, Engel Bros.

129TH ST, 63 West; Chas. G. Moller et al., against Harrison B. Arnold et al. (foreclosure of mortgage); attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

137TH ST, 249 West; General Synod of the Reformed Church in America against Metropolis Securities Company et al. (foreclosure of mortgage); attorneys, Reed & Fallister.

150TH ST, 549 West; Levi S. Tenney et al. against Jessie B. Crommette et al. (foreclosure of mortgage); attorney, L. S. Tenney.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Beautiful New Home

Hollow tile construction; green tile roof; house has 11 rooms, 3 baths, sleeping porches, etc.

ATTRACTIVE PRICE. CONVENIENT TERMS.

Kew Gardens

Surrounding KEW STATION

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OTHER NEW HOUSES, $8,500 TO $22,500. VILLA PLOTS AT MODERATE PRICES.

Full details on application to KEW GARDENS Corporation, John J. Britton, Manager of Sales, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., New York. Telephone, Greeley—5250 and 5251. Representatives at Kew Gardens office at Kew Station every day.

The following trains are suggested for inspecting Kew: Leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Av., via L. I. R. R.: WEEK DAYS—9:07, 10:13, 11:08 A. M.; 12:28, 1:06, (SAT. ONLY,) 2:06, 3:06, 3:36, 4:08, 4:30, 5:06, 5:15, 5:37 P. M. SUNDAY—8:26, 9:46, 11:18, 11:24 A. M.; 1:03, 2:05, 3:03, 4:15 P. M. Returning at frequent intervals.

MODERN COTTAGE.

7 rooms, large, light and airy; all improvements; ground enough for vegetables, fruit, and berries; quiet, restricted neighborhood; 30 minutes' ride; $100 cash, balance $18 per month; one month free to responsible party. Address COTTAGE, 277 Times Downtown.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

Auction Sale of Property at Tarrytown

Consisting of a 3½-acre place, 15-room dwelling with improvements, fine grounds, shade and shrubbery and splendid view of the Hudson and surrounding country, known as the COSTELLO property; also one of 4½ acres adjoining, with buildings formerly known as the DALE place. One mile from station in choice location.

Sale at WHITE PLAINS, in front of the Court House, Nov. 21st, at noon. By order of the Court. SIDNEY A. SYME, Referee.

Permits to examine properties and particulars from John W. Russell, Attorney, 20 Vesey Street, or NICHOLS & HOBBIE, 7 East 42d St.

FOR SALE AT SCARSDALE.

Desirable all-year-round country home, adjoining Greenacres subdivision on Fenimore Road; 10-room house with all improvements. Electric light; ½ acre of land, with abundance of fruit and shade. Also garage. Sickness compels present owner to sacrifice. Any reasonable offer considered. $1,500 cash; balance on mortgage.

William Morell, Inc.
15 Court St., White Plains.

AT NEW ROCHELLE.

Modern dwelling; 12 rooms, baths, 5 open fireplaces; large grounds; shade and shrubbery; water privileges; price, $18,500; rent, $1,500 per year.

FOX REALTY COMPANY, 22 East 42d St.

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$100 CASH

now buys, and $25 per month for balance, a beautiful seven-room house, with bath, gas and electric light, steam heat, fine cement cellar; six minutes' walk to railroad station at FREEPORT, on the South Shore of Long Island; cheap commutation; 60 trains daily stop at FREEPORT; trolley right to New York. If you want, you can keep chickens. Address Builder, Box A 94 Times Downtown.

ON THE HILLS

of L. I. I am erecting a neat, pretty bungalow of 6 rooms and improvements, which will sell to right party for $100 down and $12 per month; near Sound, large town, and railroad; makes an ideal year-round home; good-sized plot of ground for small farming and chickens. Address BUNGALOW, 274 Times Downtown.

PLOT ON THE OPEN SOUND

with all improvements. Fine beach. Reasonable price and easy terms.

S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
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NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Most Desirable Place to Live

MOUNTAIN LAKES N.J.

GREAT BARGAIN.
$10,000. Liberal Terms.

Modern Home, 13 rooms, 3 tiled baths, acre ground, lake rights, less than hour to N. Y. Send for floor plans. P. T. KEE, 170 B'way, N. Y. Tel. 1521 Cort. Other homes from $6,000 to $20,000.

FARMS.

150 Acres, $1,700, Part Cash, Stock, Tools and Crops.

All farm tools, machinery, stove wood, 10 tons hay, and a family cow included to quick purchaser; productive land, fine crops corn, potatoes, grain, etc.; 150 apple trees; large barn, other buildings, 6-room house; owner very old; if taken now only $1,700, part cash. See Page 1, "Strout's Biggest Farm Bargains," Fall Edition; write to-day for free copy. E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Station 1,604, 47 West 34th St. and 150 Nassau St., New York.

Whitehall Building

Headquarters for

Industrial Corporations, Steamship, Coal and Export Trades

S. E. Cor. Spring & Mercer Sts.

Entire Building Store and Basement Lofts | Modern Building all Improvements

Apply to your own broker, or to
GEORGE T. MORTIMER,
111 Broadway.

Fine Corner Store

IN HOTEL BRESLIN

Broadway at 29th Street.

Apply at Hotel, or to Geo. T. Mortimer, 111 Broadway.

20c. Sq. Ft. BARGAINS IN LIGHT LOFTS 20c. Sq. Ft.

Including Heat and Elevator Service.

9,000 Sq. Ft. $1,800 PER YEAR

WITH 150 FEET STREET FRONTAGE.
540-550 WEST 58TH STREET

Opportunity to Reduce Your Rent and Cartage Charges.

Now open for inspection, or can communicate with the owners, Mayal Realty Company, 2 Rector Street.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

West Side.

TIMES SQUARE HOTEL SITE.

125-foot plot on 45th Street, just west of Broadway; exceptional light. Terms. Your own broker.

JOHN T. BROOK, Owner,
Tel. Bryant 2456. 120 West 42d.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

BROOKLYN.

BEAUTIFUL BRICK HOUSES FOR RENT $25 and $30 in Brooklyn.

Semi-detached brick and stone; 7 rooms and bath, parquet floors, hardwood trim, elegantly decorated, electric lights; sewer and gas; in park section of Brooklyn; on lines of present "L" and new subway; 8 minutes to ocean, 30 minutes to New York; 5c. fare. Send for booklet. SPECIAL MANAGER, 60A Lilberty St., New York. 'Phone Cortlandt 5528.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

MODERN STORES.

High ceilings, attractive fronts. New Proctor Theatre Building, centre business section, Mount Vernon, (35,000 people;) right location drugs, confectionery, groceries, dry goods, cigars, shoes, gents' furnishings. Rents $600 up, including heat.

McClellan & Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

2 FLOORS 6800 SQ. FEET EACH.

Second and fifth floors. Second floor has exceptionally high ceiling.

½ FLOOR 3400 SQ. FEET.

54-60 LAFAYETTE ST.

Between Leonard and Franklin Sts.

Will divide for office purposes.

LOFT 2200 Sq. Feet

414 BROADWAY, near Canal.

REASONABLE RENTALS.
On Premises or Your Own Broker.

LOFTS

New 12-story Fireproof Building.

Fourth Ave., N. E. corner 31st St.

Every modern improvement; sprinkler system and rapid electric elevators. Lofts free from posts and columns.

Perpetual Light on All Sides.

Space Arranged to Suit.

WRIGHT, BARCLAY, Inc., Agt., 320 5th Av., corner 32d St. BROKERS PROTECTED.

890-892 BROADWAY, N. E. COR. 19TH ST.

Magnificent Light Corner Loft to Let, with light on three sides; elevators, steam heat, electric lights, automatic sprinklers. Crulkshank Company, 141 Broadway.

S. W. Cor. 6th Av. & 11th St.

7,500 sq. ft; light four sides, power, steam, sprinkler system. See Engineer, on permises.

22 WEST 4TH STREET, STORE AND BASEMENT TO LET;

Also fourth loft; steam heat, electric light; rent moderate. Crulkshank Company, 141 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

To sublet at attractive rental, furnished or unfurnished, for the season or longer, one suite, parlor, two bedrooms and bath; one suite, parlor, four bedrooms and two baths, in the exclusive Madison Square Apartments, 37 Madison Av.

THE SEVILLIA

Apartment Hotel, 117 W. 58th St. Very desirable apartment, 2 rooms, bath, furnished; also one of 3 rooms and bath, (unfurnished.)

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New 1 and 2 Family, All Stone

and brick; hardwood; new; $4,675 to $6,500; no assessments; will take single lot free and clear part payment. 372 Enfield St., Brooklyn. Will rent. FLEER BROS. Write us.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

New Elevator Apartments
Now Ready for Occupancy.

The Trossachs

NORTHERN AVE.,
Just North of 181st St.

Ideal location, high-class building, right on the banks of the Hudson River and within a few minutes' walk of Subway and Broadway cars.

5 Large Outside Rooms, Foyer & Bath.

Attractive Rentals.

Renting Agent on Premises, or
KEMPE & CO.,
S. W. Cor. Broadway and 87th St. Telephone, 3610—Riverside.

KINGLAND

523 West 187th St.

Near Audubon Ave.
Beautiful Elevator Apt.

7 Large Rooms, Bath $50 $60 | 8 Large Light Rooms, Bath $75

SOVEREIGN COURT

535 West 151st St.

Real Estate

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

The Fanwood houses; no better can be built. Depot on ground; all improvements, large plots, beautiful trees, $4,000 and $5,000; very easy terms. Send for pictures. Henry C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Does your rent equal $40? If so, you can have a new and modern house at the same rate, only you are paying for it, and not renting. Westfield is the place. ¼-acre plot; high ground; near depot and cars. Henry C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

RIDGEWOOD.—Heart residential section, six minutes' walk from station, sixty foot plot, detached dwelling, eight rooms; all improvements; A1 condition; $5,800. Easy terms to responsible buyer; might rent. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J.

Reduced rental, Ridgewood; every improvement; immediate possession. Owner, Box 130 Ridgewood, N. J.

$103.50, payable $5 monthly, buys 5¼ acres woodland, Burlington County, (only $2 per acre.) Appleby Estates, Spotswood, N. J.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

91st St., 107 East.—Unfurnished private house, 10 rooms; good location; excellent order; under $1,200; premises.

To Let for Business Purposes.

To Sublease.—Space in parlors and workrooms, suitable for milliner, corsetiere, ladies' tailor, in fashionable dressmaking establishment; exquisitely furnished; Madison Av., adjoining 34th St.- Charles F. Meyer, 334 5th Av.

88-90 Walker St.—Loft 25x90, rent $1,000; 50x90, rent $1,700; steam power, heat, automatic sprinkler, fire alarm, elevator. Inquire S. Hellinger, 309 Broadway. Phone 4945 Worth, or engineer on premises.

6,000 sq. ft. in modern fireproof building, 409 Pearl St., sec. 1; shafting and belting left up if lessee desires to run from large motor. Knox.

Elegantly furnished private office and outer office sub-divided in Marbridge Building; no agents. Write or call 437, 439 Marbridge Building.

26 Vesey St.—Exceptionally large, light lofts for rent. Apply to Superintendent Evening Post Building, 20 Vesey St.

Offices, very light, steam heated, 109 Broad St.; $15 per month up.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

West Side.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS,
208-310 West 15th St.
Two rooms and bath, $33.
Ashforth & Co., 11 E. 42d St.
111 WEST 43D ST.
Two rooms and bath, $50.
Ashforth & Co., 11 E. 42d St.

N. E. COR. LEXINGTON AV. & 34TH ST.
Three rooms and bath, $50.
Ashforth & Co., 11 E. 42d St.

Wonderful view of city; Subway, 116th St. "La Touraine."

50 Morningside Drive, corner 115th St. Corner apartment; southern exposure. 7 rooms and bath, $1,000.
Wm. C. & A. Edw. Lester, 30 East 57th St.

SUBLET: UNFURNISHED; $67.50; SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; ALL ROOMS OUTSIDE; ELEVATOR; NEW HOUSE; BEST BARGAIN IN NEW YORK. RAYMOND, 229 WEST 109TH ST. (NEAR B'WAY.)

THE JEFFERSON,
324-328 West 51st St.
Very attractive apartments, four, seven rooms; elevator service; all improvements. Apply premises, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

THE LINCOLN,
306-310 West 51st St.
Attractive apartment, four and five large, light rooms, bath; elevator; all modern improvements. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

311 WEST 128TH ST.,
northeast corner St. Nicholas Av.; very desirable corner apartment, six rooms, bath; all improvements; suitable doctor, dentist, or dressmaker. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

93D ST., 46 AND 48 WEST.
Seven and eight large rooms, bath; all light; fine location; half block from Park entrance and "L" express station; $50 to $62.50.

NEW MARKEEN APARTMENTS,
670 West 156th St.; finest elevator apartments on Washington Heights; mail chute; four and five rooms; lowest rents.

227 WEST 141ST ST.,
Near 7th Av.; five and six room apartments; two large front rooms; all light; low rent.

ATTRACTIVE unfurnished apartment to lease. THE CHELSEA, West 23d Street. 'Phone 2700 Chelsea.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Attractive housekeeping suite; southern exposure; also other rooms. Smith.

East Side.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
UNFURNISHED—HOUSEKEEPING.
Two rooms and bath, front, choice.....$32
Four rooms and bath, front.....$34
Excellent meals served in handsome dining room if preferred. One dollar dinners for 50c.
THE HILLHURST, 154-160 East 91st St.

COR. MADISON AV. and 92D ST.—7 rooms and bath; all outside rooms, and conveniences; reasonable rent. 1,292 Madison Av.

SEVEN LARGE, LIGHT, AIRY ROOMS.
All improvements; $30-$35. Inquire 175-177 East 93d St.

Parlor floor and basement; large, light rooms. 224 East 40th St.

Ideal apartment two rooms, bath and kitchenette. 12 East 30th St.

Bronx.

Choice apartments, 6 rooms and bath; high-class apartment house; rent, $40; 2 months free yearly tenant. See Varian, Real Estate, 2,783 Webster Av.

Storage.

ANSONIA STORAGE.
Moving, packing, and shipping; automobile vans for long-distance moving; let us estimate. Send postal. 137-139 West 93th St., or Tel. 3052 or 3053 Riverside.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

Public Notices

THE NATIONAL JEWISH HOSPITAL FOR Consumptives, Denver, Col., seeks additional subscribers. In the thirteen years of its existence the hospital has cared for 5,000 men, women, and children absolutely free. The hospital depends entirely on voluntary support. Checks may be sent to Mrs. S. Fiske, secretary, 2,800 East Colfax St., Denver.

Board Wanted

WITH PRIVATE AMERICAN FAMILY, elevator apartment, on Central Park West, or within half block, three adults require double and single room. Write Delury, Room 456, 50 Church St.

Lost

THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED CERTIFIcates of ten shares of stock, three shares of 6 per cent. debentures and one 6 per cent. bond of the New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R. Co., numbered 74,205, N. Y/A 342 and N. Y/A 13,790, dated June 24, 1907; April 16, 1908; June 20, 1911; H. X. J. 1,275 and A. 1,270, the property and standing in the name of Mary N. Kervan, having been mislaid, lost, or stolen, application is made to the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co. for the issuing of new certificates. All persons concerned are warned to show cause or reason, if any there is, why new certificates, to replace the ones lost, should not be issued. Communicate Y 324 Times.

LOST—Mink pillow muff, somewhere between Englewood and Fort Lee Ferry or Riverside Drive to 114th St. to Broadway to 86th St.; reward. C. W. Fletcher, Lincoln St., Englewood, or 49 West 66th St., New York.

LOST.—In or near Gaiety Theatre, Tuesday evening, oval diamond pin, Cartier design, set in platinum; liberal reward; no questions asked if returned to Wm. M. Sullivan, Room 707, 35 Nassau St.

LOST—Large muff, on Broadway car, between 43d and 95th Sts., Wednesday, between 6:28 and 7 P. M.; liberal reward. Miss Bessie Goldman, Putnam Building, Times Square.

LOST—Wednesday morning, near West 72d St. entrance to Central Park, two circle diamond brooch, with large centre diamond. Handsome reward if returned to S. H. Harris, 1,482 Broadway.

LOST.—Monday evening, purple silk work bag, between 108th and 114th Sts., in Broadway, containing fancy work, gold watch, seals, &c.; reward. Tel. 0449 Riverside.

LOST—Green leather handbag on Tuesday evening, Riverside Drive, between 130th and 157th Sts.; reward. Apt. G6, 974 St. Nicholas Av.

LOST—Diamond Horseshoe, between Arrowhead Inn, Reisenweber's, and Churchill's; liberal reward. Mrs. H. M. Enger, 200 West 70th St.

LOST—Tuesday night, on New York Theatre Roof, Tiffany diamond and sapphire bar pin; reward. Mrs. Bryan, 308 West 97th St.

LOST.—Monogram "A. M.C.;" liberal reward on return to A. Moreno, Gerard Hotel.

$500 REWARD
for ring containing large emerald and two diamonds, lost Nov. 17 between Madison Av., 46th St. and Park Av., 39th St.
Tiffany & Co., Fifth Avenue, 37th Street.

$25 REWARD for diamond monogram pin, A. W. C.; lost Nov. 18, in vicinity of Fifth Avenue, 35th, 34th Streets. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Avenue, 37th Street.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—BOXER OR GERMAN BULL TERRIER, MALE, RED, BLACK MUZZLE; WEIGHS SIXTY POUNDS; EARS AND TAIL CUT; WORE BRASS-STUDDED COLLAR WITH BRASS NAME PLATE. REWARD FOR RETURN TO NATHAN STRAUS, 27 WEST 72D ST.

LOST—A Chow dog, female; answers to the name Empress; finder on returning same will be highly rewarded. Joseph B. Wiseman, 14 West 104th St., New York City.

LOST.—Airdale terrier; will answer to name of Monarch; suitable reward if returned to 172 West 74th St., or telephone 9800 Columbus.

LOST—White Maltese poodle, black-spotted nose; reward. McKenna, 62 East 100th.

Business Opportunities.

A substantial, reliable medical institution that needs the individual attention of an aggressive man can be bought at reasonable price; income, between $15,000 and $20,000, can be proved; this is a strictly legitimate proposition; open to investigation; $10,000 cash, balance on mortgage; do not reply without references regarding your financial responsibility. Address Great Opportunity, 224 Times.

Gentlemen holding executive positions with corporations and business houses desiring to add to their incomes without embarrassment to present positions or character can do so by co-operating with a responsible real estate firm developing water front property on the eastern end of Long Island; correspondence confidential. Owners, P 111 Times.

Exceptional opportunity to become actively interested in a growing retail business doing about a million dollar business annually, located in best business centre of large city of over million and half population near New York City; investment required not less than fifty thousand dollars. Address P 110 Times.

A Philadelphia brewery, chartered under the laws of Pennsylvania, needs additional capital for extension to plant, to take care of a rapidly growing business; plant running to full capacity at present time and trade waiting to handle our product. Address J. T. B., Box 40 Times.

Capable salesman would like GENERAL AGENCY or would take the representation for entire Russia of a first-class concern manufacturing important marketable articles. References if desired. Address
Box 1,435, P. O. Box 14,354,
Care Rudolf Mosse, Berlin, S. W.

Wanted—Party to buy outright a patented Hoegger's "Surelock" Door Fastener. Patterns, tools, and large stock. Thousands in actual use in New York and vicinity. Good agent proposition. No fakers need apply. Wm. A. Hoegger, 41 Hutton St., Jersey City, N. J.

A commercial office business, already doing $20,000 yearly, requires man and $5,000 investment for expansion; good salary and profits assured from start out of present business; rare opportunity. N 301 Times Downtown.

We need a man to put a large amount of energy and small amount of money into our business—the manufacture and sale of metal fixtures; big profits; salary and interest. Hustler, P 118 Times.

Man to take active interest with $10,000 capital in shirt waist factory by out-of-town manufacturer; exceptional opportunity for right party. Y 206 Times.

Experienced brass manufacturer, with some money, can secure part or entire interest in established brass manufacturing plant. Address P. O. Box 22, Houston, Texas.

Capital wanted for developing and marketing epoch-making invention which will revolutionize automobile business. Reliability. 330 1st Av.

Thirteen thousand; new stock of hardware in Texas; 20,000 inhabitants; wish to sell on account of age. Lock Box 390, Sherman, Texas.

PATENT OF CARPENTER SQUARE FOR SALE; QUICK SELLER; REASONABLE PRICE. ADDRESS 16 WEST 26TH ST.

Factory building, suitable for any manufacturing purpose, for sale on easy terms; near New York city. P 321 Times.

Brains and means qualify you in joining us in greatest money-maker ever offered. Edwards, 403 Tribune Building.

Wanted—Active man with capital to enter automobile tire industry; can have control of money. L 64 Times.

Partner wanted, with capital, to put on the market new hair restorer; no agents. A 65 Times Downtown.

I want to buy profitable business or partnership; have $7,500. P 98 Times.

Business Notices.

Smoke stacks and ventilating, sheet metal work in all branches, light or heavy. J. Schumacker, 408 East 151st St. Tel. 6664 Melrose.

Multigraphed letters, 300, $1.80; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. 'Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau, Room 1,018.

Merchants in need of ready cash can have their account financed. Security Finance Company, 132 Broadway.

Sixty dozen children's dresses to close out, cheap. Fourth floor, 49 East Broadway.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST.—Large and single rooms with board; private baths.

53D ST., 37 EAST.—ROOMS WITH BOARD, TABLE BOARD; REFERENCES.

63D ST., 23-30 EAST.—Large rooms; private bath; other rooms; fine table.

A.—47 FIFTH AV.—Desirable steam-heated room; table boarders; references.

IRVING PLACE, 70.—Desirable single rooms, with board; references.

MADISON AV., 486.—Delightful third floor front alcove room; private family table; couple appreciating refined surroundings; permanent; reference.

MADISON AV., 165.—Large rooms; most desirable; private bath; one block Subway; elevated road.

West Side.

11TH ST., 355 WEST.—Wanted steady boarders by the week; table first-class; terms reasonable. Apply Morgan Hotel.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; running water, telephone; good table.

16TH ST., 20-22 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths, &c.; excellent board; telephone.

39TH, 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

50TH ST., 4 WEST.—Fine rooms to rent, with board; every convenience.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—ROOMS, FIRST-CLASS; REFERENCES.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms; superior board; references.

57TH ST., 411 WEST.
The La Grange—Several desirable vacancies; double rooms; $16; single, $8; superior cuisine.

65TH ST., 56 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; exceptionally well appointed house; private bath; dressing rooms; Southern cooking; electricity.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Comfortable room; a call may be to your advantage.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Double, sunny room; private bath; steam heat; room telephone.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Large, sunny floor; single or en suite; parlor dining room.

70TH, 32 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; all conveniences; parlor dining; excellent table.

71ST ST., 155 WEST.—Excellent dinner, 50c., served outside guests; table board; day, week; large rooms; private baths.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—Excellent dinner, 50c., served outside guests; table board.

71ST., 108 WEST.—Desirable second-story room; bath; also other rooms; references.

72D, 263 WEST.—Handsome rooms; private baths; beautiful, homelike house; white service; board optional.

72D, 117 WEST.—Suite of three rooms; all improvements; parlor dining room; telephone.

72D, 157 WEST.—Large room, well appointed house; near subway, "L"; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—19th year; sunny rooms; baths; excellent table; references.

75TH, 111 WEST.—Elegant sunny rooms, with and without private bath; also hall room; conveniences; homelike; excellent table; references; telephone Schuyler 10177.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Large and medium sized rooms; home cooking; reasonable; table guests.

76TH, 244 WEST.—Attractive room; first floor front; private house; reference.

77TH, 124 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, newly furnished house; parlor dining; excellent home cooking; table guests; exceptional neighborhood; reasonable; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 338 WEST.—Two large, beautifully and newly furnished rooms, singly or en suite; private bath; telephone; every home comfort; American family; best home cooking.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Well-furnished, medium room; heated; bath adjoining; private house.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Newly furnished large front room; excellent board; table guests.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Homelike, unusual; private; telephones, steam heat.

79TH, 162 WEST.—NEATLY FURNISHED ROOMS; COZY, COMFORTABLE; REFERENCES.

79TH, 135 WEST.—Desirable double room; also hall room; absolutely first-class.

82D, 52 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; board optional. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

82D, 55 WEST.—Attractive second floor front; also hall room; home table.

86TH ST., 114 WEST.—Large second-story front room; refined home; references.

87TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; steam heat; electricity; table specialty.

90TH, 13 WEST.—Can accommodate one or two gentlemen; excellent table. Stager.

93D, 122 WEST.—Desirable room; conveniences; well-appointed house; excellent board; references.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Newly furnished house; large room; also back parlor; reference.

103D ST., 252 WEST. (Near West End.)—Bachelors, couples; excellent table board; references.

106TH ST., 246 WEST.—Comfortable room, window; private family. Telephone 5243 Riverside. Janitor.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Large, front, southern rooms; unsurpassed table; quiet, efficient service.

128D ST., 28 WEST.—Large room, beautifully furnished; steam, electricity, telephone; reasonable; references. Caire.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room; electricity; well heated; large closets; private bath.

Charming Permanent Home,
Away from city dust and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
THE EVELYN, 'PHONE LONDON.
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables, everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents.
71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 867.—Private house, overlooking Hudson; exquisitely furnished, large room; private bath; steam; excellent table; roof garden; reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—American aristocratic family; man paying guest; large, well-furnished room; private bath; meals served. 9411 Morningside.

THE WOODBURY,
Riverside Drive, 855, two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds.

Brooklyn.

Refined young business woman wants room and board in private American family; neighborhood west side on the heights; reasonable. Y 326 Times.

PIERREPONT ST., 70 and 81. (Near Subway.)—Attractive rooms; good table. Phone 1129-W Main.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

11TH ST., 72-82 EAST. (Corner Broadway.)—Furnished rooms, hotel service; bath and telephone accommodations; $4, $5, and $6 weekly. Ask for Mr. Palmer, Stuyvesant 4990.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Desirable furnished large and small rooms; private house; reasonable.

21ST, 21 EAST.—Neatly furnished rooms; elevator; modern improvements; reasonable. 4859 Gramercy.

22D ST., 33 EAST.—Beautiful suites; private baths; electricity; telephone; beautiful basement; business.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; breakfast; select house; telephone; references.

47TH ST., 145 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; telephone; reasonable.

52D ST., (501 Lexington Av.)—Suite, parlor and bedroom; beautifully furnished; clean, home comforts, bath, telephone; private apartment; private entrance. Chimoules.

53D ST., 58 EAST.—Two large connecting rooms, bath; handsomely furnished, electric light, 'phone, heated; separately, en suite; private; references.

72D ST., 206 EAST.—Beautiful front parlor, large and small room; newly decorated; refined, private house; modern conveniences; telephone; select location; $2 upward.

116TH, 172 EAST.—Just opened; warm, cozy, large, small rooms; newly furnished; private; all conveniences; near "L"; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 948.—Doctor would share a perfectly equipped office with another doctor; also a large front room and bath; electric light; steam heat; private house. Phone 96 Lenox.

MADISON AV., 128. (NEAR 30TH ST.)—LARGE AND SMALL ROOMS.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private residence; two charming rooms; gentlemen; conveniences; electricity; telephone; references.

9TH ST., 23 WEST.—Fine, large room, bath connected; also smaller rooms.

22D ST., 477 WEST.—Parlor, dressing room; gentlemen; breakfast; telephone; references; single room.

23D ST., 426 WEST.—Large and small rooms; select house; electricity; bathrooms; Summer rates; also suite of rooms.

28TH, 307 WEST.—Elegant room, newly furnished; suitable two; every convenience; reasonable.

30TH ST., 320 WEST.—Beautifully heated rooms; running water; $1.50 to $4. Telephone.

30TH, 138 WEST.—Large and small; every convenience; good neighborhood; reference; telephone.

37TH ST., 11 WEST.—Attractive, large room; private bath; electricity; well-kept house; references.

47TH, 33 WEST.—Large single rooms; private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

49TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; gentlemen only; modern improvements.

49TH, 232 WEST.—Nicely furnished parlor; large and small rooms; running water, heat. Telephone 7524 Bryant.

53D, 57 WEST.—Attractive newly decorated southern room; bath; excellent table; references.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Small, cozy single room; southern exposure; quiet house.

55TH ST., 329 WEST.—Nice, comfortable rooms; running water; clean, quiet; telephone; references.

56TH ST., 63 WEST.—Suites, large, small rooms; private baths; steam heated; newly decorated; parquet flooring; 5th Av. section.

56TH, 351 WEST.—Large, single rooms; also front, rear parlor; shower; telephone.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

58TH ST., 55 WEST.
Large room; references.

58TH ST., 360 WEST.—Two rooms, kitchen, for housekeeping; piano; telephone; elevator. Edwards.

58TH ST., 333 WEST.—Large, small rooms; first-class board; solid comforts.

60TH, 27 WEST.—Large, small rooms; every convenience; well heated; $2.50-$7; Subway, "L."

70TH, 273 WEST.—Two elegant, sunny rooms, adjoining bath; electricity; single or en suite; strictly private house; for gentlemen; references.

70TH, 117 WEST.—Nicely furnished large front room, suitable two gentlemen, couple; also small; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 136 WEST.—Unusually large room; private bath; suitable one or two; reasonable.

70TH ST., 262 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; every convenience.

71ST ST., 147 WEST.
Large, small rooms; hot water, heat; private house; gentlemen or married couples.

71ST ST., 151 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large room; southern exposure; telephone; Subway; references.

72D ST., 123 WEST.—Strictly private family will rent rooms; select bachelors only; furnished, unfurnished rooms; en suite; "L" and Subway.

73D, 258 WEST.—Furnished room or floor; private bath; references.

72D ST., 103 WEST.—Well furnished large, medium rooms; private house; telephone; reference.

73D ST., 271 WEST.—Rooms or one floor, furnished, unfurnished; every convenience; near Subway.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; private baths; reasonable; references.

75TH, 116 WEST.—Choice room in private house; electricity; hot-water heating; references.

76TH ST., 303 WEST.—Room, bath; electricity, parquet floors; private house; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; electricity; private house; reference.

76TH ST., 58 WEST.—Large room, alcove, bath; private residence.

76TH ST., 171 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite; hot, cold water; moderate.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; twin beds; suitable two gentlemen.

77TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished; sunny; homelike; single or en suite; reference.

77TH ST., 126 WEST.—Large room; exceptionally, handsomely furnished; dressing room; refined; moderate.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable small room; references; reasonable; gentlemen.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Two beautiful connecting, sunny rooms; private bath; single, en suite; Subway; reasonable to permanent party; references.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Small, medium room; southern exposure; excellent cuisine; references; select.

80TH, 126 WEST.—One large room; southern exposure; private bath; telephone; reference.

82D, 70 WEST.—Sunny, cheerful, double, single rooms; baths; homelike; board optional.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; references.

82D, 33 WEST.—Private family; large, small room; furnace heat; references.

83D, 119 WEST.—Large back parlor, running water; refined home; piano, "L."

84TH, 14 WEST.—Large, medium sized, attractively furnished front rooms; quiet, refined; telephone.

84TH, 51 WEST.—Newly furnished house; large, small rooms; telephone; reasonable; references.

84TH, 268 WEST.—Gentlemen, business women; elevator, running water, telephone; $5. Osborn.

85TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large rooms; handsomely furnished; well-kept private house; telephone.

86TH, 302 WEST.
House just opened; quiet, refined, private home; continuous hot water.

86TH, 310 WEST.—Attractive room; excellent location; conveniences; Subway, "L"; references.

87TH ST., 100 WEST.—Comfortable, quiet room; no other roomers. Downey, Schuyler 10705.

91ST, 21 WEST.—Clean, warm rooms; private; bath; phone; select private house; gentlemen; reasonable.

92D ST., 7 WEST.—Will rent a room in my attractive apartment to young girl or business woman; references exchanged.

93D, 69 WEST.—Room, southern exposure; private family; elevator apartment; gentleman. Apartment 42.

93D ST., 43 WEST.—Attractive, cozy, clean rooms, $3, $5. L. Block.

94TH ST., 315 WEST.—Attractive front suite; high-class elevator apartment. Dahl.

95TH, 47 WEST.—Desirable front, southern room; also parlor studio; telephone; references. Maurice.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Exceptional room; strictly private house; telephone; gentlemen; subway, elevated.

95TH, 155 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room for two; refined private family; references.

96TH ST., 158 WEST.—Large, light rooms; newly furnished; bath; conveniences; phone, steam; board or breakfast optional. Cowan.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; bath; dressing rooms; large closets; strictly private.

108TH, 211 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; bath; steam heat; two blocks Subway and "L"; use kitchen. Williams. 8802 Riverside.

111TH ST., 311 WEST.—A lady having elevator apartment would rent large front or medium room, adjoining bath; women or couple, employed. Schrader. Morningside 944.

112TH, 601 WEST.—Lady would rent large, beautiful room, facing Broadway. Mathison.

114TH, 528 WEST.—Single room; private house; very desirable.

115TH, 606 WEST.—Large, medium, newly furnished; cleanliness, comforts, conveniences; one block Subway express; near Riverside Drive; breakfast or board optional; Southern cooking. Rothwell.

115TH ST., 404 WEST.—Very desirable, well-furnished room, with large clothes closet and all conveniences. Apt. 21.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Several excellent rooms, double, single; elevator, electricity. Apartment 41.

118TH, 418 WEST.—Well furnished, light, quiet, single room; references exchanged. Maurice.

118TH, 423 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; elevator; $5. Apartment 34.

119TH ST., 430 WEST.—Large, attractive room, near Columbia; reasonable. 3350 Morningside. Hammond.

119TH ST., 435 WEST.—For lady; large, attractive room in apartment with lady alone; near Columbia, Subway. Apt. 2M.

120TH ST., 188 St. Nicholas Av.—Large, newly furnished, clean, sunny, comfortable room, adjoining bath; private family; elevator apartment; every convenience; price moderate. Young.

121ST ST., 414 WEST.—Newly decorated outside room; elevator; top. Apartment 63.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Choice connecting front rooms; also singles; $3 up. Sherman.

123D ST., 449 WEST.—Desirable room; kitchen privileges; high-class, elevator apartment; suitable for students; convenient location; references. Lombardi.

124TH, 538 WEST.—Two large adjoining rooms, suitable two gentlemen, couple; breakfast optional.

145TH ST., 349 WEST, (near "L," Subway.)—Room and board; Southern cooking. Phone 7696 Audubon.

145TH ST., (366 Convent Av.)—The Gladstone is now open.

ADVERTISER, owning elegantly kept residence, will rent room and bath to high-class appreciative gentlemen; $40-$50 monthly; breakfast. Address Cleanliness, 2,029 Broadway.

AMERICAN refined private family, Riverside Drive, desires men, paying guests; very large, elegantly furnished room; private bath; meals. Telephone 9411 Morningside.

ATTRACTIVE SUITE, $35 monthly, for bachelor or independent woman. 'Phone 9280 Schuyler.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (112th St.)—Two ladies having unusually large room in modern tenroom apartment will rent one coolly furnished, homelike front room; telephone mornings. Brackett. Tel. 3903 Morningside.

CLAREMONT AV., 200, (Elevator Apartment 36.)—Neat, well-heated rooms; telephone; reasonable.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 11 (141st St.-Convent Av.)—Dainty suite; dressing room; private reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587, (corner 136th.)—Large and airy outside rooms, running water; overlooking Hudson; suitable for two gentlemen or couple; board optional; home comforts, and reasonable. Apartment 5A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (631 West 148th St.)—Large rooms, conveniences, private house, 58 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (137th.)—One, two nicely furnished rooms; ground floor. Telephone 3260 Audubon. White.

Furnished Rooms

Brooklyn.

TWO FINE, LARGE ROOMS; single or en suite; front; southern exposure; sunny; private home; all conveniences; hot and cold water, &c.; very reasonable; Brooooklyn's best section; near all transportation lines. 49 Halsey St. Phone 5138 Bedford.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

Refined young lady desires room and board with private family, vicinity 120th to 124th St. west; references furnished. Give full particulars, P 100 Times.

Help Wanted Female

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

AUDITING DEPARTMENT. — Require the services of a number of young girls to sort checks; must have working papers; also a number of girls over 16 years of age who can figure quickly and accurately. Call at Department of Accounts, Third Floor, Central Building.

CANVASSER.—We want a woman of attractive personality, preferably with some selling experience, or with an extensive social acquaintance, to call on selected lists, with our book and magazine combinations; ideal proposition for approaching holidays; liberal commissions or guarantee. Review of Reviews, 30 Irving Place. Mr. Mansfield; afternoons only.

CANVASSERS.—Intelligent women canvassers to distribute advertising matter, house to house; no selling; must have first-class references; $1.50 per day and carfare. Davitt, Post Office Box 045, New York City.

COMPANION.—Lady wishes refined young girl as companion; city and country. Address Mrs. C. D. Leroy, Box 81, Hollywood, Long Branch, New Jersey.

DESIGNER.—Good position for competent woman designer to take charge of small established factory making women's waists and middy blouses, Middle West city of 200,000; state experience and salary desired. Y 323 Times.

FOLDERS.—Young women wanted to fold and mail letters in large publishing house; previous experience unnecessary, but must be quick and willing; salary $5 a week to start. Address R. M., Box 116 Times Downtown.

FOUR WELL-EDUCATED WOMEN, over 25, of pleasing personality, to engage in special phase of educational work; unusual opportunity to enter congenial, dignified business, paying generous compensation; salary and commission. Call, from 2 to 4 P. M., H. M. Dixon, Holland House, 5th Av.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
CARPET SEWERS,
EXPERIENCED ON SINGER TRACK MACHINE.
STEADY EMPLOYMENT.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. side.

LADY to oversee cooking in small Episcopal school; only home experience needed; also lady to teach intermediate grade; state salary, which must be moderate. Box 143 Bronxville, N. Y.

WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN who will energetically interest herself in furthering new religious undertaking wanted immediately; $20 weekly. State age, experience, religion. D. C., L 83 Times.

WILL HAVE A VACANCY for two and probably three educated ladies Nov. 19. Educational Society, 226 5th Av.

Instruction.

A—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, AEOLIAN HALL, 33 WEST 42D ST. SECRETARIAL COURSES ONLY; STENOGRAPHY, SECRETARIAL, ENGLISH, ACCOUNTANCY, AND SOCIAL AMENITIES. V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES
at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York.
Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 244 West 45th St., known throughout the country for thorough work.

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489 Fifth Av., N. Y., opp. Public Library.
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Complete secretarial course; special stress on English. D. McClellan Smith, Director.

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501 5th Av., corner 42d St.
Commercial courses stenography, bookkeeping, secretarial and civil service; by expert trained instructors; days and evenings. Employment Department A. J. Fancell, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted with experience in New York wholesale field; one who has had thorough experience on trade paper in dry goods or cutting-up trade preferred. Address immediately, giving full particulars as to experience and salary desired, L 82 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS.—Twelve advertising solicitors wanted; experienced; good commissions. Apply between 12:30 and 2 to-day, Horse Owners' Protective Association, 54 Canal St.

A REAL ESTATE MAN wanted to rent and lease; must be a hustler and thoroughly understand the business; salary, $80 month. Address, with full particulars, Edward Browning, 110 West 40th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Furniture and decorating business that does yearly about $150,000; only one who has experience in this line and is capable of handling entire set of books will be considered; applications confidential; references only used by applicant's permission. R. A., 143 Times.

CHEMIST.—Practical man wanted, thoroughly versed and actually experienced in manufacture of phosphorus and phosphorus sesquisulphide. Address 610-35 Nassau St., N. Y.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN.
A HIGH-GRADE, CAPABLE MAN WANTED FOR PERMANENT POSITION; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE AND HIGH CREDENTIALS; ALSO ACCUSTOMED TO WAITING ON THE BETTER CLASS CITY TRADE. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS, W. G. W., 11 WEST 19TH ST.

FASHION ARTISTS WANTED on pen and ink work; bring samples. Stone, Van Dresser Co., 34 W. 33d St., City.

GENTLEMAN qualified to present proposition of merit to wealthy home owners, safeguarding their interests; commission; not real estate or insurance. S. A. C., 271 Times Downtown.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
require the services of several experienced
JUNIOR SALESMEN
FOR THEIR
MEN'S UNDERWEAR SECTION.
Apply at Employment Office, fifth floor, 32d St. side.

MAN.—Preferably with medical training, to take charge of welfare work in industrial organization. Reply, stating experience, to Industrial, Box 35 Times Downtown.

MANAGER.—Circulation manager wanted for an out-of-town newspaper; man who understands needs of publication read at pleasure resort. P 103 Times.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN.—A new proposition, less than one hour from New York, at station; commission. Call, 2 to 3, Knight McMenamy Co., 45 West 34th.

SALESMAN.—Live wire salesman wanted to carry as side line the best advertised and strongest No. 9 line of cotton waists in America; only men considered who now carry non-conflicting ready-to-wear lines and have big department store and jobbing trades following; to those with a liberal proposition; commission. Address, giving details, territ

HIS COTTON TRADES 'BUCKETED,' HE SAYS

Louis Cohen Sues Morris H. Rothschild & Co. for $7,735 He Paid to Them.

TRACED OUT VARIOUS DEALS

Got Denials, He Says, from Firms Represented as Having Filled Orders for His Account.

Louis Cohen began suit yesterday in the Supreme Court against Morris H. Rothschild & Co., a cotton brokerage house, with offices at 82 Beaver Street. Cohen is seeking to recover $7,735 on two causes of action. He said he was a client of Rothschild and his partner, Bernard Hyman, from Oct. 20, 1911, to Aug. 28, 1913, during which time he turned over to them the sum sued for.

Cohen's second cause of action is based on the charge that his alleged dealings in cotton through the Rothschild firm "were known and intended by both plaintiff and defendants to be such wagers and bets, made to depend upon chance, casualty and unknown and contingent events, to wit, the range of quotations on the New York Stock Exchange," as to bring them under the head of gambling contracts.

In his first cause of action, however, Cohen makes the charge that not only were the transactions intended to be fictitious trades, but that the Rothschild firm "bucketed" his account in its own office. Photographs in support of these allegations were exhibited by Cohen's direction yesterday in Room 314, Lord's Court, 27 William Street.

The photographs showed a transcript of account offered by the Rothschild firm in response to a request of Cohen for a list of the brokers with whom his brokers had dealt on his account. He noticed the name of Arthur Lipper & Co. fifty-eight times on this list.

Among the documents shown in photographic copies yesterday was a letter from the Lipper firm disclaiming 55 of these 58 trades, and a photographic copy of its report on each one of the trades individually, in which 55 were checked off as not appearing on any record of the Lipper firm.

At the offices of the Rothschild firm a typewritten statement was handed out, which said that the case was the usual one in which a disappointed dealer pleaded the gambling statutes to defeat his brokers. The statement added that all transactions with Cohen were correct and that an effort would be made to collect a further indebtedness on his account. Mr. Fraenkel of the Rothschild firm estimated this claim as $11,000.

The law firm of Colby & Brown of 32 Nassau Street, represents Cohen. Bainbridge Colby, senior member of the firm, represented Edward Moyse & Co., cotton brokers, who sued out injunction proceedings against Rothschild's complaint to the Cotton Exchange in 1910 concerning them. Moyse & Co. had aroused Rothschild's ire by asserting that a statement issued by them and clearing Rothschild of bad faith toward fellow members of the famous Patten-Thompson-Scales cotton pool had been written "practically at his dictation." Rothschild then sought to have the Moyse firm expelled from the Exchange. Through Colby the Moyse firm sued out an injunction to resist this plan.

In explanation of why photographic copies of the various documents had been made, it was said yesterday that Cohen planned to lay them before the Board of Governors of the Cotton Exchange. In response to inquiries as to why Cohen had not made his complaint to the Board of Governors before beginning suit, it was said that the exchange as an incorporated body claiming the right to adjust controversies between members and their clients, might have assumed such jurisdiction as to have interfered with the civil action.

OPEN-SHOP FOREMAN SHOT.

Gunmen from New York Wound Man in Harrison, N. J., and Escape.

Just at the noon hour yesterday, while the men and girls employed in the necktie factory of Aaron Sossis in Harrison, N. J., were preparing to go to luncheon a taxicab carrying three men stopped in front of the Harrison Avenue door of the building. The three men entered the factory and, going to the main working room, inquired for Morris Aegan, the foreman.

Somebody pointed Aegan out, and a minute later one of the men advanced to within a few feet of the foreman and opened fire on him with an automatic pistol. Three shots were fired and Aegan fell to the floor with a bullet in his right thigh and another in the right side.

So quickly did the gunmen act that Aegan was shot before Mr. Sossis or any of his employes could interfere. At the first shot two of the gunmen ran back into the street and jumped into the taxicab. They waited only a moment for the man who did the shooting, and before he appeared the taxicab sped away in the direction of Newark.

The man who did the shooting fled from the factory followed by a score or more men and boys and several girls. He was fleet of foot, however, and soon distanced his pursuers. Reaching the Lackawanna station just as a train for Hoboken was getting under way, he jumped on board the moving train, and by the time his pursuers reached the station the train was 200 yards away. None of the train crew saw the frantic signals of the crowd on the platform to stop the train.

The gunman who escaped on the train lost his hat in the flight and a Harrison policeman telephoned the Hoboken police to meet the train and arrest a man who would be conspicuous because of the absence of headgear. When the train arrived in Hoboken no hatless person left it. Later the baggage master found that his hat had been stolen.

The Sossis factory had been threatened because it was a non-union shop. Mr. Sossis informed the Newark police that the men who attacked his foreman were hired gunmen from New York, and that he was certain he knew at least one of them. This man's name, he said, was Fuchs. He believes he can identify the other two if he ever sees them again.

Aegan had incurred the enmity of the union, Mr. Sossis said, because of his insistence on following the open-shop plan of employing factory workers. According to the people who were in the room when the gunmen entered Fuchs was the one who shot Aegan.

Aegan was hurried to St. Michael's Hospital in Newark. His condition is serious. He had been foreman of the Sossis factory only three weeks. He was to have been married to-morrow night, but unless it takes place in the hospital the wedding will have to be postponed.

CONSERVATION ROW OVER STATE RIGHTS

Latter Advocates Quit Convention on Passage of Report for Federal Control.

VOTE A PINCHOT VICTORY

Lines to Draw Closer To-day Another Report Favoring State Franchises for Water Power.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The fight that developed yesterday in the National Conservation Congress between Gifford Pinchot, ex-Chief Forester, and anti-Pinchot factions in the Committee on Water Powers, is still undecided, though if the parliamentary tangle can be straightened out the issue may be joined to-morrow. To-day, however, the fight centred around the unanimous report of the Water Powers Committee in regard to principles. That report was bitterly opposed by the State rights men, but finally prevailed ny a vote of 434 to 154. The issue was clearly defined as one for Federal or State control of water power in the future.

The fight for the report, which was construed as a declaration for Federal control, was led by men who had been high in office in the two preceding National Administrations. Walter L. Fisher, Secretary of the Interior under President Taft, was the presiding officer and favored the report. He was supported by Gifford Pinchot, Chief Forrester under President Roosevelt and for a time under President Taft; James R. Garfield, Secretary of the Interior under President Roosevelt, and Henry L. Stimson of New York, Secretary of War under President Taft.

Senator Bankhead of Alabama was a prominent champion of the rights of the States.

The session was thrown into pandemonium late this afternoon, when the Arkansas and Washington State delegation left the convention in a body and will refuse to take any further part in the deliberations. They charged that the congress was packed with employes of the Government Forestry Bureau and ex-Government employes, who rallied around former Chief Forester Gifford Pinchot in an attempt to carry out certain so-called Roosevelt policies.

As a result of to-day's developments the irrigation and water power people have called a meeting for to-morrow morning to form a permanent organization, which will be entirely divorced from the National Conservation Congress. Walker Powell of Little Rock, Ark., Vice President of the Congress, withdrew with them.

"We have discovered," said Mr. Powell, "that the brand of conservationists attempting to run the National Conservation Congress are in the same from selfish reasons, and we have decided to withdraw from the organization."

W. G. Wooten of Washington impassionately declared:

"The Washington delegation came 4,000 miles to receive a fair hearing. I realize we can't get it. This will be the last time we will intrude on a National Conservation Congress."

The majority of the committee, led by Prof. George F. Swain, submitted a report proposing that the States have a voice in the granting of water power franchises.

Gifford Pinchot, Mr. Stimson, and Joseph N. Teal of Oregon offered minority views urging strict Federal control of all water rights, with compensation to the Government under certain conditions for franchise privileges.

The unanimous report adopted referred only to certain general principles upon which all could agree. The result was so overwhelmingly one-sided that the Pinchot following tonight boasted that the report of the minority of the Water Power Committee eventually would be adopted.

Delegates who supported the motion to refer the question to the Resolutions Committee came chiefly from Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Kansas, Louisiana, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Washington.

C. L. Watts, one of the Alabama delegates, startled the convention by charging that the Vice President of the Alabama Water Power Company was a member of the delegation to the Congress from that State, and that there was "a dark laid plot to defeat the will of the majority in this Congress."

To-morrow will be devoted to forestry subjects until the Resolutions Committee is ready to report. Secretary of State Bryan will address the convention, but President Wilson, who had been urged to welcome the delegates, sent word to the Executive Committee to-night that he was so engrossed in the Mexican situation that he could not appear.

Kaiser Wilhelm II. to Sail at 1 A. M.

The agents of the North German Lloyd Company announced yesterday that the Kaiser Wilhelm II. will leave for Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg at 1 A. M. Dec. 16, so that her passengers may reach Paris, Berlin, and other Continental cities before Christmas Eve. This will be the first time that one of the German steamships has left New York at 1 A. M.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Smart Velour Hats at $3.00.

Maybe the reason you never bought a Velour Hat is because the price was too high and because you did not like the style.

It is true that the average Velour Hat is not very stylish, and $5.00 or more is too much money to pay for them, but if you want a Velour, and a smart, stylish Velour Hat, with the new droop brim effect and with a rich puggaree band, you can get yours at any truly Warner Store. Price $3.00.

You won't find such smart Velours elsewhere at any price.

Stores Everywhere. Address mail orders to our wholesale dep't, 811 Broadway.

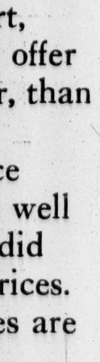
"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"
Browning B&K King & Co
CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS

LEIGHTON

Overcoats at $25

That's a fair price, if you get your money's worth.
And you surely will Here.
You cannot buy a better Cut or Fit at $50.
Nor, for that matter, will the higher price garment wear longer.
The difference in price is solely in the cost of material and linings—an added luxury, if you please, but with no sacrifice of the essential qualities.
We have a large selection of fabrics at this price, and the colorings and weaves are so close to the more expensive patterns that it would take an expert to tell the difference.

BROWNING, KING & CO.
Broadway, near 32d Street
Cooper Square at 5th St. Fulton St., Brooklyn.



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The Most Beautiful Restaurant in the World
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After-theatre supper, music, dancing
Private dining rooms accommodating four to four hundred
Dinner from 6 to 9, $1.50
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BROADWAY 85TH TO 86TH ST
LARGEST AND MOST ATTRACTIVE UPTOWN HOTEL.
Subway Station and Surface Cars at door; new "Elevated" Station, 86th St., (within two blocks.)
Large, Quiet Rooms with Bath for transient or permanent residence.
All the comforts of the better New York Hotels at one-third less price.

$15.00 to $17.50 per week; one or two persons.
Suite of Parlor, Bedroom & Bath.
Every convenience; elevator; long distance 'phone in each room.
REISENWEBER'S,
58th St. & Columbus Circle.
'Phone 9640 Columbus.

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CORNER OF AMSTERDAM AV.
APARTMENTS
Unfurnished by the year.
RENTALS FROM $600 ANNUM.
RESTAURANT A LA CARTE.

MARBURY HALL
164 AND 166 WEST 74TH ST.
Unusually attractive residential hotel for refined folks, near Riverside Drive. Harmonious furnishings; every comfort. Handsome suites and single rooms, with bath; prices moderate. Doctor's Office to suite.
C. E. Sefton, Proprietor.

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Under New Management
The Centre of Everything in Boston
Remodeled, Renovated and Decorated
CAFE DISTINCTIVE
The Best Sample Rooms in Boston

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112 West 72d St.
A fireproof, residential and transient hotel catering only to a refined clientele.
—RATES—
One room with bath, $50.00 per month and upward.
Parlor, bedroom and bath, $75.00 per month and upward.
RESTAURANT
a la Carte—Good Music.

THE ANDERSON
102 West 80th Street,
Near Central and Manhattan Parks
Refined Family Hotel.
Strictly fireproof. Every modern convenience. Superior meals. Ideal home atmosphere with perfect hotel service. One or two vacancies; three rooms, unusually large; private bath. Furnished and unfurnished. Leases. Reasonable prices.
MISSES ANDERSON, Props.

Hotel Endicott
Columbus Ave. and 81st St.
New York City
Pretty Rooms, One Dollar
With Bath, $1.50 and $2.

Cüchow
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

HOTEL NEWTON,
Broadway, between 94th and 95th Sts.
High-class family fireproof hotel.
One block from Subway.
RESTAURANT AMERICAN PLAN.
Apartments of 1, 2, 3 rooms and bath.
CHAS. G. JUDSON, Mgr.

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THIS business has to do with more things than clothes, because we know that to make and keep customers, we must sell them not clothes alone but ourselves.
Of course, we believe, and with good reason, that our Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes offer you more, dollar for dollar, than any others in New York.
Never in all our experience have we seen garments so well tailored and of such splendid materials offered at like prices.
But, as we said, our clothes are not the whole story.
Now, then, in selling you ourselves this is what we offer:
A service that is courteous always, for courtesy is the first rule in our business.
We offer, too, the assurance of satisfaction, for if you are not thoroughly satisfied with anything you buy here, we will make it good, and no "ifs," "ands," or "buts" will enter into the transaction.
In other words, what we want to impress on your minds is that you may feel confident of us, and through your confidence in us confidence in our merchandise.

Wallach Bros.
Third Ave., cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings)
Broadway at 29th St. (Southwest Corner)
246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings)
The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Eve. 8. 1,000 People. Carnival of Sports. 20 Fire Thrills.
A—M—E—R—I—C—A
Suffragette Parade. Plunging Auto. Court of Honor. Fire. Steamer Through Panama Canal. Sun. Night Wms. FRANCES ALDA and OLIVE HAROLD and other artists in concert. Prices, $2.00 Down. Seat Sale NOW.

WINTER GARDEN $1.00 Mat. To-day.
THE PLEASURE SEEKERS
Tickets all agencies; Box Office Prices.

FAREWELL OF FORBES-ROBERTSON
(Positively his last engagement in Gtr. N.Y.)
Tonight 8:15...Mice and Men
Friday.....Merchant of Venice
Sat. Mat...Light That Failed
Sat. Eve.'Passing' & 'Sacrament'
Monday Eve.....Hamlet
Tuesday...Merchant of Venice
with GERTRUDE ELLIOTT at the SHUBERT THEA., 44th, W. of B'way

44th St. Music Hall Just W. of B'way. TWICE EVERY DAY
—Management Lew Fields—
16—Japanese Jiu Jitsu Gladiators—16
"The Daring Comedy, "Fancy Free."
Walter C. Kelly, Bargain Mats. 25c-50c.
Evgs. 25c to $1. Sun. Concerts, Mat. & Eve.

LYRIC. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15
OURSELVES

39th St. Th. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
AT BAY "SURE SUCCESS."—Times.

CASINO. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
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MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEA. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30. THE LURE

Direction WINTHROP AMES
The Great Adventure
By ARNOLD BENNETT
Vogue says: *The first production of the present season certain to afford an evening of entertainment to people of the finest taste.*

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WEST END Evs. 8:20. Mats. T'day, T'm'w, Sat. 2:30. SNOW WHITE & THE 7 DWARFS. Next Week—BELIEVE ME, XANTIPPE. With John Barrymore & Mary Young.

PRINCESS 39 St. nr. B'y. Ev. 8:30. Mat. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. THEATRE OF THRILLS
One-Act Plays "The Bride," "The Black Mask," "En Deshabille"; "Fear."

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SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS TO-DAY MATINEE TO-DAY. $1.50.
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The Spectacular Musical Extravaganza,
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Bigger Than "The Whip"

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Tonight at 8:15. Boheme. Bori, Alten; Martinelli, (debut.) Scotti, Didur, Segurola. Cond., Polacco.
Fri. at 7:45. Lohengrin. Fremstad, Ober, (debut.) Urlus, Braun, Well. Cond. Hertz.
Sat. at 2. Bailo in Maschera. Bempel, Matzenauer; Caruso, Amato, Rothier, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
Sun. at 8:30. Pop. Price Concert. Bori; Gilly, Murphy, Entire Orch. Cond. Hagerman.
Next Mon. at 8:15. Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Martinelli, Scotti, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.
Wed. at 8:15. Lucia. Hempel; Crisafulli, (debut.) Amato, Rossi, Bada. Cond., Polacco.
Thurs. Thanksgiv. Day Mat. at 1. Parsifal. Fremstad; Jorn, Well, Witherspoon, Goritz, Schlegel. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. at 8. Manon Lescaut. Bori, Duchene; Caruso, Scotti, Segurola, Reiss. Cond., Polacco.
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Soloist, LEOPOLD KRAMER, Violinist.
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All Wagner Programme

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Society of New York
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
To-morrow (Fri.) Aft. at 3:10
& Next Sunday Aft. at 3.
Soloist MME. MATZENAUER
Beethoven Symphony No. 6, "Pastoral."
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ELSIE FERGUSON in a New Comedy by Wm. Hurlbut, The Strange Woman

GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Mat. Sat. 2:20. Victor Herbert's Operetta The Madcap Duchess with ANN SWINBURNE.

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SOMETHING DIFFERENT.

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mats. Wed., Sat. & Thanksgiving Day.
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Special Mat. Thanksgiving.

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EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY.
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Saint-Saens, Beethoven, Bruch, Berlioz, Enesco. Oboe, Clarinet, English Horn, Viola, Violin. Soloist. KATHLEEN PARLOW
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